



The latest news about

SnoWE 2020

E. Churiulin, V. Kopeykin, I. Rozinkina, I. Volkov

ICCARUS, WG3d, SnoWE, 2 - 6 March 2020

Several words about SnoWE

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General information:

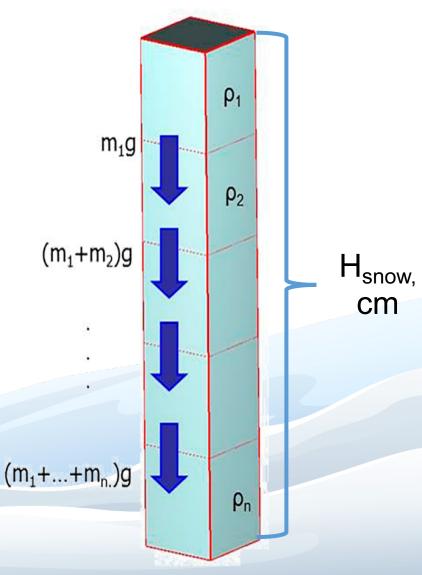
SnoWE – have been developing since 2012 by
 E.Kuzmina, M. Chumakov, I. Rozinkina, V. Kopeikin,
 E. Churiulin and I. Volkov

SnoWE – is the multilayer model of snow, where each layer of snow depth is equal – 1 cm

SnoWE – initial data for model is daily H_{snow} , T_{2m} , TD_{2m} , Precipitation, Wind_{10m}

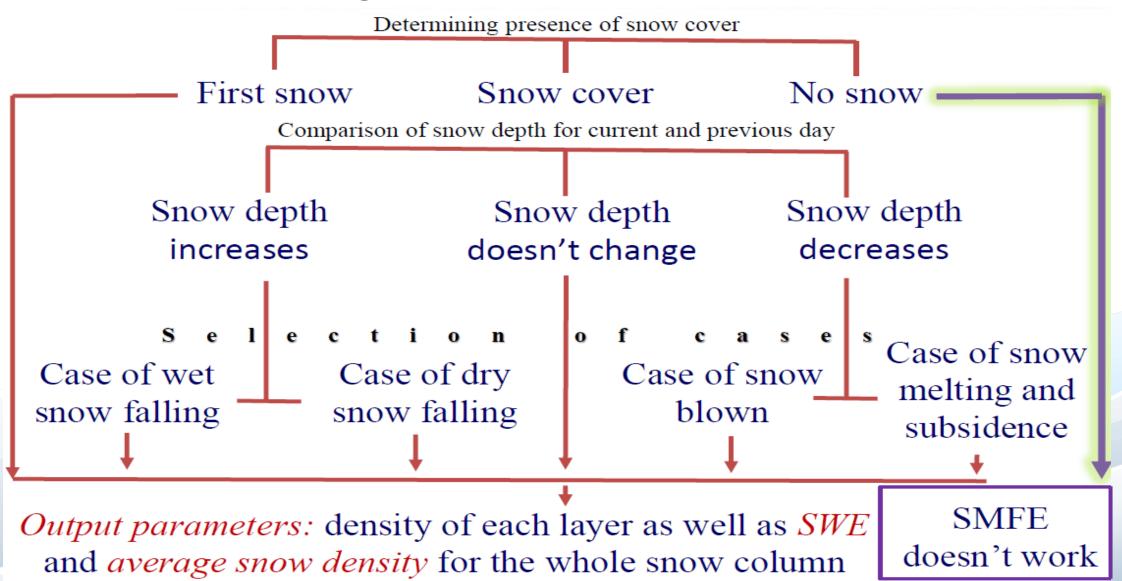
SnoWE – can calculates of SWE and RHO at meteorological stations or COSMO-Ru grid points

SnoWE – doesn't work for mountain regions and for
 mountain regions applied data from global model as a boarder conditions



