

Swiss Confederation

Assimilation of Raman Lidar observations and the impact of specified observation error:

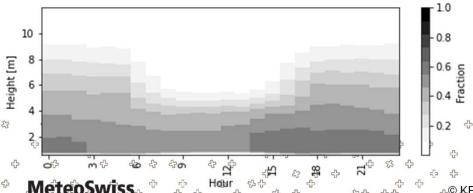
popopopo Bas Crezee & Daniel Leuenbergeroof

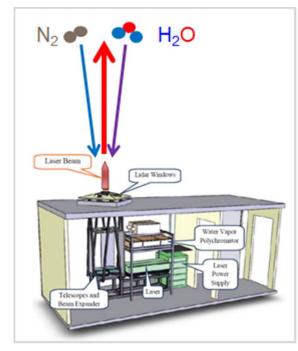
Thanks to: Giovanni Martucci, Alexander Haefele, Marco Arpagaus

Raman Lidar (RALMO)

- Vertical profiles of Temperature and WV Mixing Ratio at 30 min temporal resolution
- Coverage of about 60% below 2000m (see below)

Diurnal data coverage as a fraction for RALMO (T)





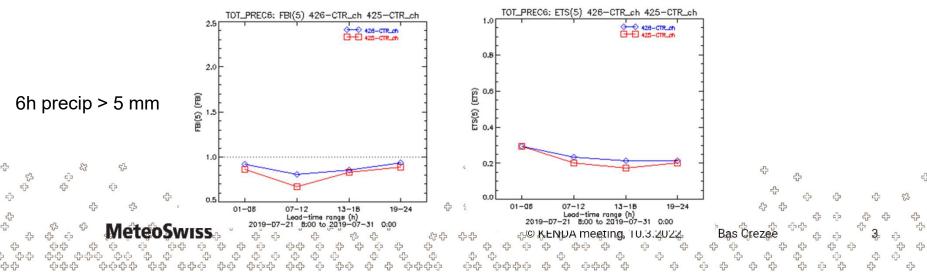
Raman lidar for meteorological observations (RALMO), one instrument in PAY

KENDA meeting, 10.3.2022

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Recap COSMO GM

- Developed a new observation operator in MEC-light for RALMO
- First experiments show reduction of dry-bias in the model and improvement in precipitation forecast verified against surface stations for RALMO compared to REF (see below) over a 10-day summer convective period.



Setup & Outline

Setup: KENDA 2.2 km 10-day convective period 20-30 July 2019.

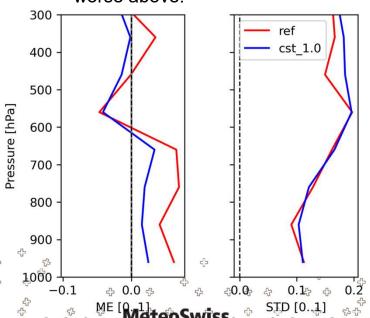
- A) Which specification of observation error for RALMO provides us the best results?
 - → Verification based on comparison of first-guess difference against sounding (relative humidity and temperature)
- A) Does the assimilation of RALMO lead to better forecasts?
 - → Verification against surface stations / satellite / combiprecip



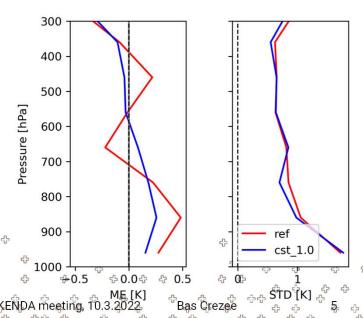


Impact of RALMO for constant obs error [1 g/kg; 1 K]

- Reduction of dry-bias.
- RH STD neutral below 500 hPa and gets worse above.

