#### [VERIMIP] Comparison of COSMO-TERRA and COSMO-CLM in weather mode for summer heat extremes

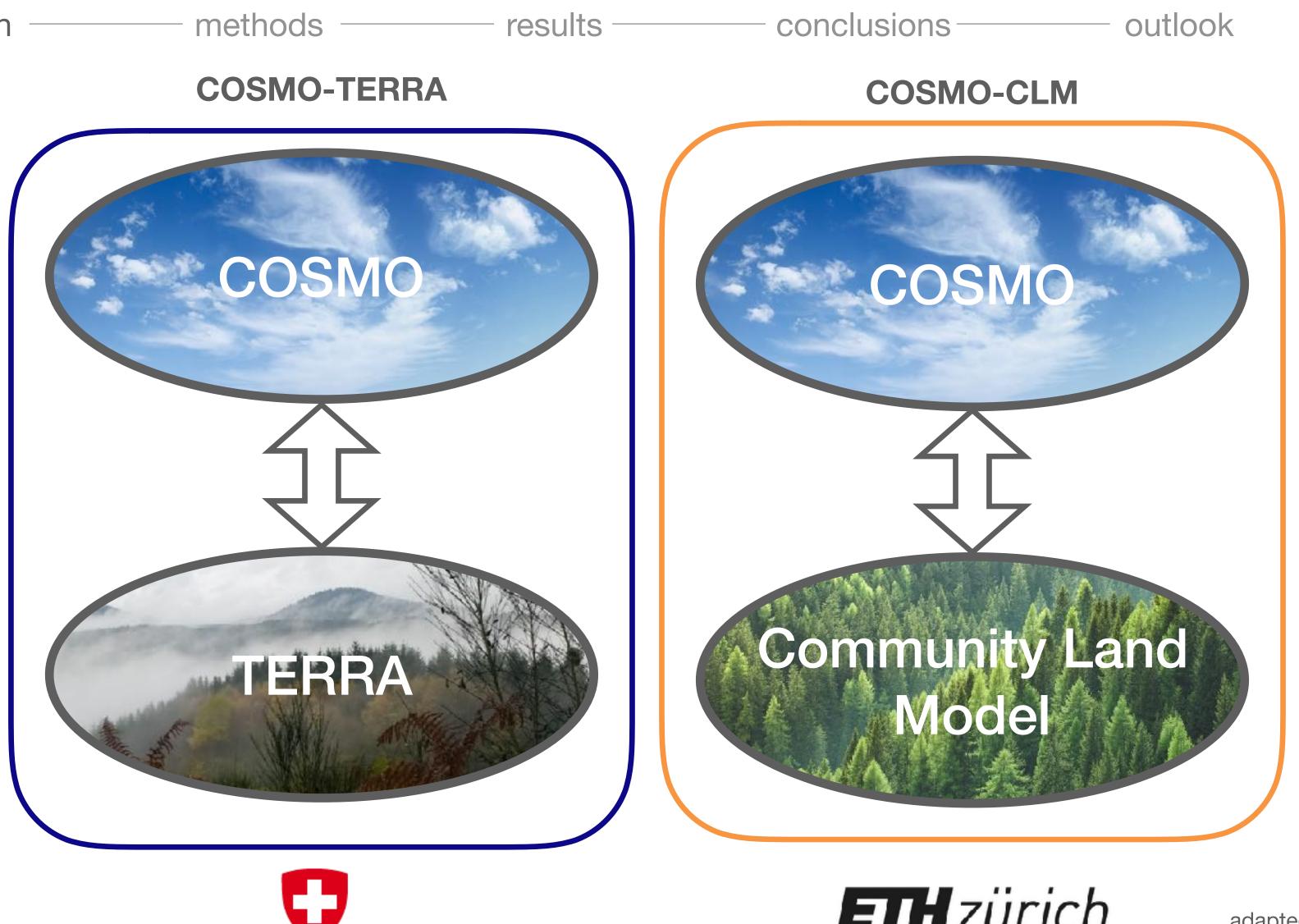
Verena Bessenbacher

Supervisors: Sonia Seneviratne, Edouard Davin, Jean-Marie Bettems (MCH) Collaborators: Yiftach Ziv, IMS (TERRA simulations), Matthieu Leclair, ETH (CLM simulations), Oliver Fuhrer, MCH, Pirmin Kaufmann, MCH, Anke Duguay-Tezlaff, MCH, ... Submission date: June 1st, 2018



### Framework

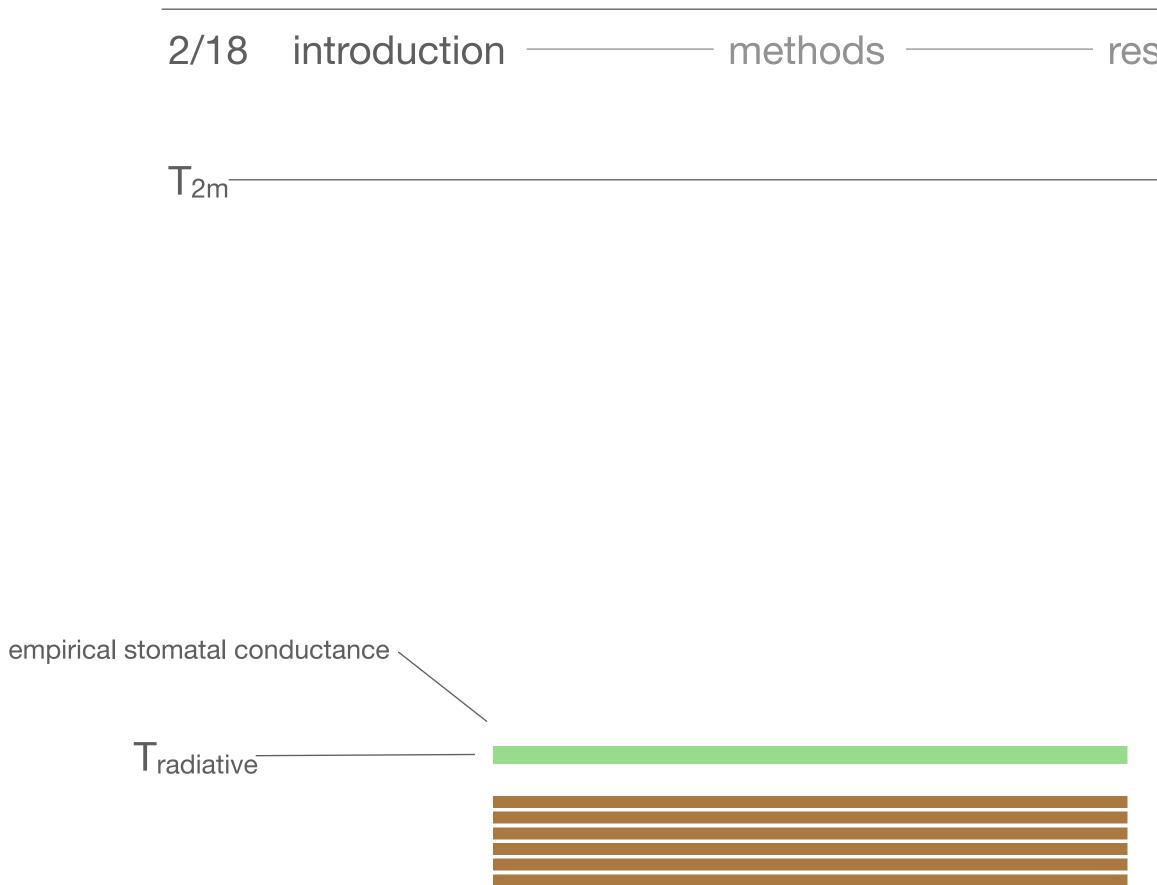
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adapted from Edouard Davin

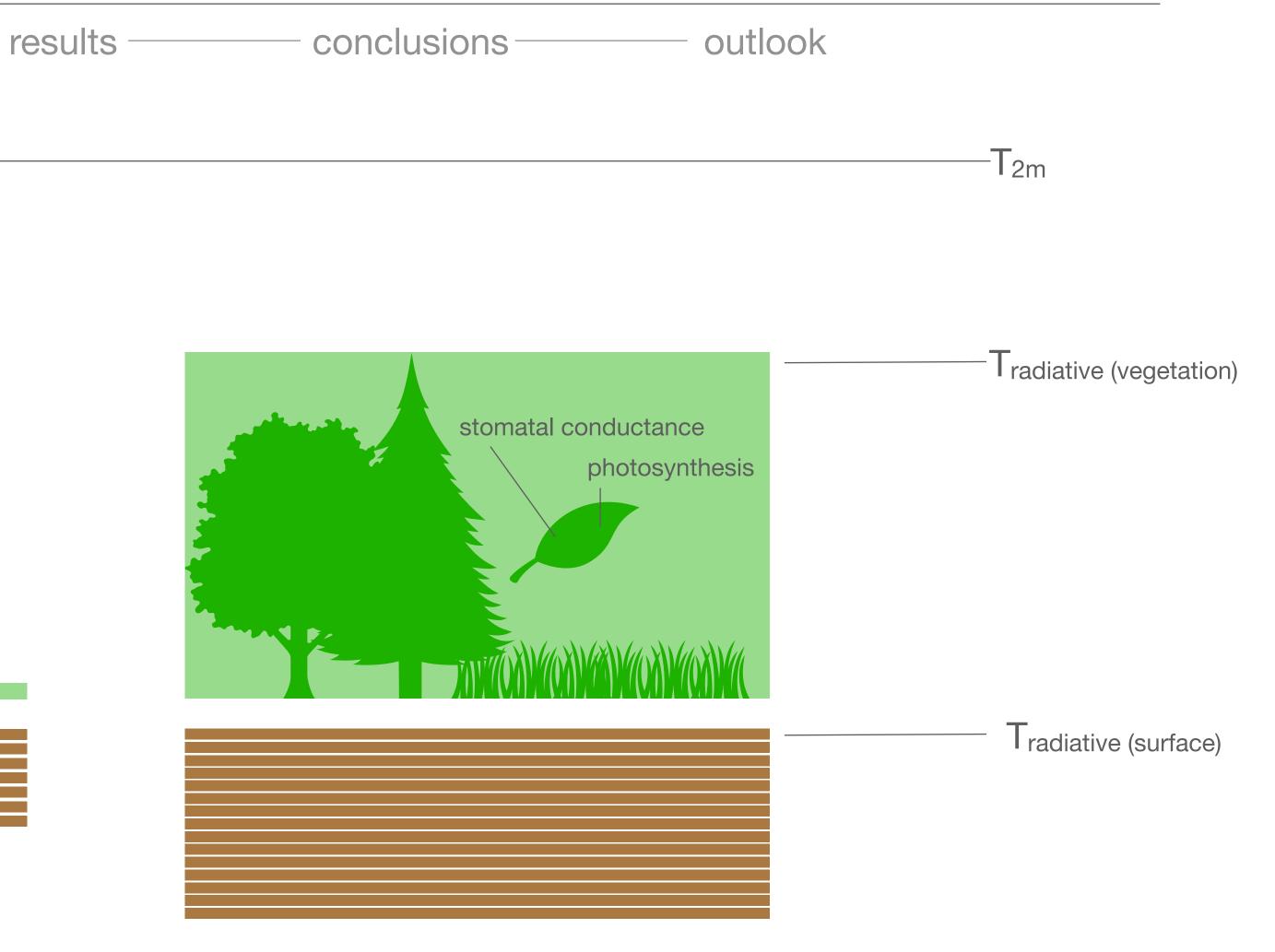
### TERRA



~ '2nd generation'