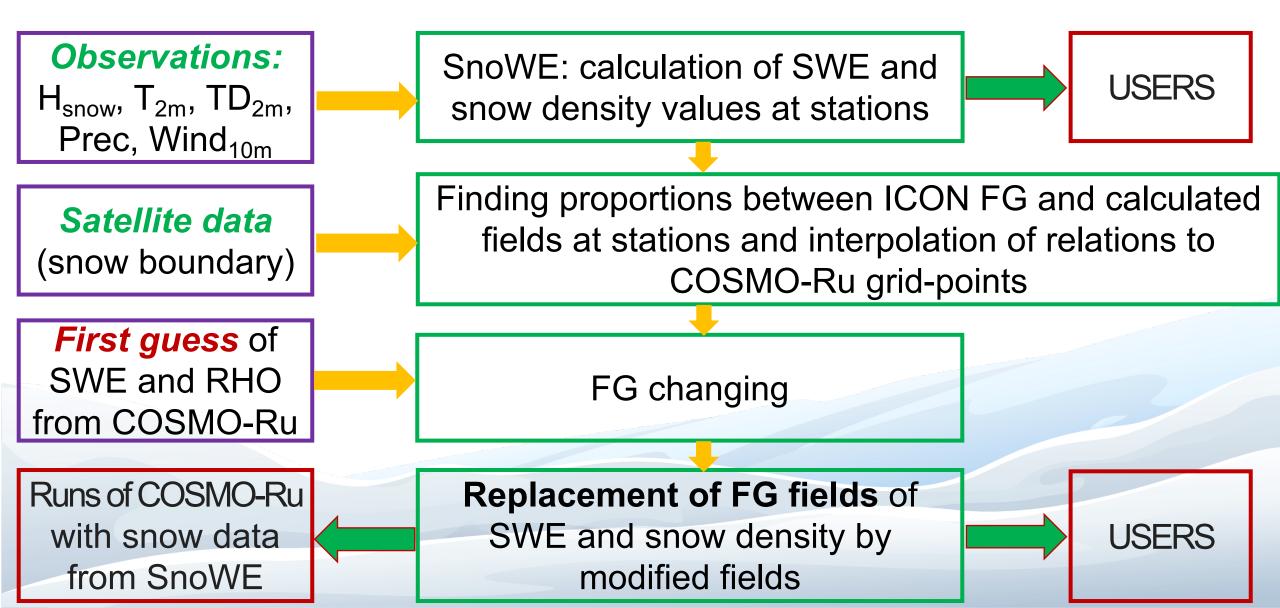
Several words about SnoWE

Available math algorithms for SWE and RHO calculations



Several words about SnoWE

General principle of **SnoWE** work



The first direction – is a creation of an official documentation for snow cover
 model SnoWE model and uploading it to the GitHub web-page
 https://github.com/EvgenyChur/SnoWE-model

The second direction – is the monitoring of snow cover characteristics on the territory of the Russian Federation and interaction with hydrology specialists

The third direction – is a creation of the new forest snow math algorithms for detection of snow cover in forest and on tree crowns

The forth direction – is creation of the regional snow data assimilation system
 based on SnoWE for the COSMO-Ru. The creation of the new snow DAS suggests conducting the numerical experiments with COSMO-Ru and their analysis