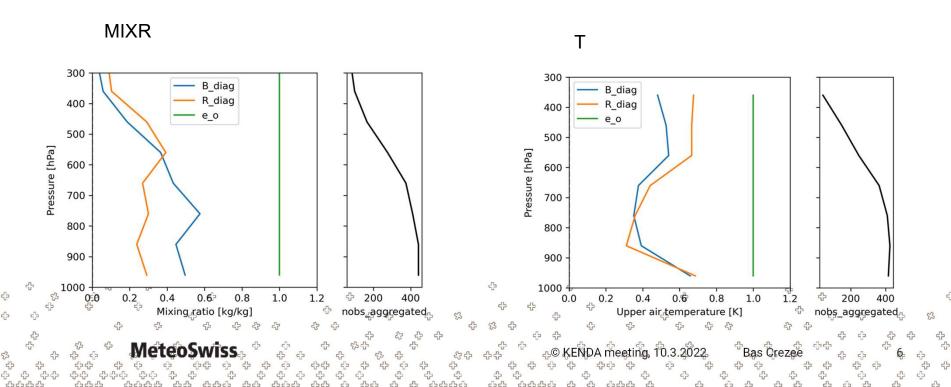


- Temperature bias improved
- T STD slightly improved between 900-700 hPa.





Desroziers suggests we can lower observation error





300

400

500

600

700

800

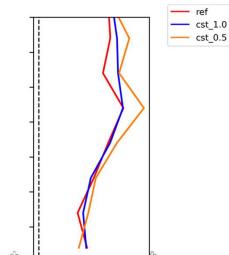
900

1000

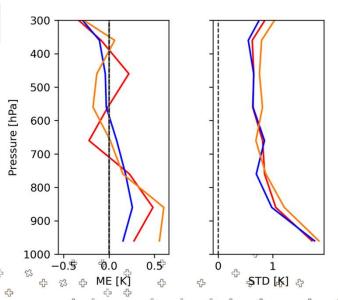
Pressure [hPa]

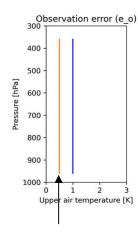
Can we indeed further *lower* the observation error?

- Dry-bias is further reduced!
- However, STD increases, especially for upper levels.



- Temperature bias overall neutral
- STD increases as well.





It is likely that e_o is correlated with height and therefore Desroziers method gives a too low estimate... How about increasing obs_error?

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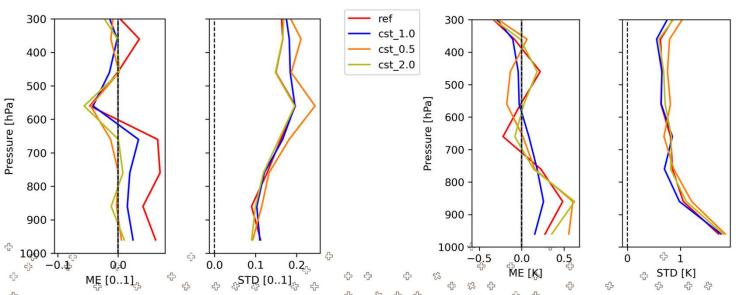
ੀ STD [0..1]

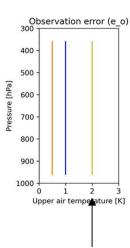
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How about *increasing* the observation error?

- Also improved RH bias compared to REF
- STD rather neutral compared to REF
- Temperature bias rather neutral
- STD very similar





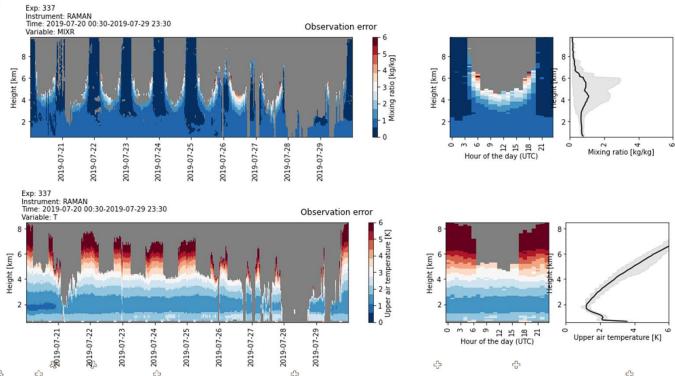
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Time-varying observation error from RALMO



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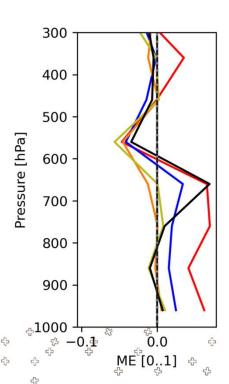
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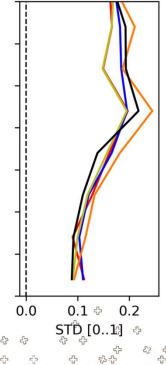
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Can we further improve using time-varying observor?