### CLM

VS



~ '3rd generation'

adapted from Vogel et al 2015

### TERRA



COSMOCOSMO TERRA 5.05COSMO TERRA 5.05TERRA 5.0standard settingsadvanced settings





#### VS

### CLM

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COSMO CLM



## **Evaluation Datasets**

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	EOBS	Satellite LST	GLEAM	WECANN	CERES	GHF estimate
type	gridded meteorological stations	thermal infrared from EUMETSAT	model fed with satellite and ground observations	solar-induced fluorescence, machine learning	satellite observation	compound product
time resolution	daily 1950-2015	hourly 1991 - 2015	daily 1980-2016	monthly 2007-2015	daily 2000-2017	daily 2015
spatial resolution	0.1° × 0.1° Europe	5 × 5 km Europe & Africa	0.25° x 0.25° global	1° x 1° global	1° x 1° global	resp. resolution
2m temperature [K]	daily 2m-temperature (min, max, mean) [K]					
ground temperature [K]		radiative ground temperature [K]				
SH [W m <sup>-2</sup> ]				daily sensible heat [Wm <sup>-2</sup> ] monthly average		
LH [W m <sup>-2</sup> ]			evapotranspiration [mm/day]	daily latent heat [Wm <sup>-2</sup> ], monthly average		
LW [W m <sup>-2</sup> ]					longwave radiation [Wm <sup>-2</sup> ]	
SW [W m <sup>-2</sup> ]					shortwave radiation [Wm-2]	
Ground heat flux [W m <sup>-2</sup> ]						ground heat flux [Wm-2]

#### conclusions outlook - results

#### model resolution: 6.6km, hourly

## **Evaluation Datasets**

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— methods

	EOBS	Satellite LST	GLEAM	WECANN	CERES	GHF estimate			
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time resolution	daily 1950-2015	hourly 1991 - 2015	daily 1980-2016	monthly 2007-2015	daily 2000-2017	daily 2015			
spatial resolution	0.1° × 0.1° Europe G	$_{obs,1} = LW_{net,C}$	$C_{ERES} + SW_{net,CERES}$	$-H_{net,WECANN} - L$	$E_{net,GLEAM}$	resp. resolution			
2m temperature [K]	(min max maan	hily 2m-temperation, max, mean $G_{obs,2} = LW_{net,CERES} + SW_{net,CERES} - H_{net,WECANN} - LE_{net,WECANN}$							
ground temperature [K]		temperature [K]							
SH [W m <sup>-2</sup> ]				daily sensible heat [Wm <sup>-2</sup> ] monthly average					
LH [W m <sup>-2</sup> ]			evapotranspiration [mm/day]	daily latent heat [Wm <sup>-2</sup> ], monthly average					
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#### conclusions outlook - results

#### model resolution: 6.6km, hourly

## Assessing LSM performance

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------ methods

------ results --

	Comparison	Evaluation	Benchmarking
Def: o	compare to other models	Def: compare to observations	Def: compare to benchmark
	tage: find where performance /ements are achieveable	advantage: compare to real measurements	advantage: a priori, non-relative, measure of information usage
	nges: g models more alike does not necessarily them better	challenges: observations are not available / have gaps / have limitations / have uncertainties	challenges: finding a suitable benchmark

------ conclusions

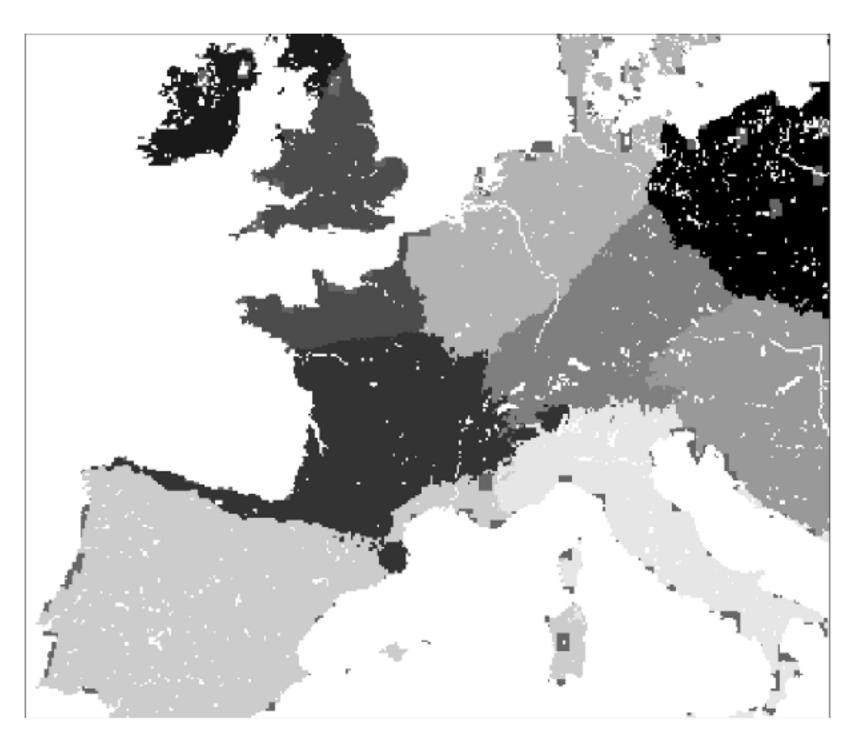
outlook

## Benchmark experiment

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(1) separate the domain in subdomains of similar points with kmeans algorithm

- (2) train a ridge regression on each subdomain (year 2006)  $f(SW_{COSMO}, PRECIP_{COSMO}) = w_1 SW_{COSMO} + w_2 PRECIP_{COSMO} + w_0 = LH_{GLEAM}$
- (3) estimate latent heat from regression for test data (years 2015, 2003)



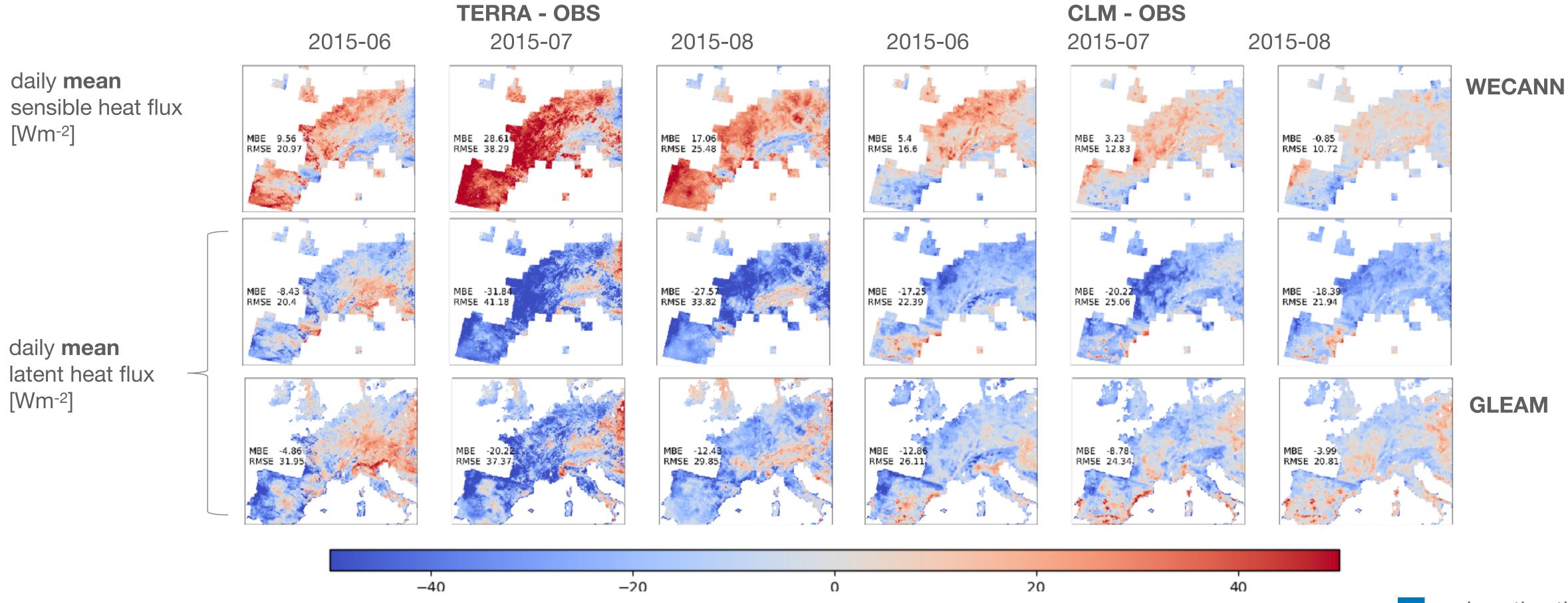
outlook results conclusions -

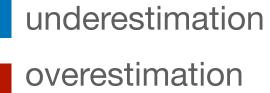
# **Evaluation of LH and SH**

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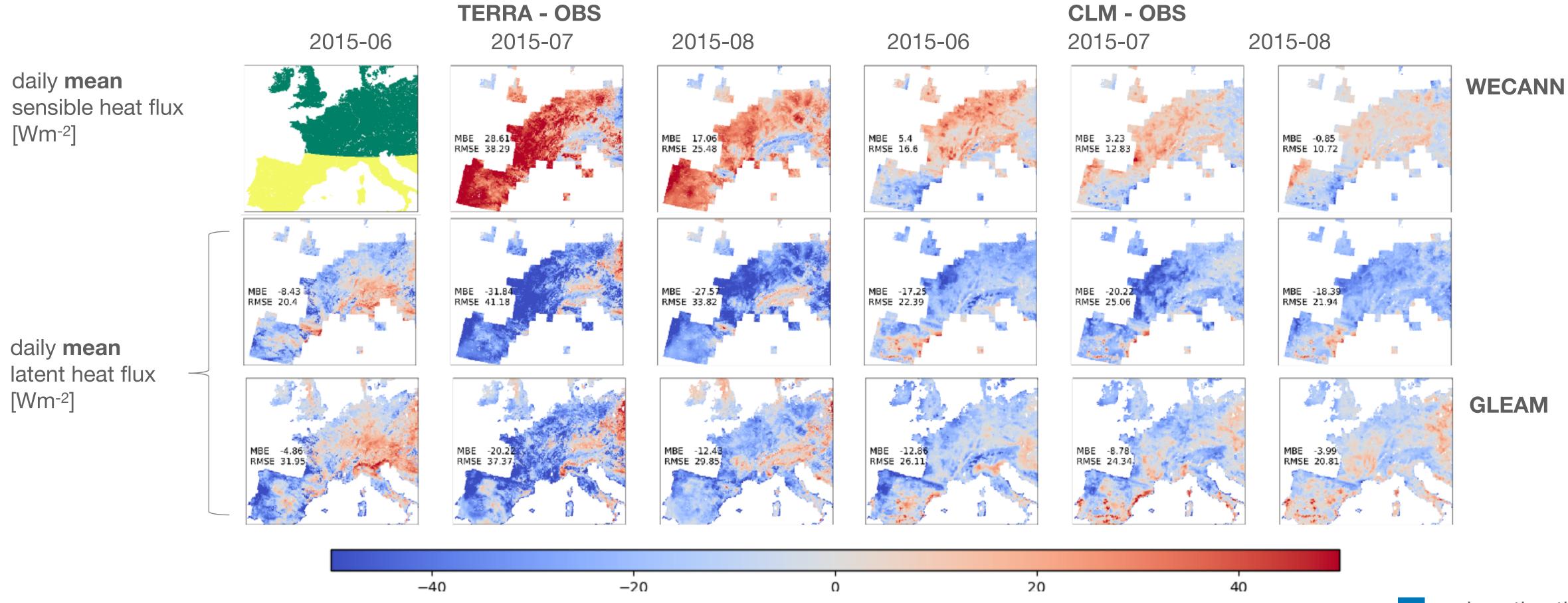