The first direction

Creation of the official **SnoWE** documentation

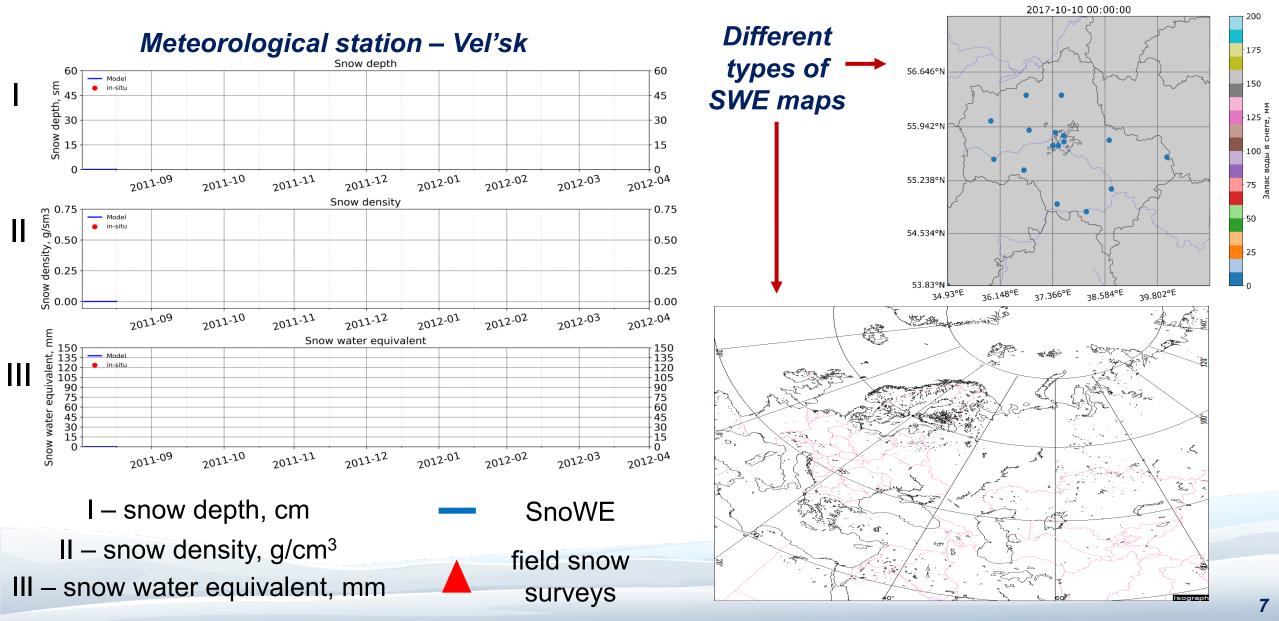
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- 2. How to work with SnoWE: first steps
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 - **3.2** Satellite data
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			out any code!	pull request.
⊒ EvgenyChur / SnoWE-mod	el		O Unwatch -	1 🖈 Star 0 😵 Fork 0
	requests 0 O Actions	III Projects 0 III Wiki		
No description, website, or topics ^{Manage} topics	provided.			Edit
② 2 commits Branch: master • New pull request	រ្វិ ^រ 1 branch	🗊 0 packages	© 0 releases Create new file Upload files	L 1 contributor
EvgenyChur Add files via upload			Ĺ	atest commit 7cd0385 23 hours ago.
README.md In		Initial com	nit	23 hours ago
🖹 Описание работы SnoWE_13022020.docx		Add files vi	Add files via upload 23 hours ago	
	el			i

The second direction

Monitoring of the SWE changes on the territory of the Russia



The third direction

surface - 2

Creation of the new forest snow math algorithms based on the different heat balance equations

The heat fluxes in the air surface layer is commonly determined by snow on the tree crowns

Η

G

Snow

LE

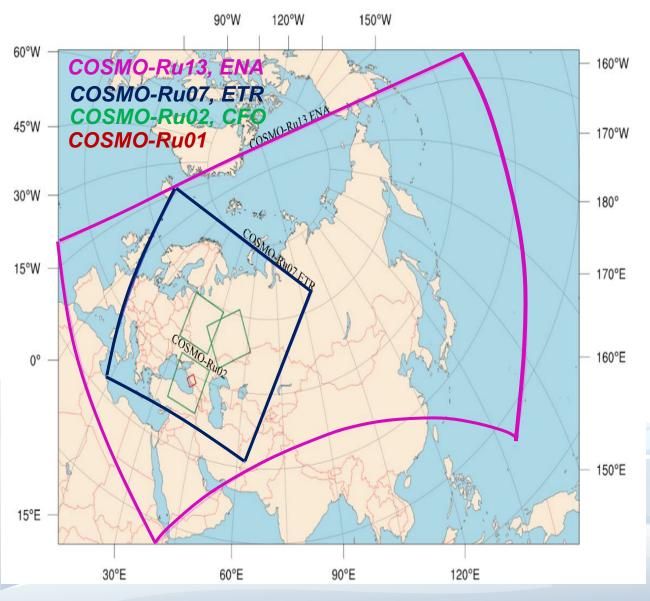
Snow under the tree crowns is isolated from active interaction with the air surface layer Η LE R G Snow Snow