Relative Humidity

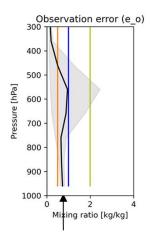
ref

cst_1.0 cst_0.5

cst_2.0

time-varying

- Bias reduced, except for ~650 hPa level (--> likely due to T bias!)
- STD improved below 650 hPa, above it gets worse



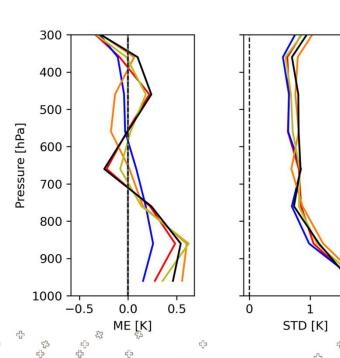
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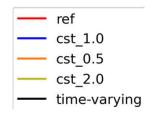


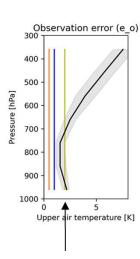
Can we further improve using time-varying obs error?



Temperature

• No clear positive impact can be identified.





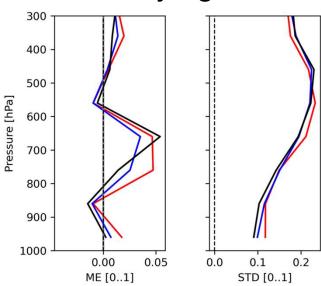
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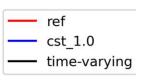
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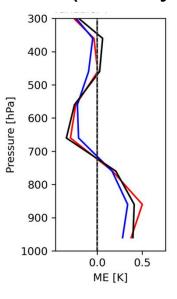
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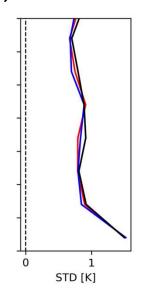


Time-varying over extended time period (31 days)









Relative Humidity

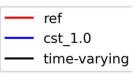
- Robust improvement in STD for RH below ~500 hPa
- BIAS in RH improved at most levels except
 650 hPa → potentially related to T
 assimilation

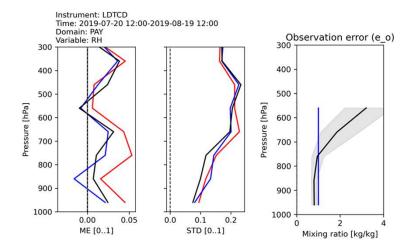
Temperature

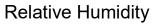
- BIAS rather neutral
- STD gets slightly worse (→ data quality?)



Daytime only

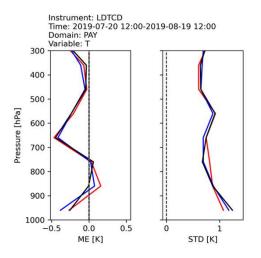


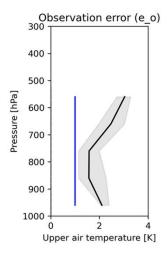




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- Robust improvement in STD for RH
- BIAS in RH also improved





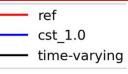
Temperature

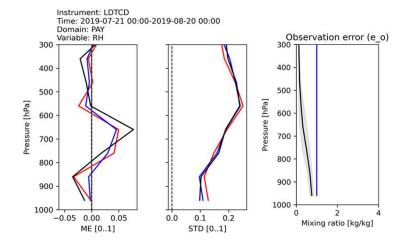
Both BIAS and STD rather neutral

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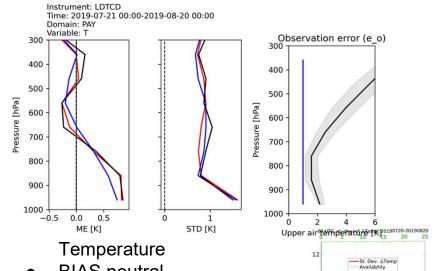
Nighttime only