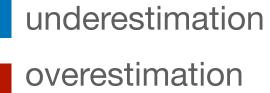
# **Evaluation of LH and SH**

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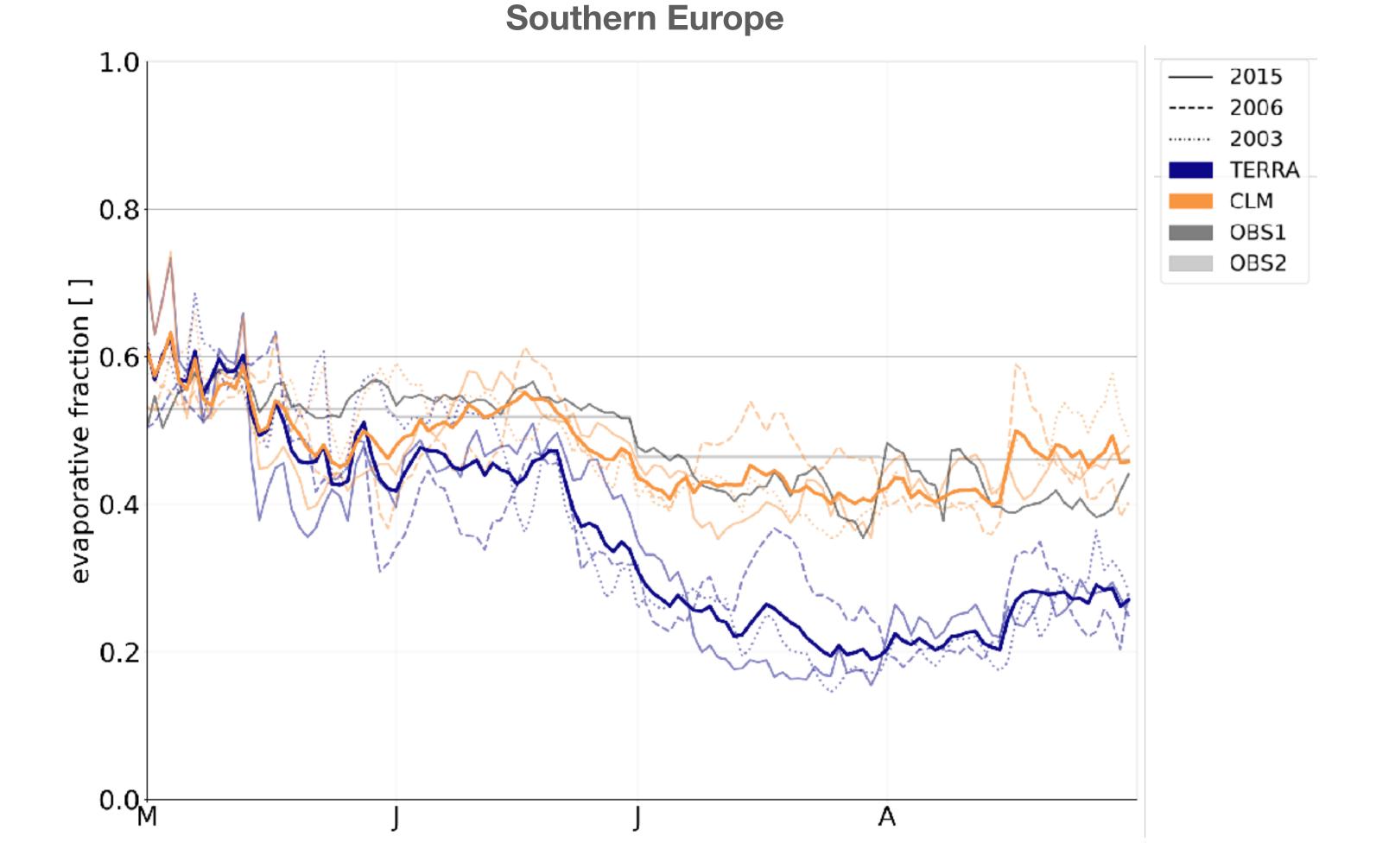




### **Evaporative fraction**



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 $EF = \frac{LH}{LH + SH}$ 

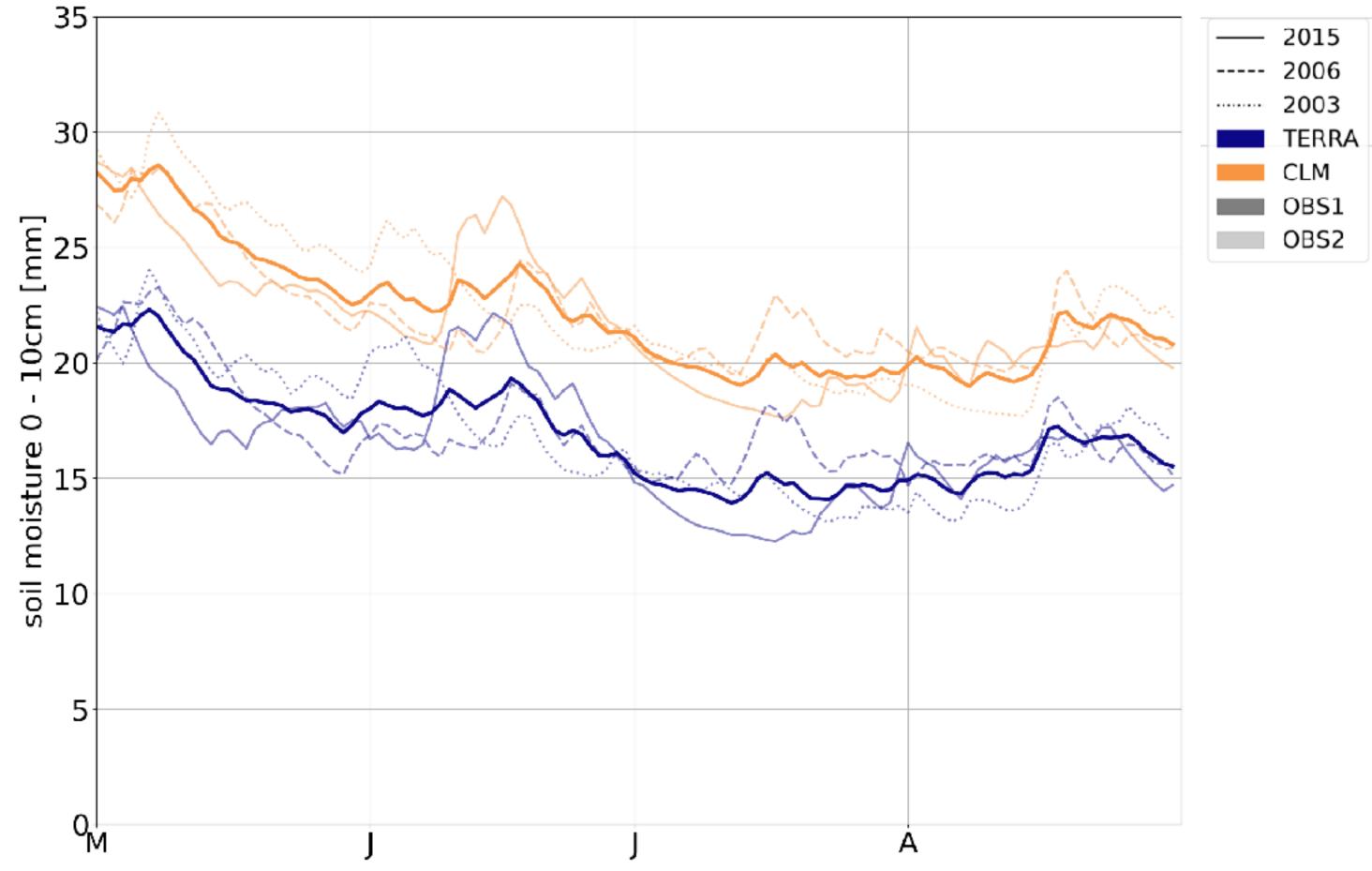
### Soil moisture

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#### Southern Europe



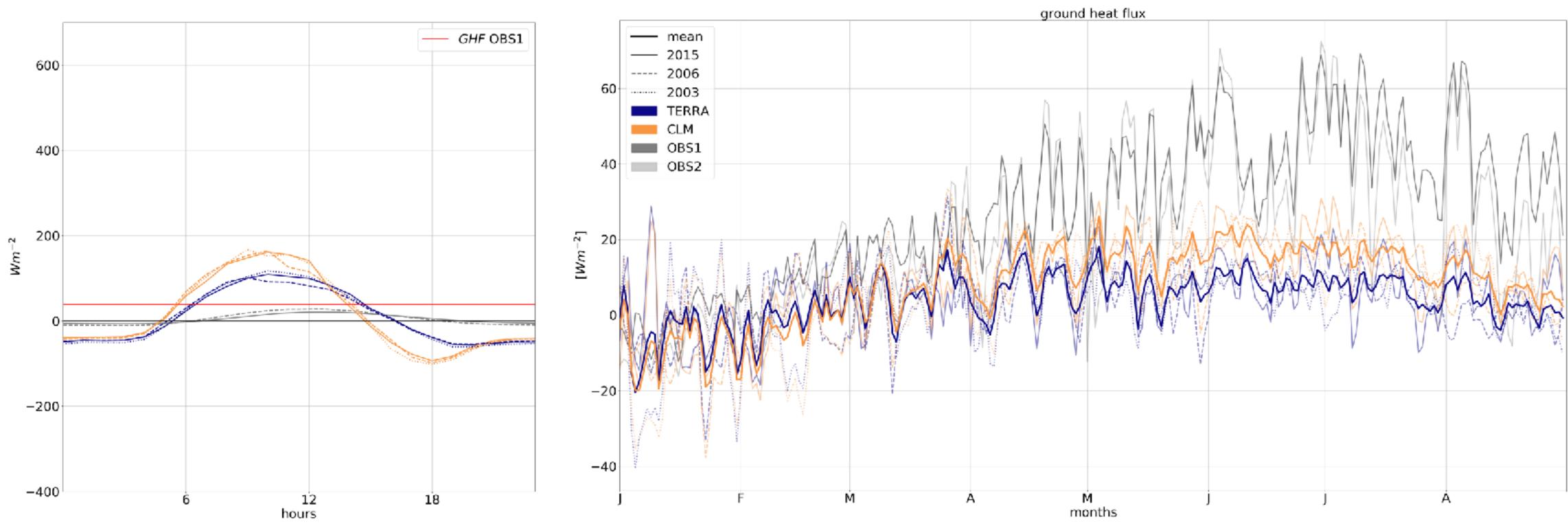
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## Ground heat flux

