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Bundesamt für Meteorologie und Klimatologie MeteoSchweiz

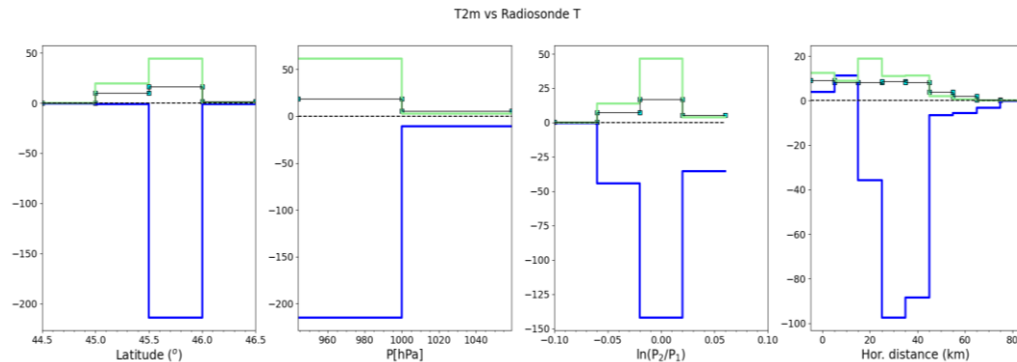
CV tool / T2m assimilation update

Krishna

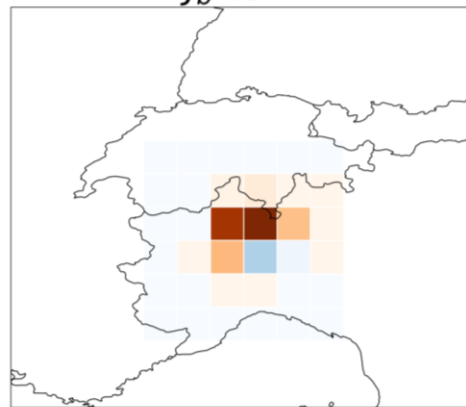


Impact of T2m assimilation: Recap

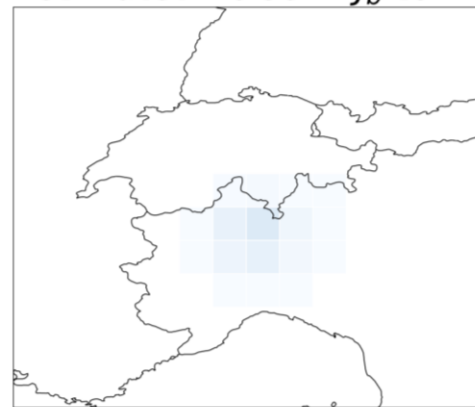
- Validating the T2m observations over the Po valley specifically 950-1050hPa is validated against the Sonde in Milano
- The negative impact is still significant
- To gain more confidence in the diagnosed impact, ideal assimilation tests which mimics the single observation diagnostic were carried out.
- Also looked at the timeseries of various quantities during this period.



J_b term



Estimated noise in J_b term





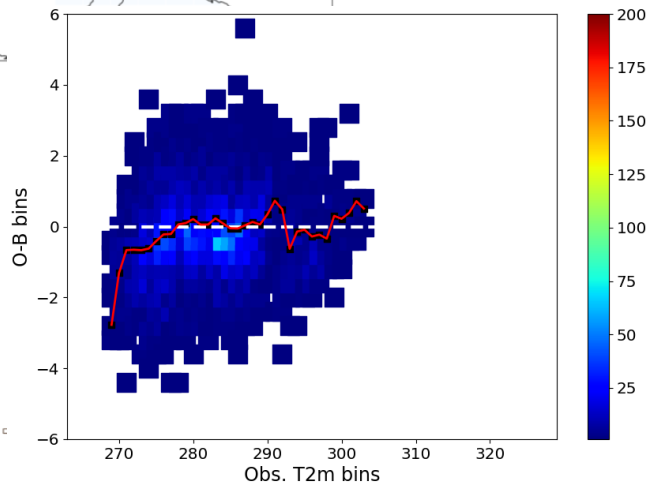
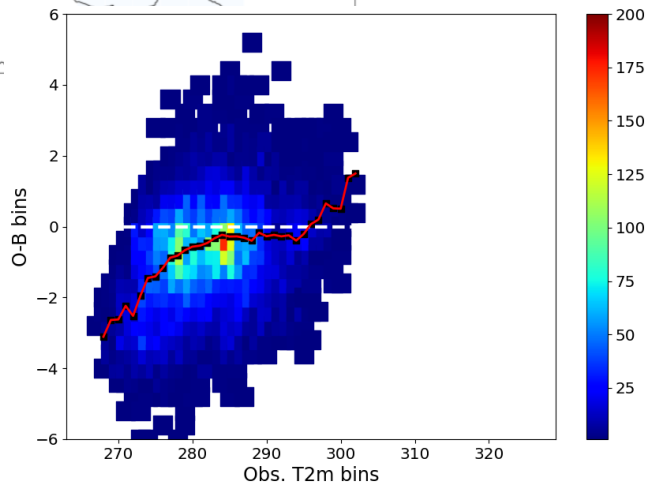
Observation space diagnostics