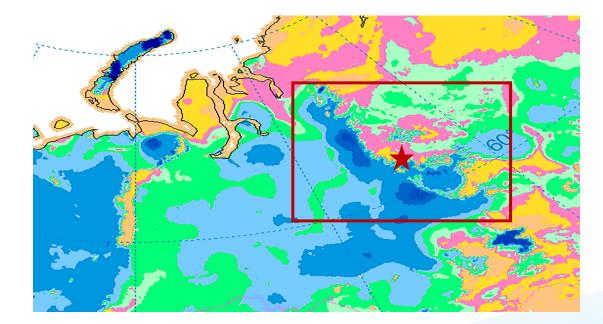
Snow

surface - 1

The forth direction

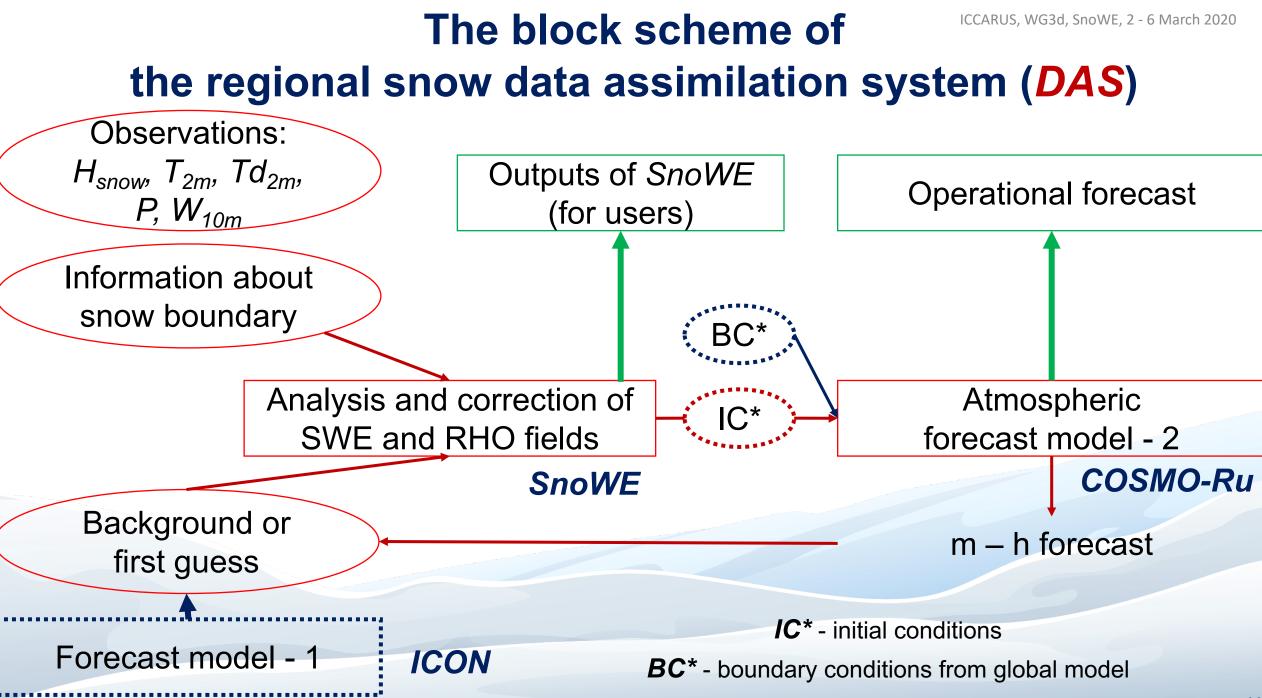
Creation of the regional snow data assimilation system





Causes of errors:

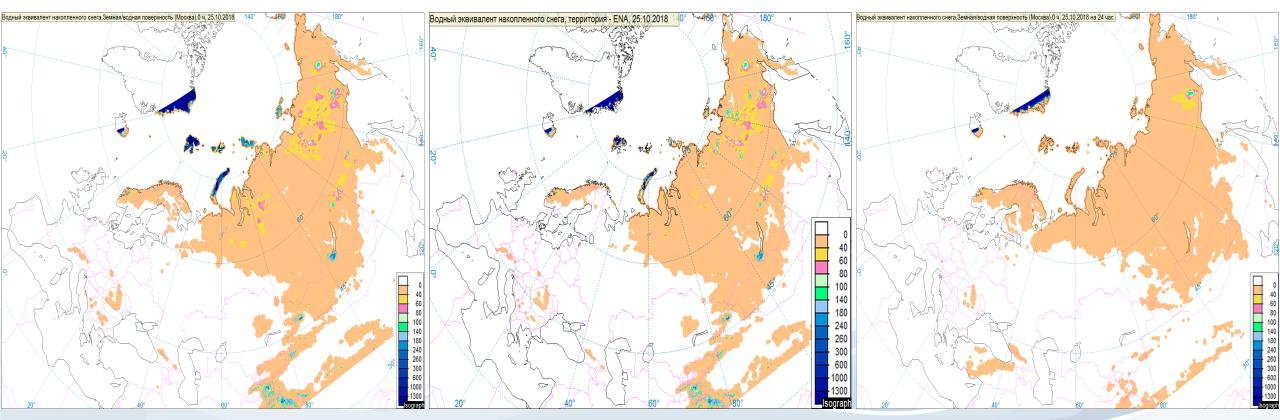
- Insufficient volume of meteostations available for international data exchange
- Snow calculation math algorithms which are applied in global data assimilation system for ICON NWP system