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#### **Southern Europe**



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## **Evaluation against EOBS**

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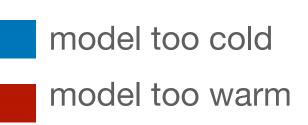
results

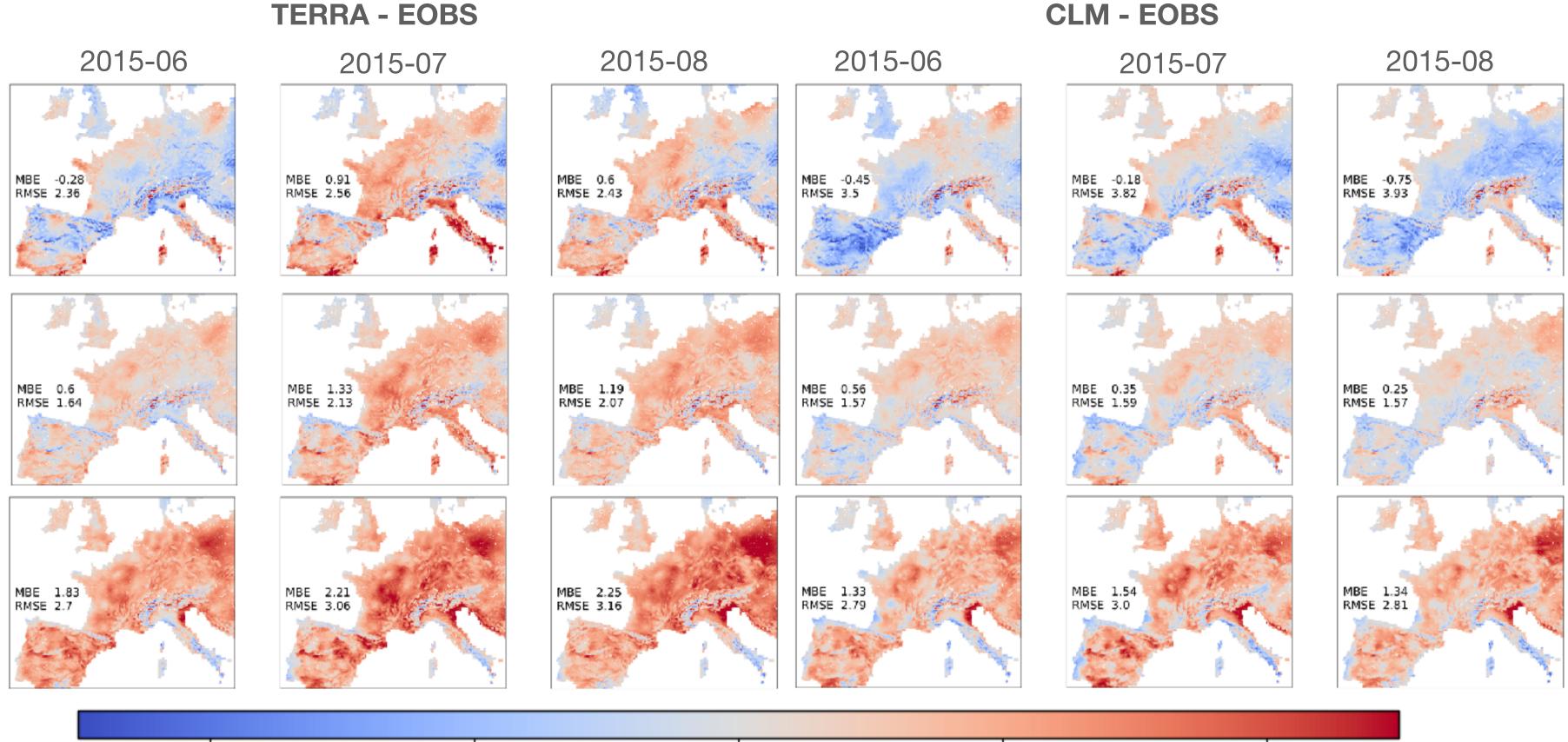
-2

daily maximum 2m temperature

daily **mean** 2m temperature [K]

daily **minimum** 2m temperature





0

conclusions outlook

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## **Evaluation against EOBS**

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**TERRA - EOBS CLM - EOBS** 2015-06 2015-08 2015-06 2015-08 2015-07 2015-07 mean diurnal cycle over Southern Europe daily maximum 2m 2015 temperature 2006 30.0 2003 MBE -0.28 RMSE 2.36 ..... MBE -0.75 RMSE 3.93 TERRA 27.5 CLM EOBS daily **mean** 2m ູ ບ<sup>25.0+</sup> atria 22.5 MBE 0.6 RMSE 1.64 MBE 0.25 RMSE 1.57 temp 23 17.5 MBE 1.83 RMSE 2.7 MBE 1.34 RMSE 2.81 15.0 model too cold 12.5 -4 12 18 6 hours

temperature [K]

daily **minimum** 2m temperature

model too warm

results conclusions outlook

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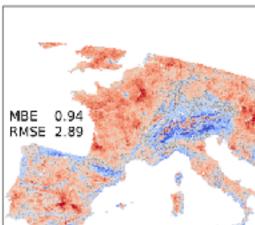
methods

results

daily maximum radiative temperature

daily **mean** radiative temperature [K]