Region 1

Region 2

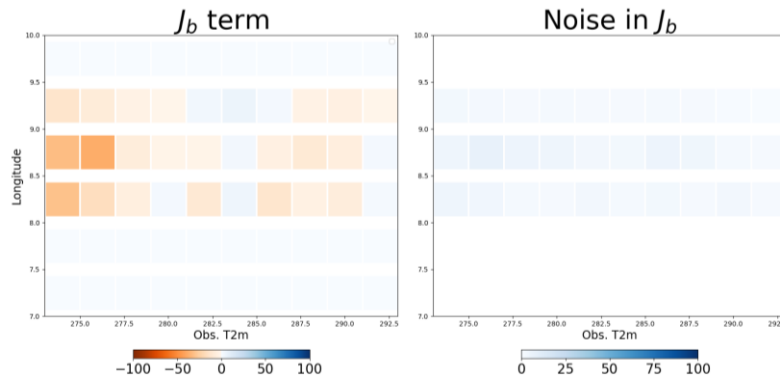
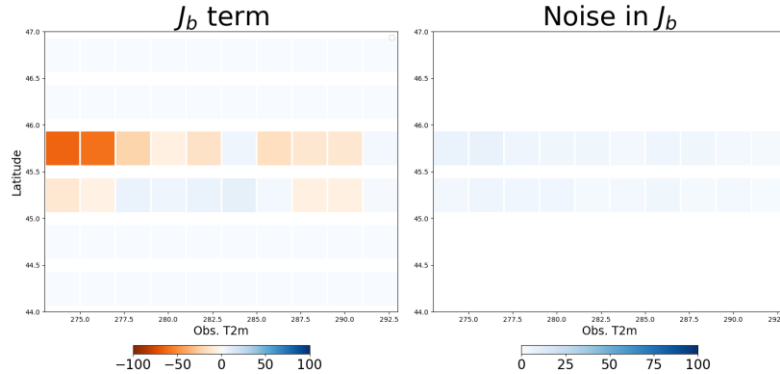
Statistics from
OND2023

- Systematic bias at colder surface temperatures.
- More biased pixels over the Region1 compared to Region2