The example pf the numerical experiment on the calculation of *snow water equivalent (mm)* for the territory of the Russian Federation by **COSMO-Ru** on **25**.10.2018

Period of investigation – *winter season 2018/2019 years*

Grid step – 13 km

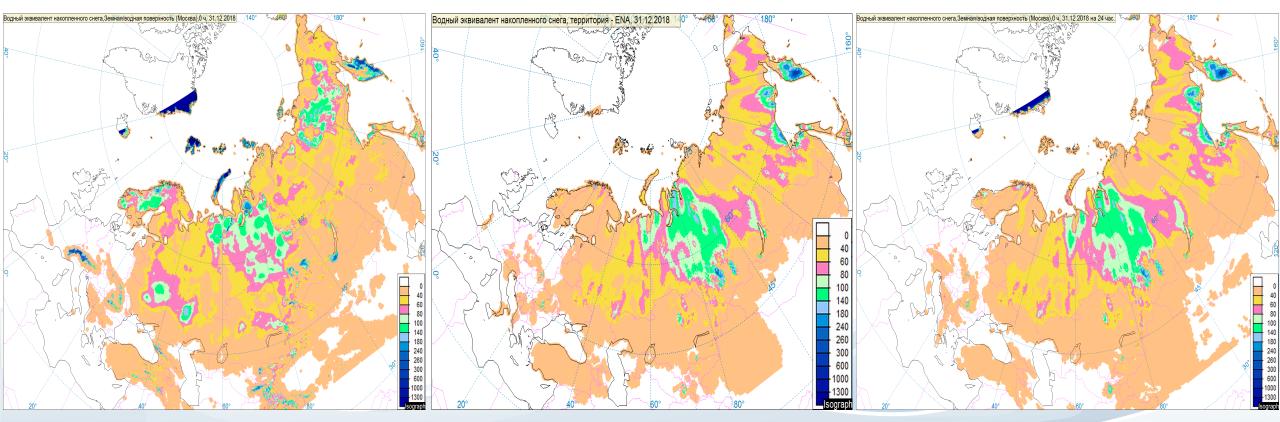


The real-time version of COSMO-Ru system with ICON data Quasi real-time version of snow cover model **SnoWE** based on in-situ data The hybrid version of *COSMO-Ru* system with the regional snow *DAS*

The example pf the numerical experiment on the calculation of *snow water equivalent (mm)* for the territory of the Russian Federation by **COSMO-Ru** on *31.12.2018*

Period of investigation – *winter season 2018/2019 years*

Grid step – 13 km

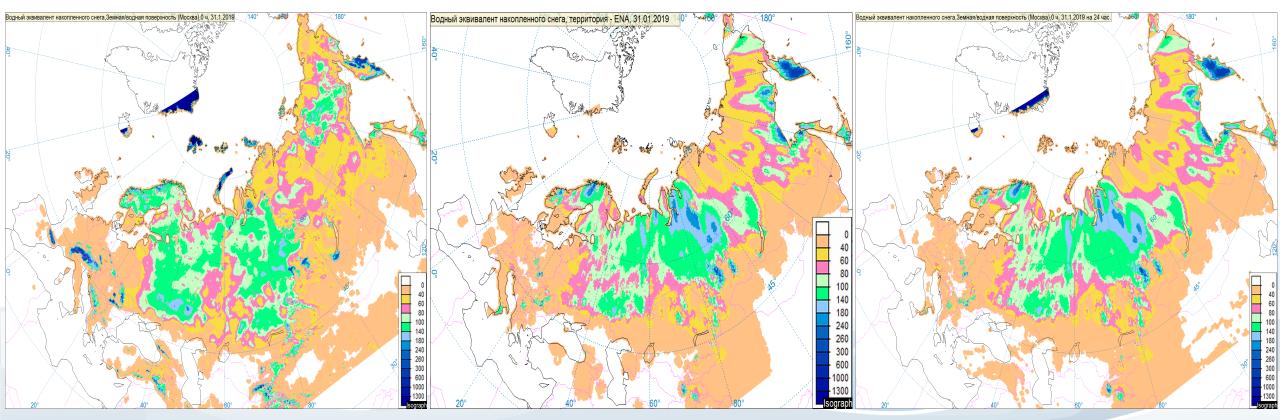


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The example pf the numerical experiment on the calculation of *snow water equivalent (mm)* for the territory of the Russian Federation by **COSMO-Ru** on **31.01.2019**