daily **minimum** radiative temperature



2015-06

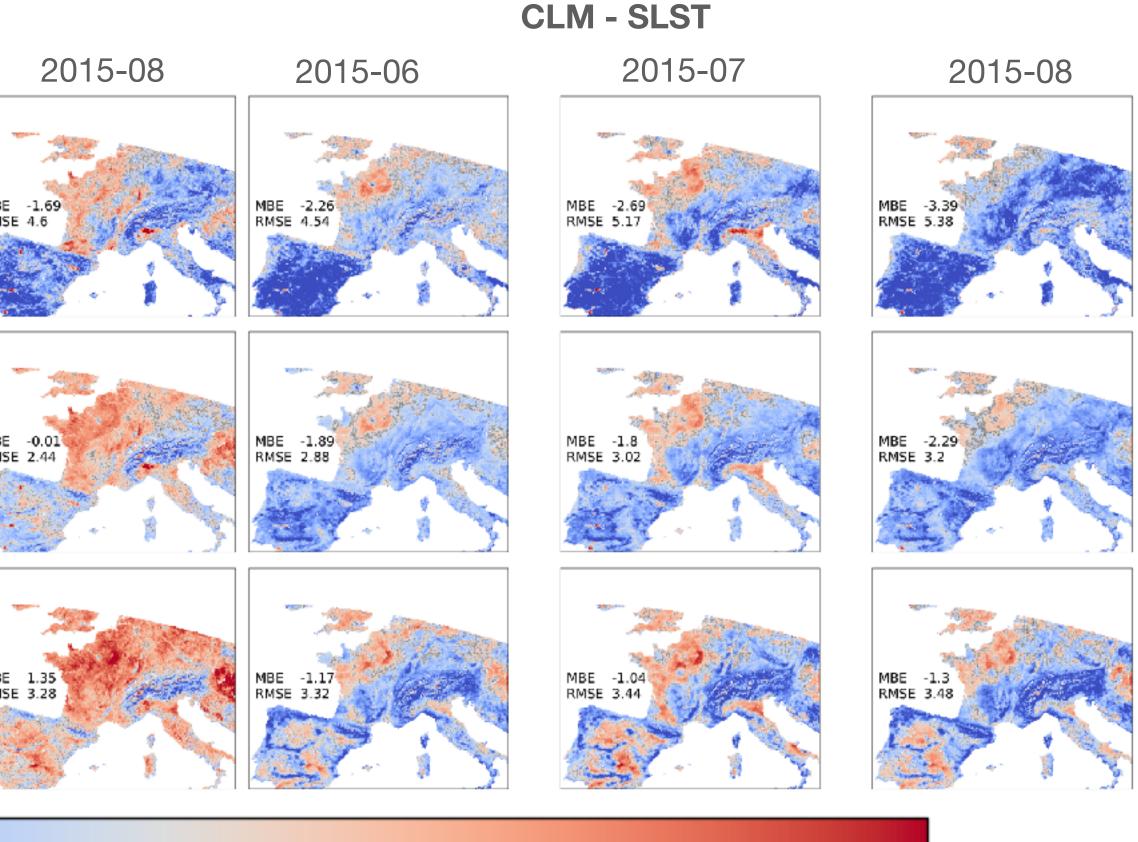
MBE -1.92 RMSE 4.34

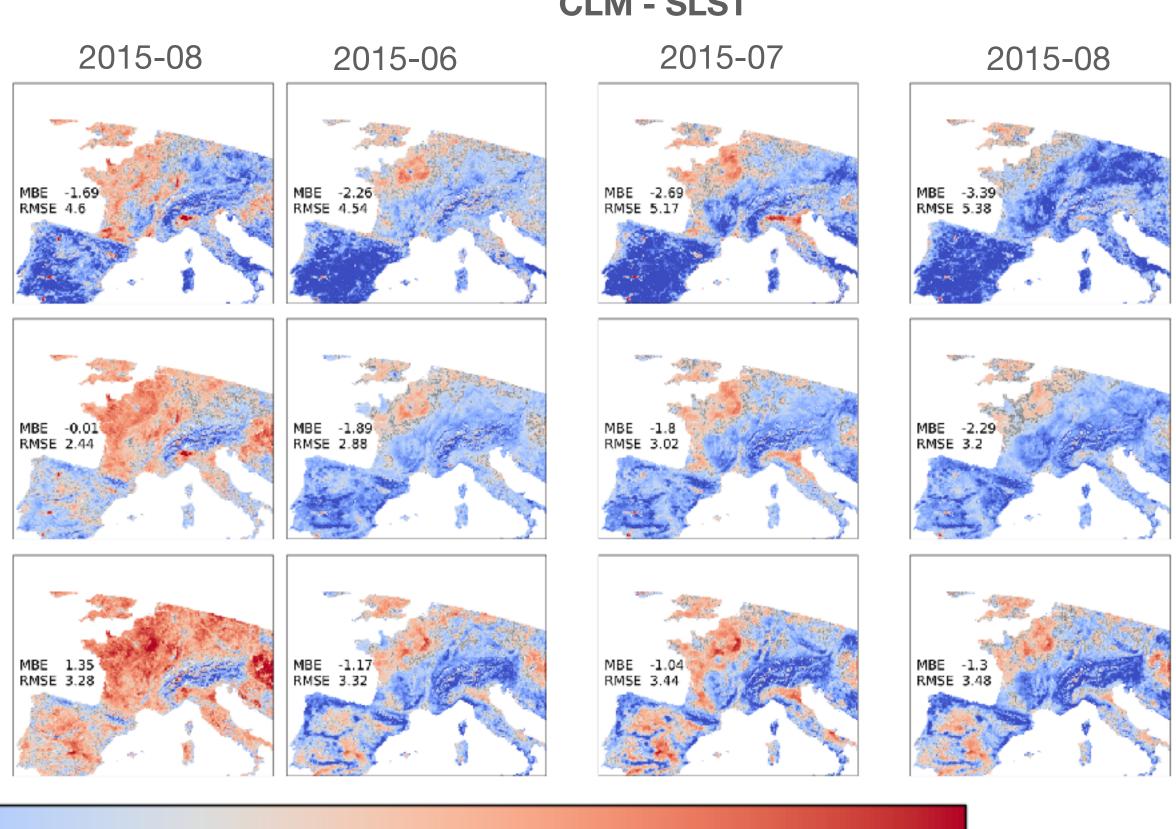
MBE -0.64 RMSE 2.25

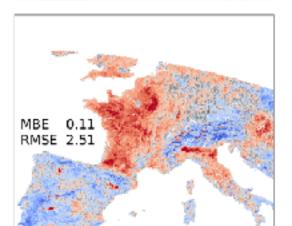
#### **TERRA - SLST**

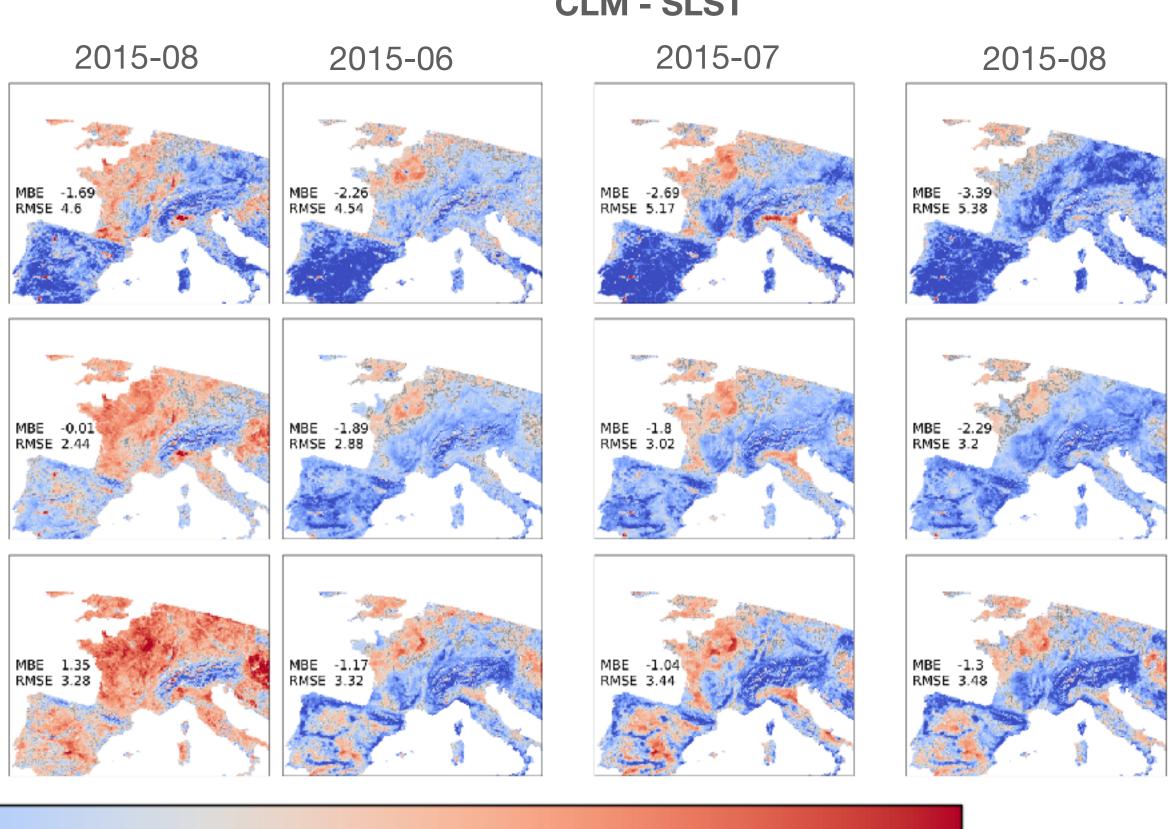
MBE -1.28 RMSE 4.6

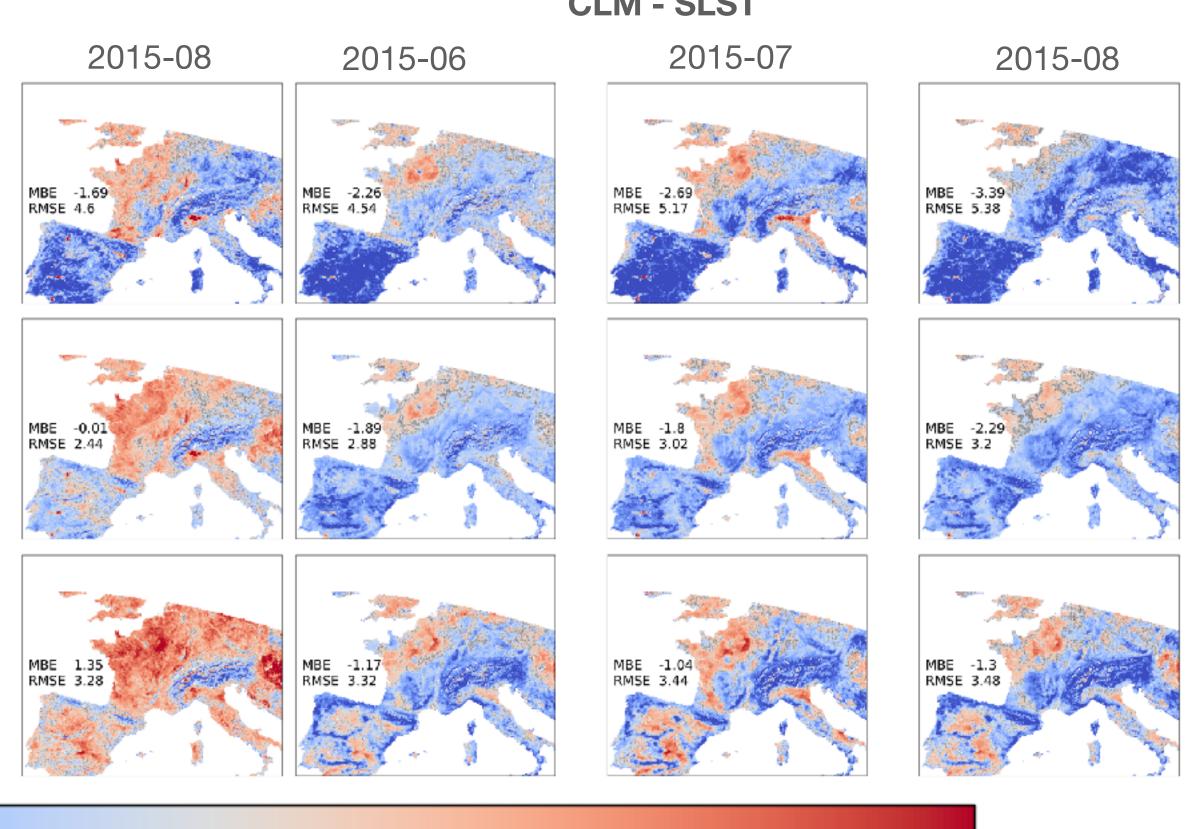
2015-07

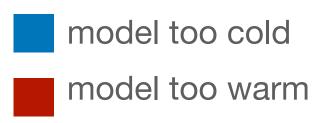


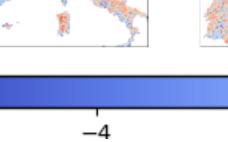














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MBE 1.62 RMSE 3.35

conclusions

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0

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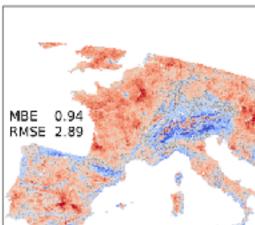
methods

results

daily maximum radiative temperature

daily **mean** radiative temperature [K]