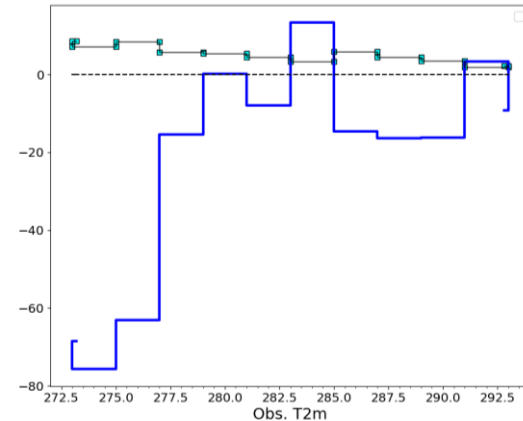




CV diagnostics

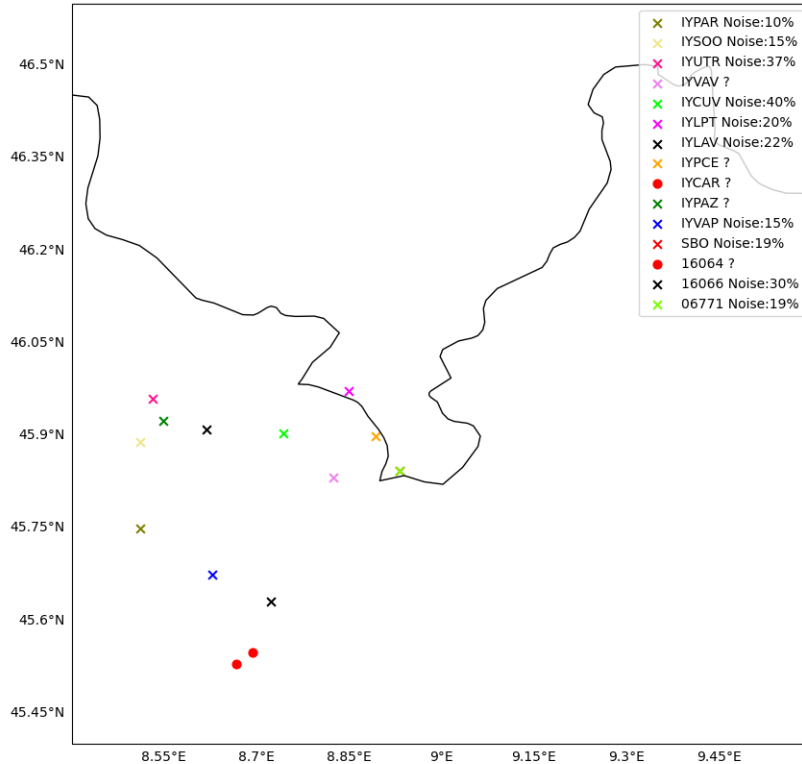


- Consistent with the obs. space diagnostics, CV also suggests larger degradation from cold surface observations
- Able to map the major degradation to Region 1





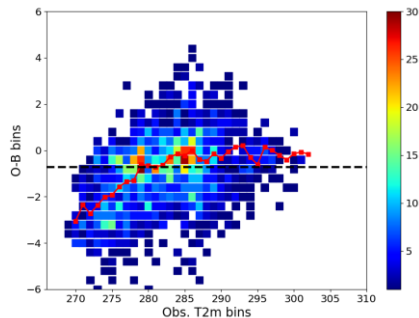
CV diagnostics: stationwise



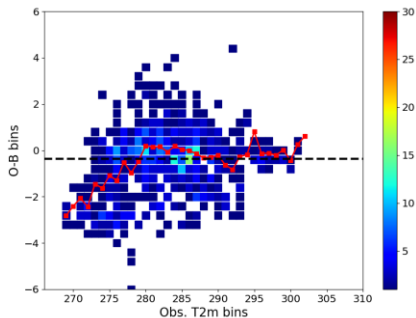
- Attempted to perform stationwise CV diagnostics over Region1
- Certain stations give statistically significant negative impacts
- Stationwise obs. space statistics => to check if the negative impacts correlate with the systematic bias over cold surfaces.



