



Calculation of the surface outgoing long-wave radiation flux with due regard for the low frequency of the radiation routine calls

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WG3b-Soilveg Meeting 5 March 2012



Problem: too low temperatures in the "multi-layer" model at nights



One of the causes:

radiation routine is called not at each time step \rightarrow outgoing long-wave radiation "frozen" by the temperature of the last call of the radiation routine

= switch off the negative feedback:



Problem: too low temperatures in the "multi-layer" model at nights



Solution:

Tracing the actual outgoing longwave radiation:

- 1) save $T_g(old)$ from the time step of the last call of the radiation
- 2) at each time step in TERRA:
 - R_{lw} (balance of the longwave radiation at the surface) =
 - R_{lw} (from the radiation routine)– $\sigma T_g(old)^4 + \sigma T_g(current)^4$

Example: surface temperature with and without tracing





Example: one-layer snow model with and without tracing





Surface temperature with tracing: verification





Nights become warmer, days become colder \rightarrow even more underestimated diurnal cycle

However, a positive impact on 2m temperature during winter nights (cold bias reduced) and summer days (warm bias reduced)

2m specific humidity and wind, cloud cover, precipitation are not affected





Conclusions

- → The correction of the surface outgoing long-wave radiation flux with due regard for the low frequency of the radiation routine calls is proposed
- → Although the correction is physically justified and meaningful, the forecast skills of the COSMO model do not necessarily increase (e.g. the amplitude of diurnal temperature cycle); representation of the surface temperature of winter nights and summer days is slightly improved
- → Make it operational?





Thank you for your attention!

Thanks to Jochen Förstner, Thomas Hanisch, and Dmitrii Mironov!



Example: surface temperature with and without tracing