daily **minimum** radiative temperature



2015-06

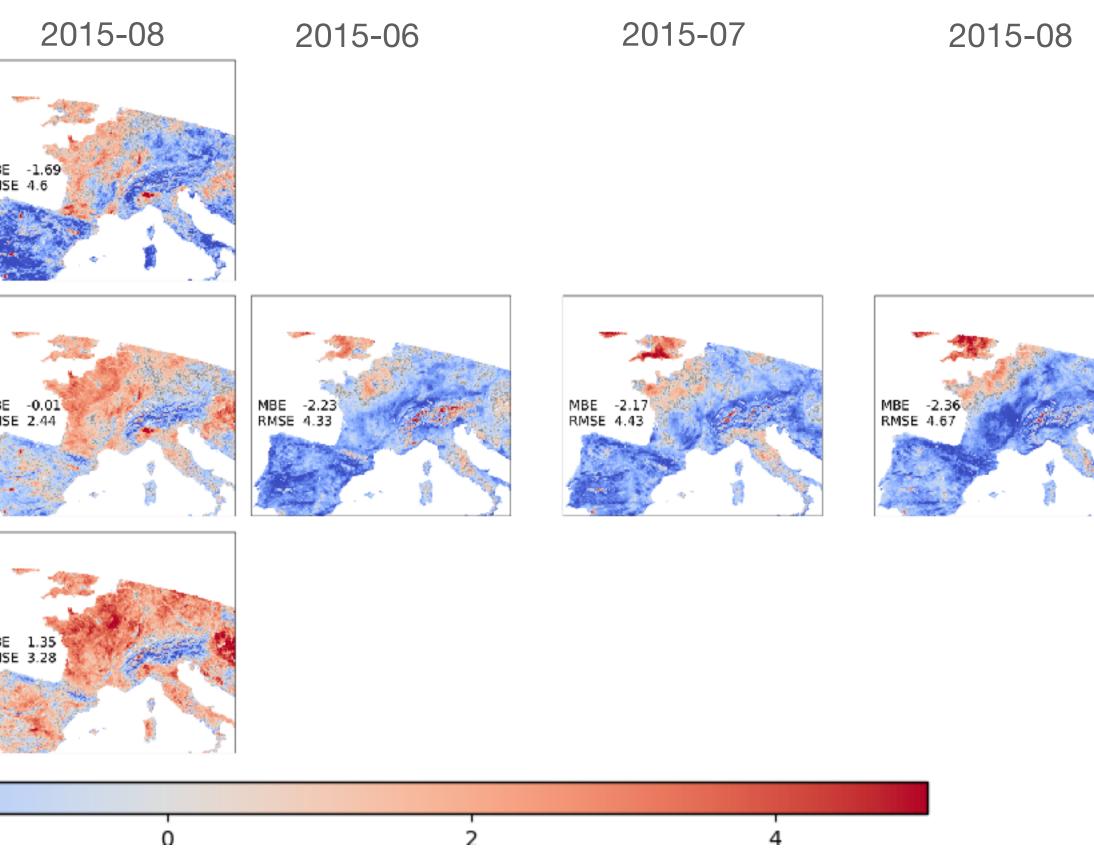
MBE -1.92 RMSE 4.34

MBE -0.64 RMSE 2.25

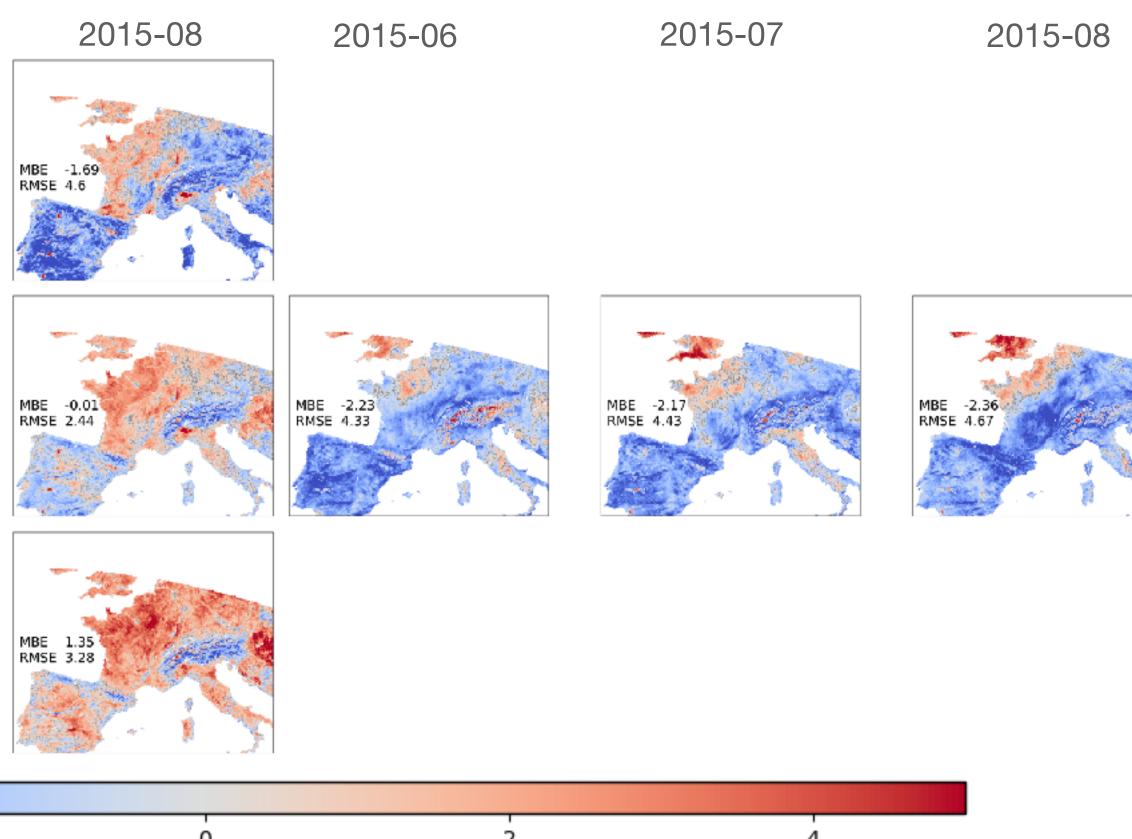
#### **TERRA - SLST**

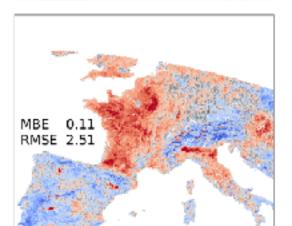
MBE -1.28 RMSE 4.6

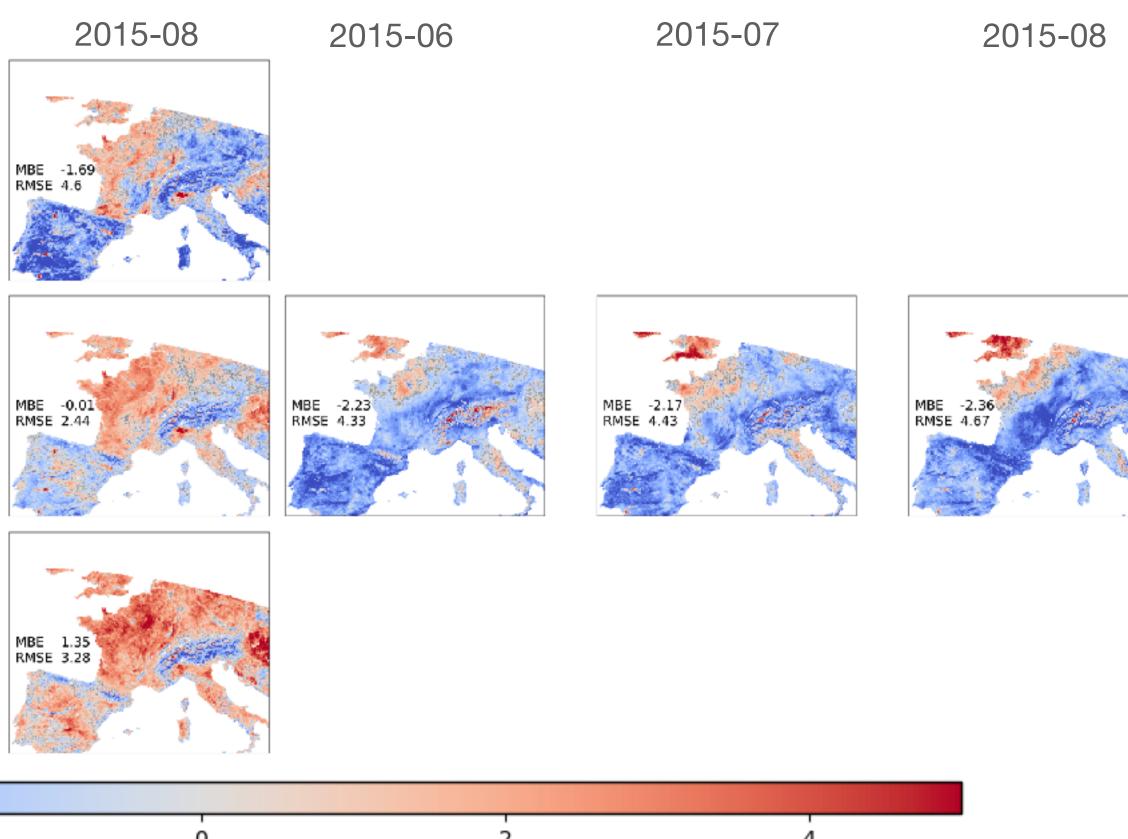
2015-07

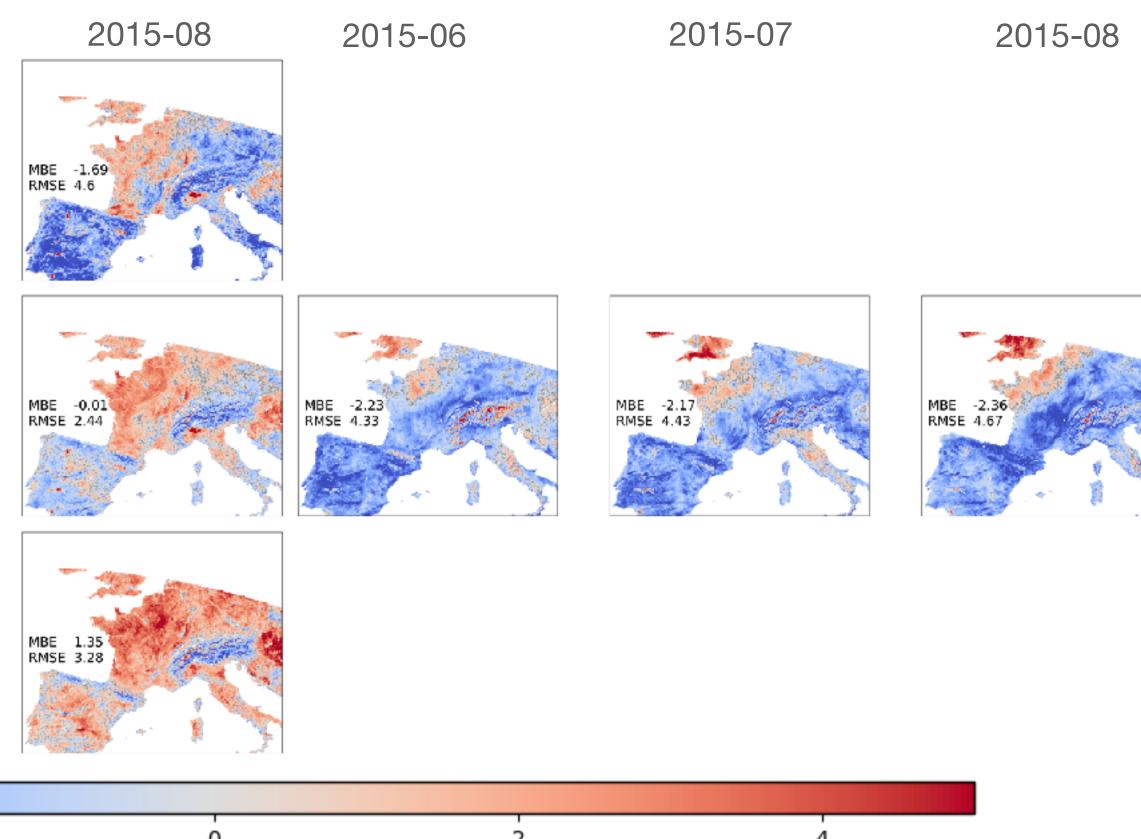


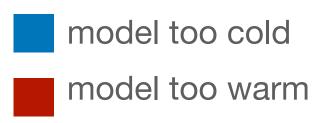
**CLM - SLST** 

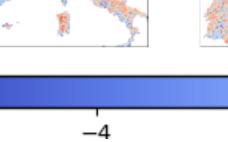














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MBE 1.62 RMSE 3.35

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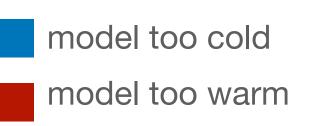
results

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2015-06 **50**1 daily maximum radiative temperature 45 MBE -1.92 RMSE 4.34 t) daily **mean** radiative temperature [K] MBE -0.64 RMSE 2.25 <u>م</u> 30 radiativ 52 daily **minimum** radiative temperature MBE 0.94 RMSE 2.89