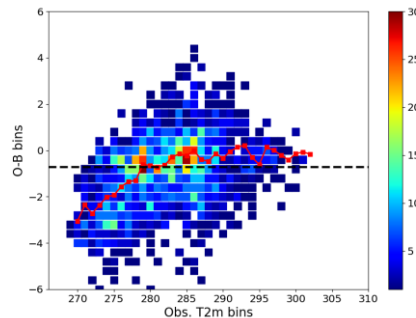
CV diagnostics: stationwise



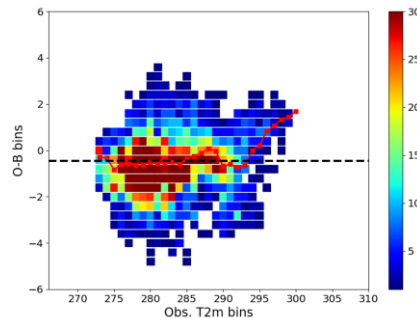
06771



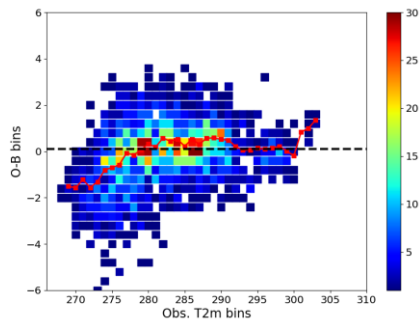
16066



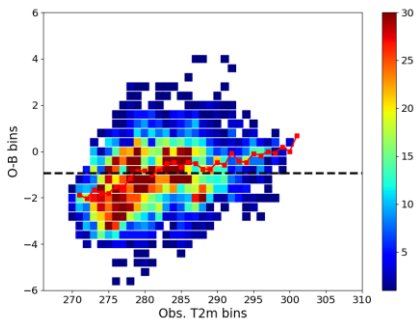
SBO



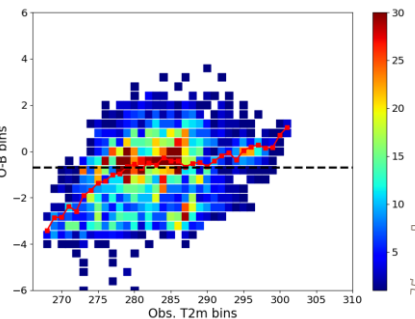
IYSOO



IYCAR



IYPAR



IYVAP

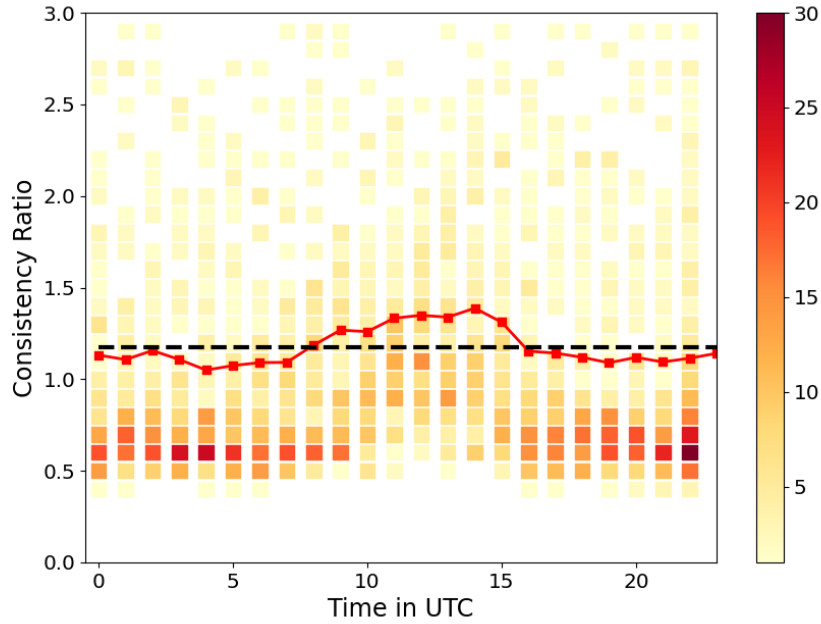
Bonus 1: SBO/06771 are duplicates but still actively assimilated. Needs further investigation.

Bonus 2: Certain station report same obs. Value at 30min and 1hr time.

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More diagnostics



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Dowel and Wicker (2009)

$$\text{consistency ratio} = \frac{\sigma_{\text{vr}}^2 + \left\langle \frac{1}{N-1} \sum_{n=1}^N [H(\mathbf{x}_n^f) - \overline{H(\mathbf{x}^f)}]^2 \right\rangle}{\langle (d - \langle d \rangle)^2 \rangle}, \quad (3.4)$$

- Using OND2023 statistics over Region 1
- Most often the CR < 1 during the night time which means the ensembles have too little spread
- During the daytime, the CR >= 1. means that the spread/RMSE/Obs. Errors are consistent.
- Region 2 does not show this behavior

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Summary

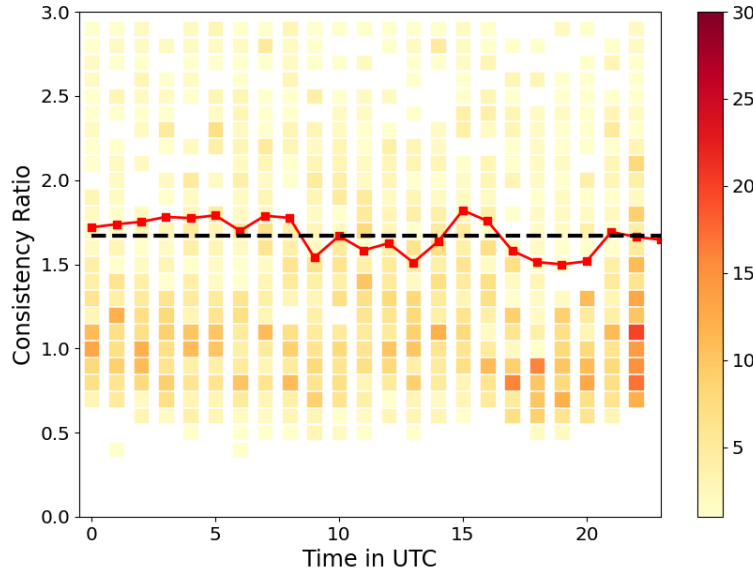
- There seems to be a systematic bias at cold temperatures and based on CV tool we also see that the these observations are degrading the analysis.
- Further based on the observation space diagnostics, we can see a weaker spread in ensemble over the region of interest during the night time.
- How to handle these issues?