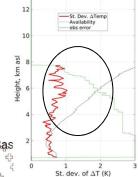
Relative Humidity

- Improvement in STD less pronounced compared to daytime
- BIAS in RH improved at most levels except 650 hPa → potentially related to T assimilation



- **BIAS** neutral
- STD gets worse between 850-600 hPa.

Mismatch between specified . Temperature observation error and comparison to radiosounding —



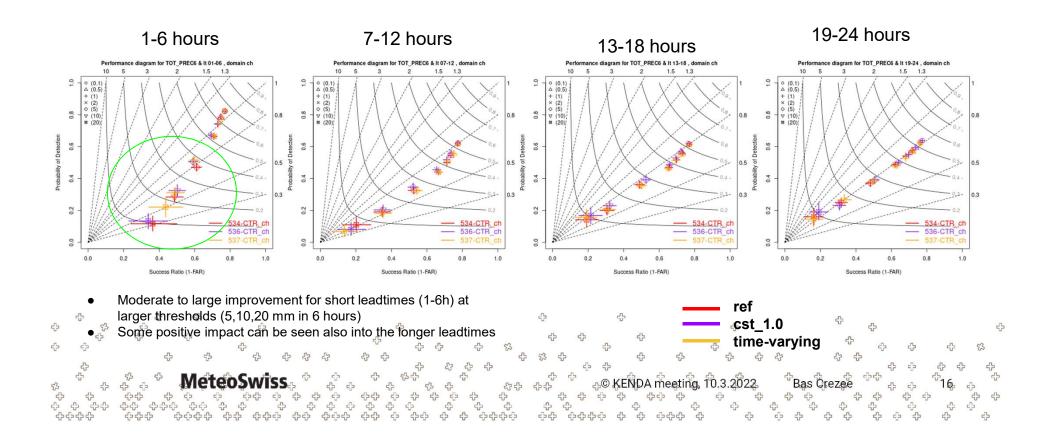


Does the assimilation of RALMO lead to better forecasts?



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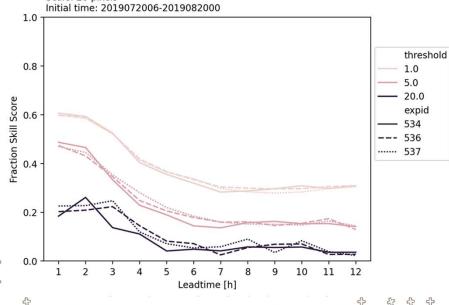
Verification of precipitation against surface stations.



Spatial verification

Precipitation 1h against combiprecip

Variable: TOT_PREC_1h Scale: 20 pixels



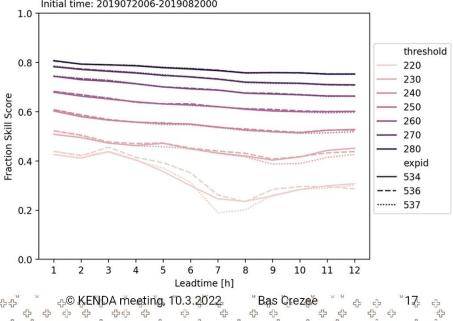
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Synthetic satellite images against MSG

Variable: SYNMSG_BT_CL_IR10.8

Scale: 20 pixels

Initial time: 2019072006-2019082000

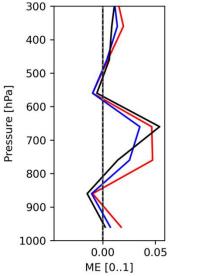


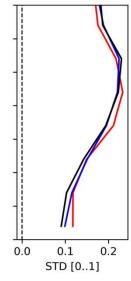


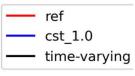
Summary

Assimilation of RALMO data

- Reduces dry bias and improves STD of RH up to ~600 hPa
- Leads to better precipitation forecasts with significant impact up to +8 h leadtime and potentially positive impact up to +36 h
- Has a neutral impact on temperature profiles
- There is a positive impact for time-varying compared to constant obs_error, this vanishes above 500
 hPa likely due to misspecification of obs_error