10

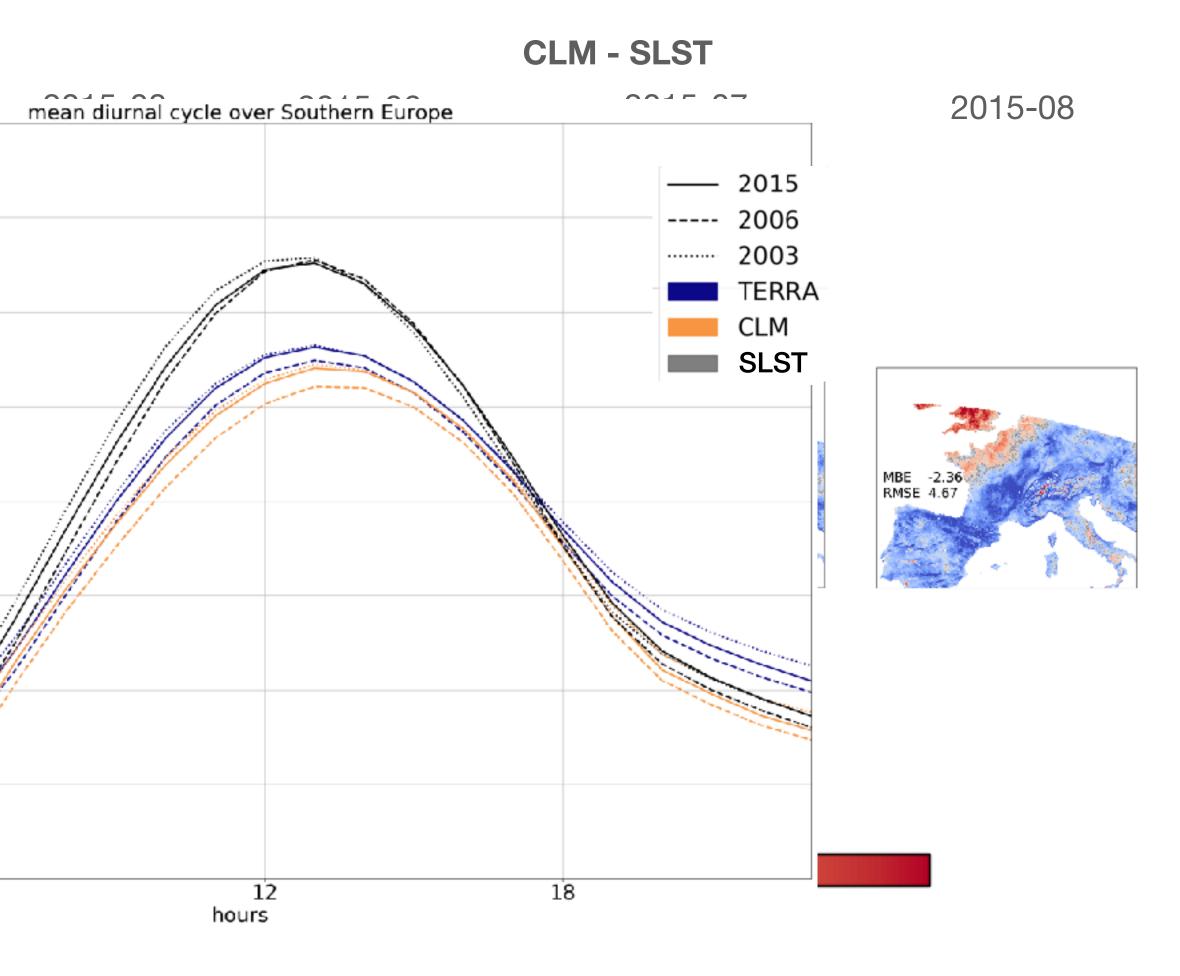
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**TERRA - SLST** 

conclusions -

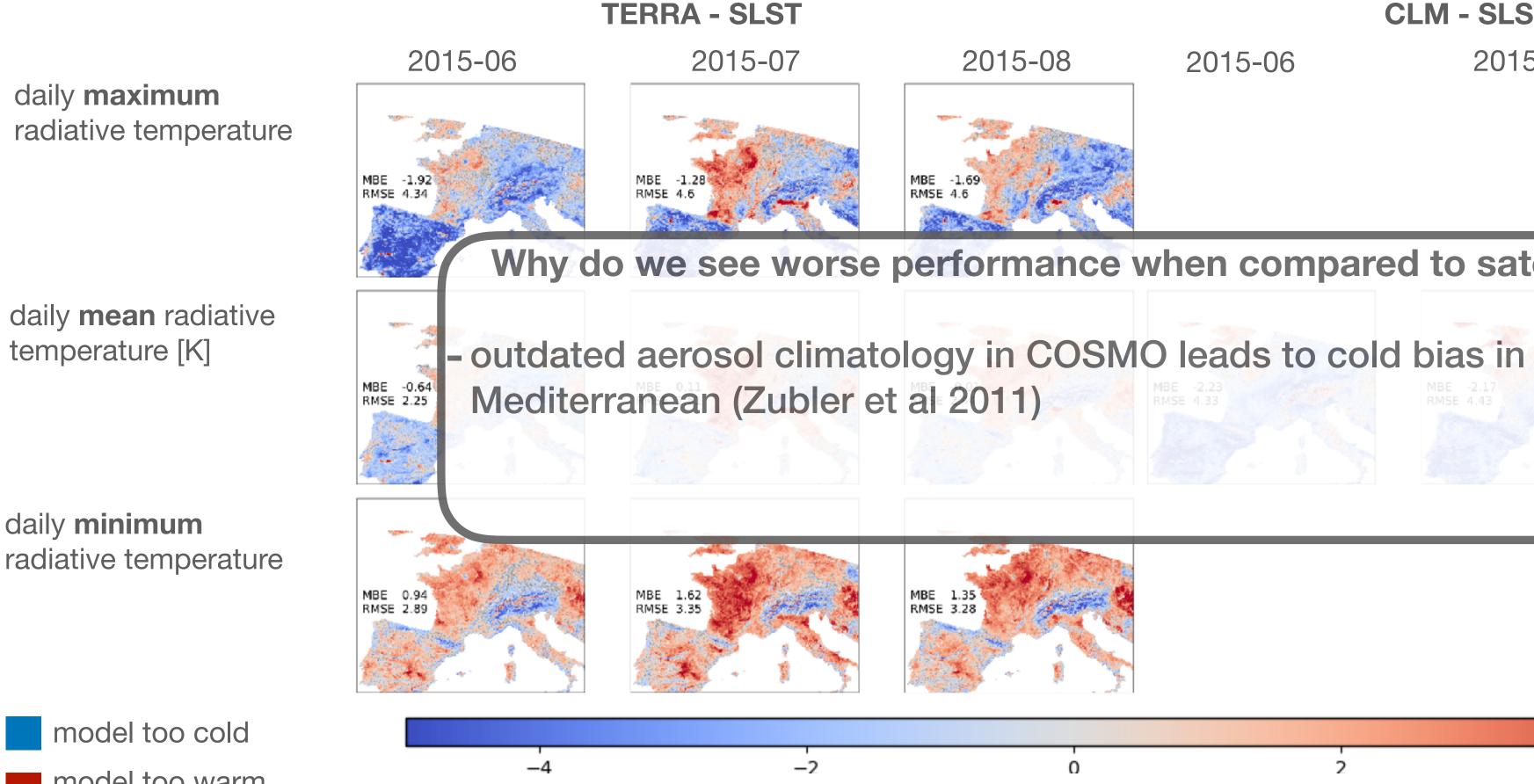
outlook



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model too warm

**CLM - SLST** 

2015-06

2015-07

2015-08

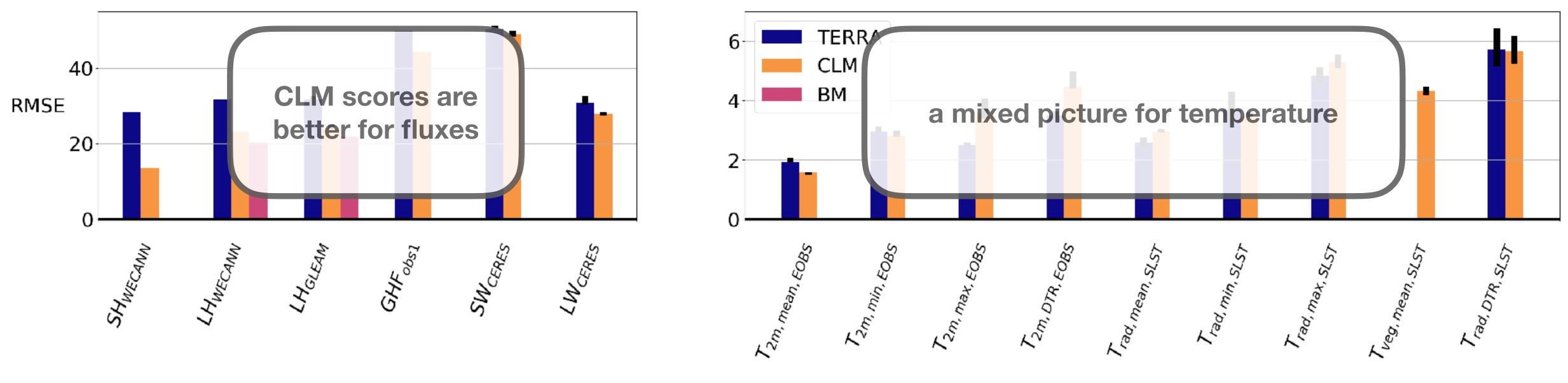
Why do we see worse performance when compared to satellite data?