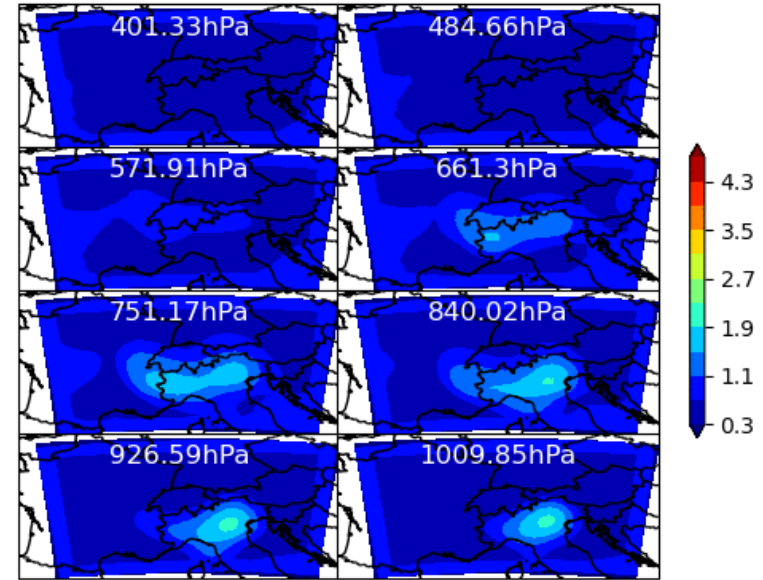
Slides++

Adaptively cycled rho

Region 2: CR



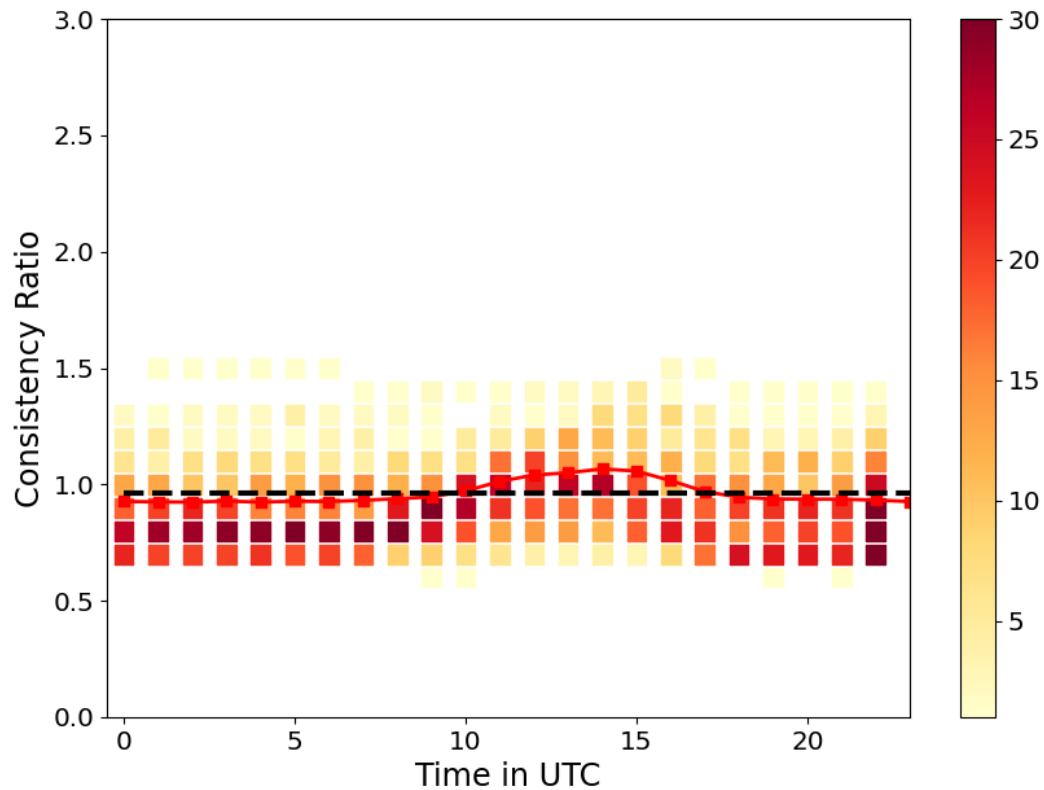
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Full domain



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