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Discussion

- Disentangling MIXR and T effects is hard
 → separate experiments
- Observation thinning was tested and updated Desroziers estimate is much closer to RALMO error → see figures.
- Not confident in obs_error of T above 600 hPa at night.
 - → Colleagues in PAY are looking into this

Ideas for future experiments

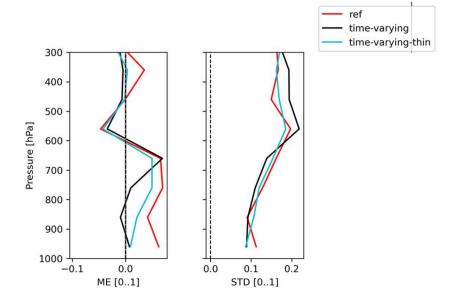
- Only assimilate MIXR time-varying.
 Aim: see if worse RH verification above 600 hPa is due to T assim
- 2. "Extreme" thinning experiment with just 3 points in the vertical with time-varying obs_error. Aim: compare updated Desroziers estimate with obs errors from RALMO
- Outcome of 1. and 2. helps us design an optimal observation error (multiplicative or additive) experiment.

Clarify:

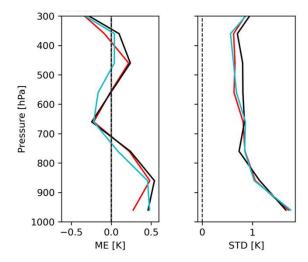
 Use time-varying observation error but specify variance instead of STD (?)



Thinning

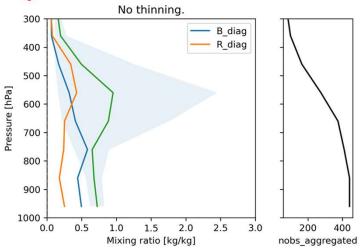


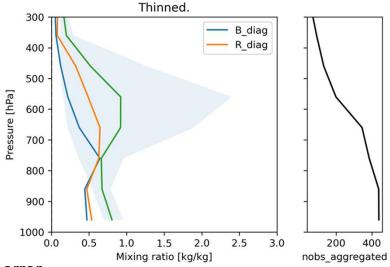
Thinning: From one measurement every 30m to one measurement every 600m in vertical.





New Desroziers estimate for thinned experiment.



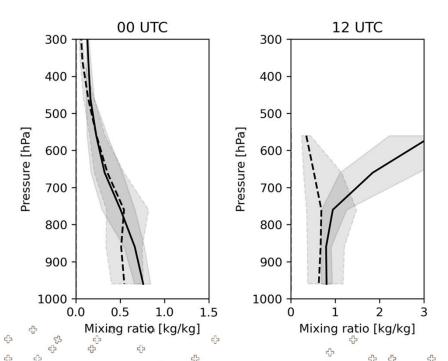


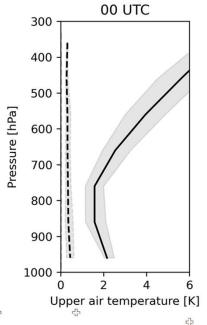
- R_diag much closer to obs_error
- Outlook:
 - Same for Temperature
 - Split out to Day/Night
 - Another "extreme" THINNING

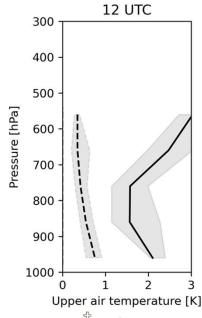
 Experiment with e.g. only three points a assimilated at 850 hPa; 650 hPa and a 450 hPa?