2 4

### RMSE

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JJA 2015 & 2003 (except WECANN)





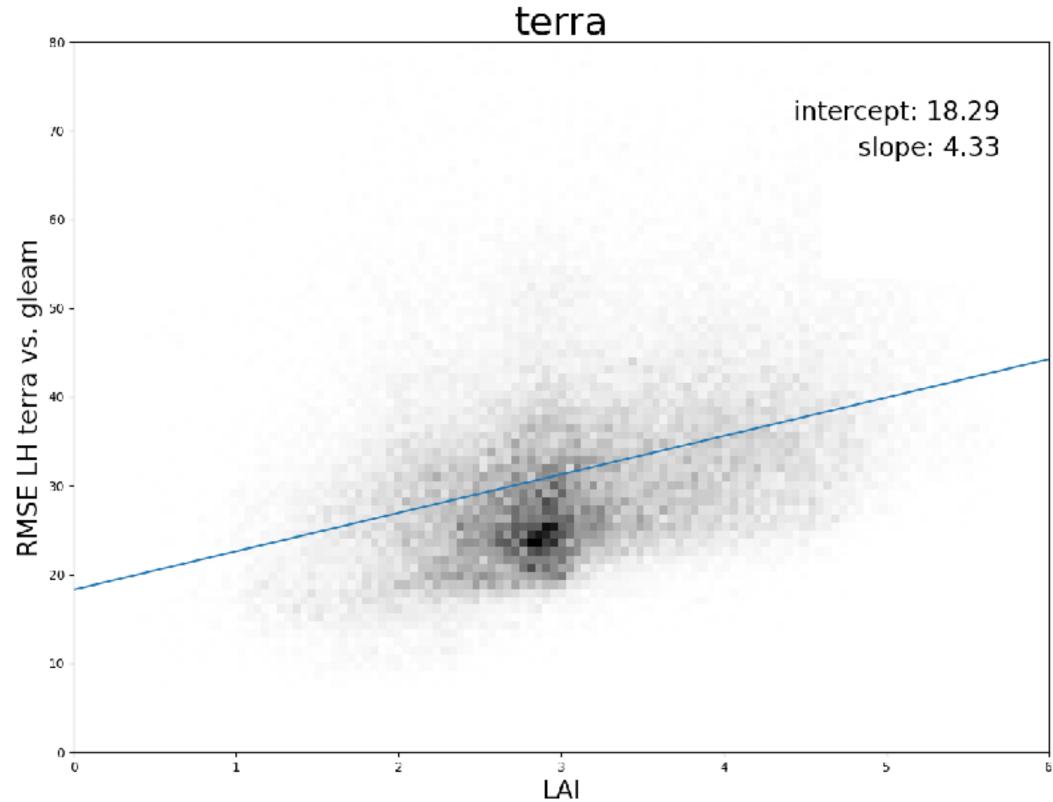
#### ults — conclusions — outlook

**Temperatures** 

### Error dependency on LAI



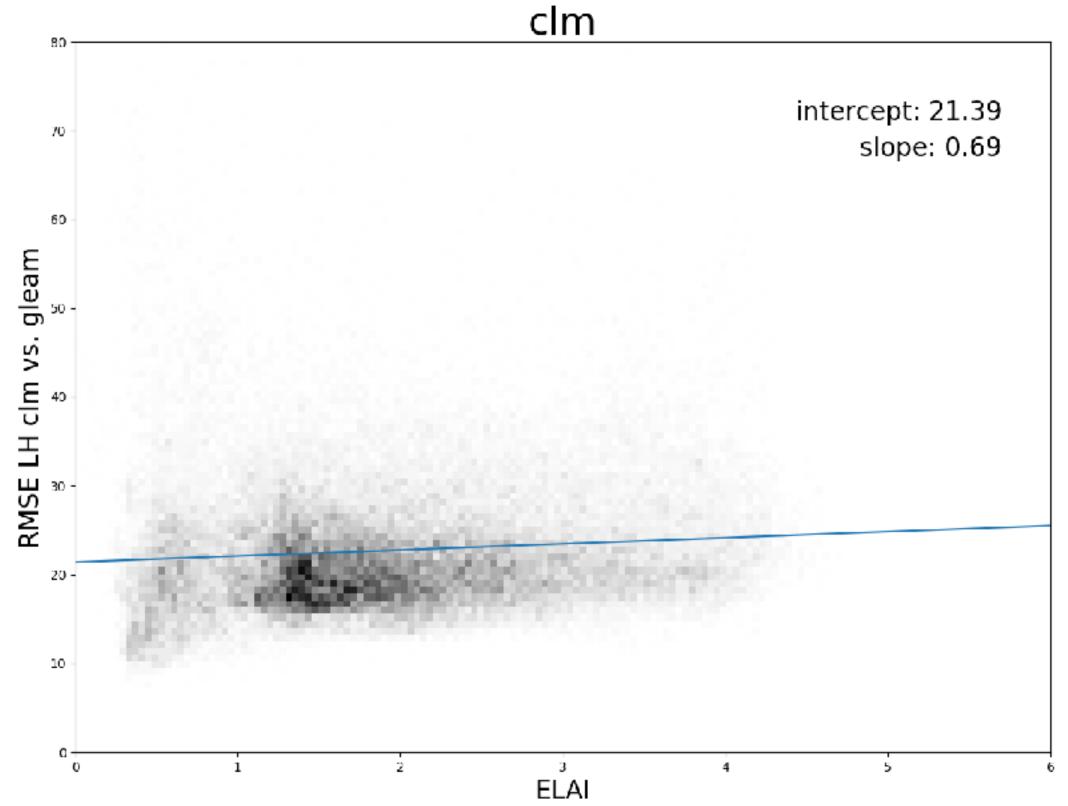
methods



the more vegetation in COSMO-TERRA, the worse it performs in terms of latent heat

results conclusions outlook

#### **JJA 2015**

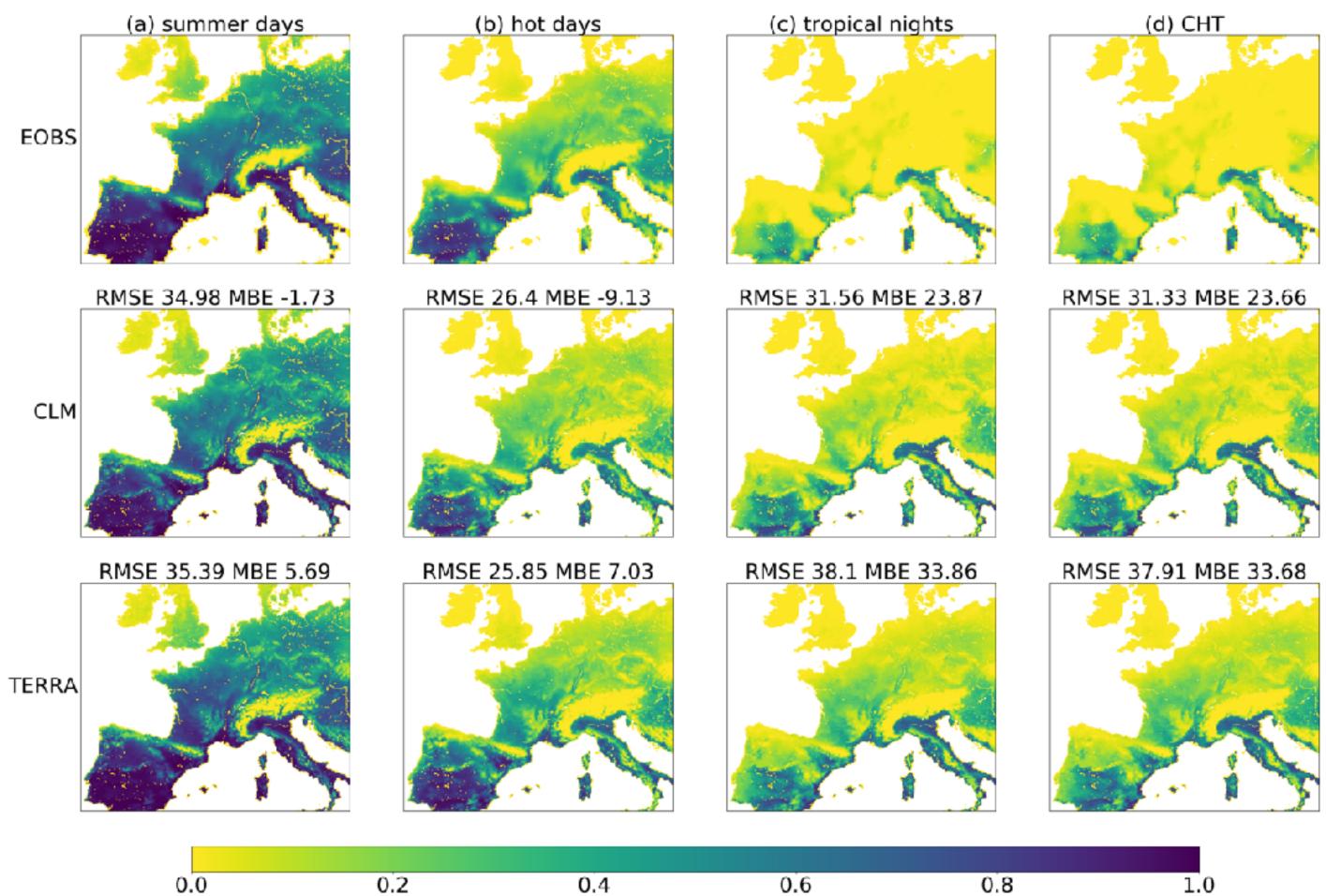


### Heat extremes

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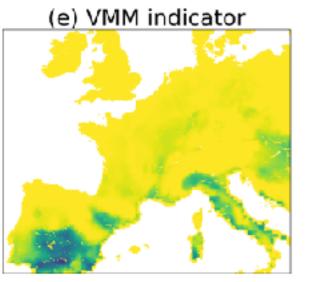
— methods

results

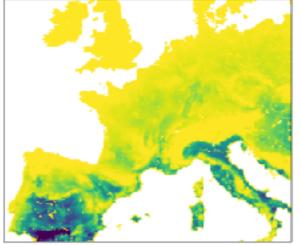


#### conclusions outlook

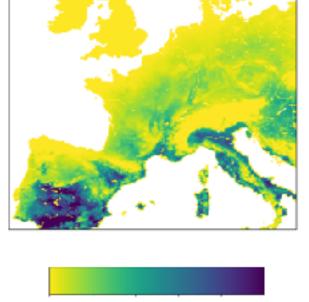
1.0



RMSE 82.65 MBE 55.45



RMSE 126.73 MBE 109.76

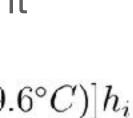


200 400  $^{800}$ 1000 0 600heatwave degree days [ ° *C* · *days*]

JJA all years

summerdays: Tmax > 25°C hot days: Tmax >= 30 °C **tropical nights:** Tmin > 20°C **CHT:** hot day AND tropical night **Flanders Heat Index:** 

 $\sum_{i} [(T_{min,i} - 18.2^{\circ}C) + (T_{max,i} - 29.6^{\circ}C)]h_i$ 



## Conclusions

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results -– conclusions outlook

- overshooting sensible heat production in COSMO-TERRA, biases of similar sign but smaller in COSMO-CLM
- both models cannot beat benchmark experiment for latent heat estimation
- error in latent heat estimation in TERRA scales with vegetation density
- disagreement in findings of ground heat flux to JPS
- improved representation in fluxes in CLM did not translate into temperature
- comparing satellite-derived land surface temperature datasets with radiative temperature in models is challenging

## Outlook

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results — conclusions — outlook

-> redo analysis with own tuning for CLM + new aerosol treatment

- -> MCH standard verification still to come
- -> waiting for COSMO-TERRA v5.05

#### **References (Selection)**

Davin, E. L., Maisonnave, E. and Seneviratne, S. I. (2016): Is land surface processes representation a possible weak link in current Regional Climate Models?, Environ Res Lett, 11:074027
Best, M. J., Abramowitz, G., Johnson, H. R. et al (2015): The Plumbing of Land Surface Models: Benchmarking Model Performance, Journal of Hydrometeorology, DOI: 10.1175/JHM-D-14-0158.1
Zubler, E. M., Lohmann, U., Lüthi, D., Schär, C. (2011): Intercomparison of aerosol climatologies for use in a regional climate model over Europe, Geophysical Research Letters, doi:10.1029/2011GL048081