Period of investigation – *winter season 2018/2019 years*

Grid step – 13 km

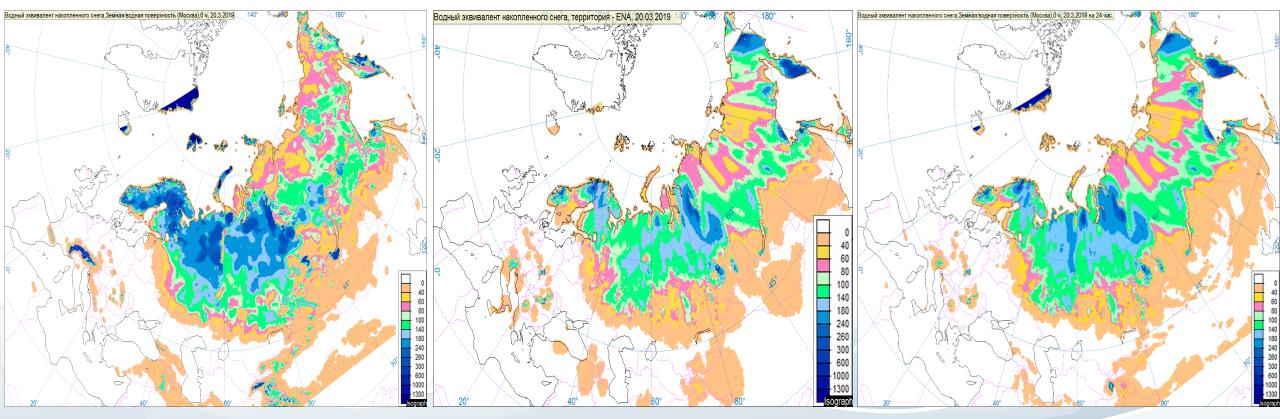


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The example pf the numerical experiment on the calculation of *snow water equivalent (mm)* for the territory of the Russian Federation by **COSMO-Ru** on *20.03.2019*

Period of investigation – *winter season 2018/2019 years*

Grid step – 13 km

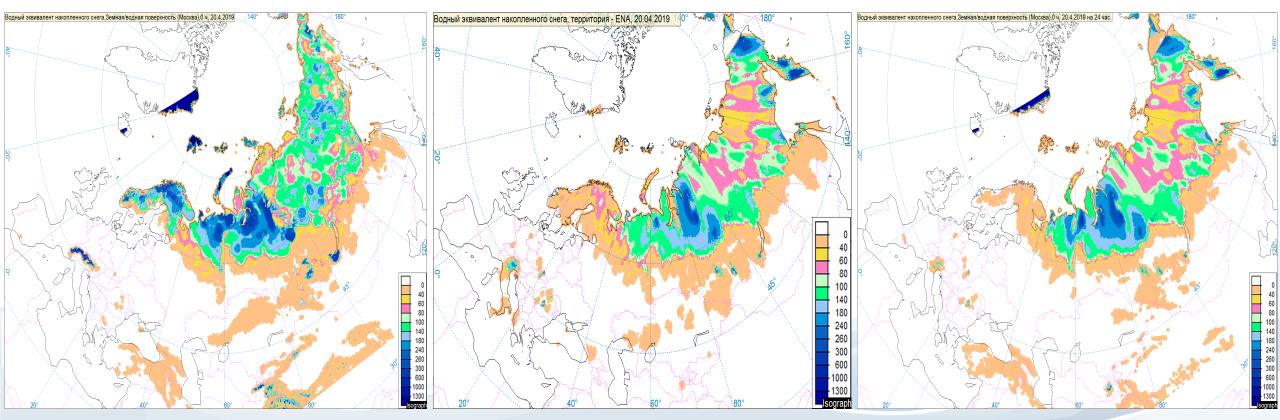


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The example pf the numerical experiment on the calculation of *snow water equivalent (mm)* for the territory of the Russian Federation by **COSMO-Ru** on *20.04.2019*