Comparison obs_error (solid) vs fgspread (dashed)







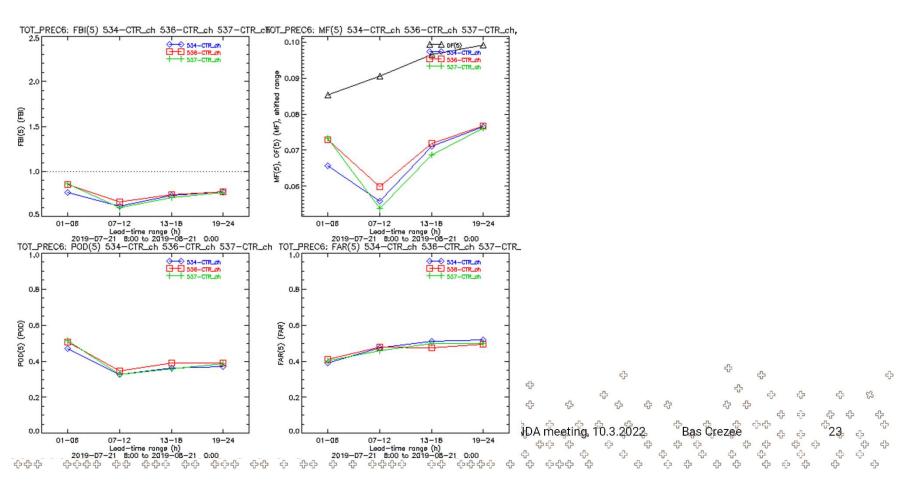
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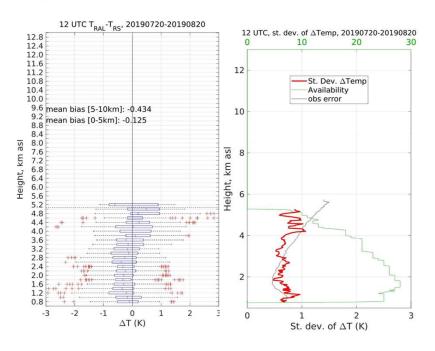


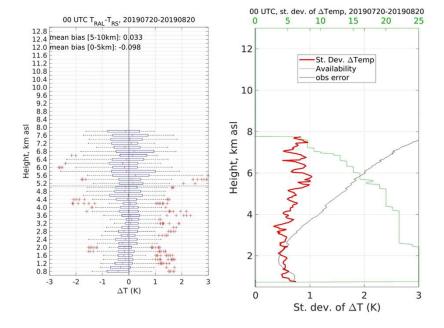
Verification of forecasts (6-hourly up to +36h)





Plots RALMO vs RS for Temperature





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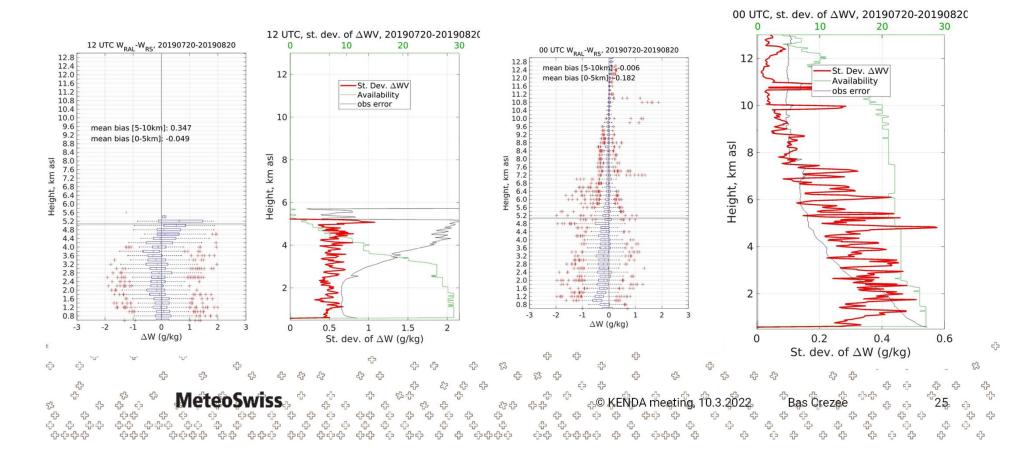
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Plots RALMO vs RS for MIXR



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