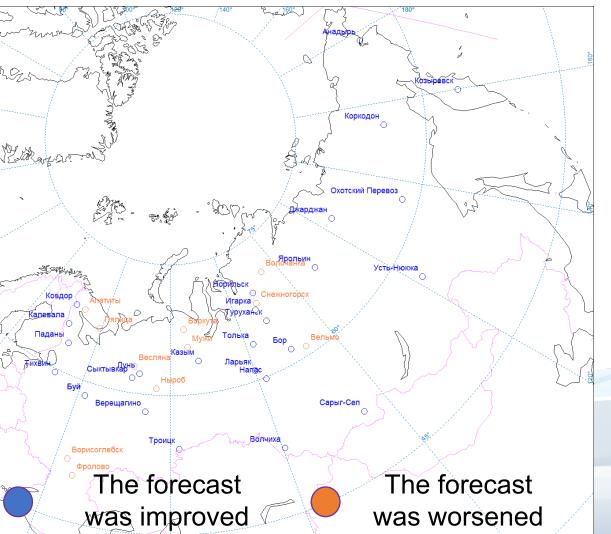
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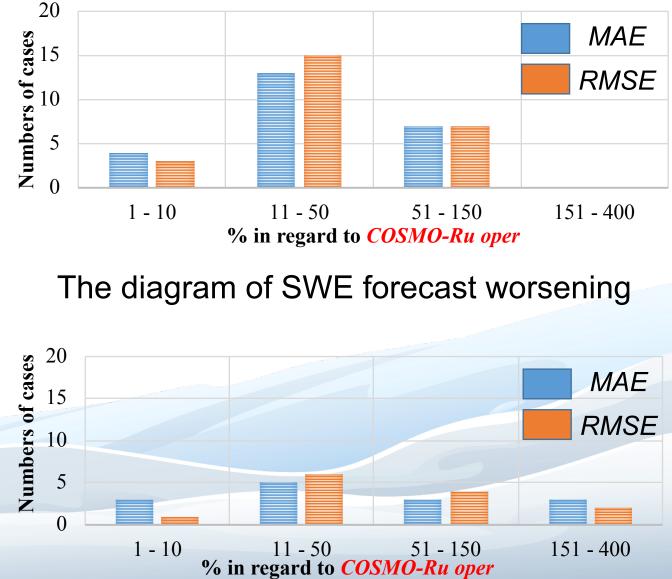


The real-time version of COSMO-Ru system with ICON data Quasi real-time version of snow cover model **SnoWE** based on in-situ data The hybrid version of *COSMO-Ru* system with the regional snow *DAS*

The distribution map of the Russian meteostations which were selected for testing the regional snow DAS



The diagram of SWE forecast improvements





Conclusions:



1. The **SnoWE** documentation have been written and loaded at GitHub page. We are going to modify this documentation and translate it in English

2. We works with hydrology specialists and we have the positive results, in particular:

a) The new method of synthesizing models of hydrometeorological cycle was developed. The combined use of **COSMO-Ru**, **SnoWE** and **ECOMAG** allows to carry out a quantitative assessment of the flood characteristics with a lack time of data from hydrometeorological observations

b) Hydrologists are using our snow data for their tasks (modelling and forecasting spring floods);

c) Snow maps consist an actual information



Conclusions:



3. Interceptions of precipitation by vegetation were analyzed based on the paired snow surveys. We established that the main factors, which affect snow volume on the tree crowns are solar radiation and air temperature in the surface layer. At the same time, regression equations were constructed for receiving estimation algorithms of snow volume equalization period in field and forest;

4. The results of **COSMO-Ru** numerical experiments with the regional snow DAS were compared with independent in-situ materials. The statistical analysis of experiments shown that in 71% cases of the regional snow DAS application allowed to improve results of **COSMO-Ru** calculations on 41 – 50%, that it is a positive result. Moreover, in 29% cases of experiments the statistical analysis shown that the final result of **COSMO-Ru** snow calculations was worsened, especially in the South regions of Russia;



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CONSORTIUM FOR SMALL SCALE MODELING

SMO