



## **General and common WG3-Task**

"Consolidation of the Surface-to-Atmosphere Transfer (ConSAT):

according to a dynamically adapted list of actions being the base of past and (maybe) future PTs

**Current topic:** 

Better <u>overall</u> treatment of surface roughness (R) in the tiled model (around the packages 'turbdiff', 'turbtran' and 'terra')

According to 3 (new) theoretical concepts: **GBLA**, **STIC** and **ISuP** 

**<u>Current contributor</u>: Matthias Raschendorfer (DWD)** 

Other thematically involved people:

Jürgen Helmert, Martin Köhler, Ekaterina Maschulskaja, Dimitrii Mironov,

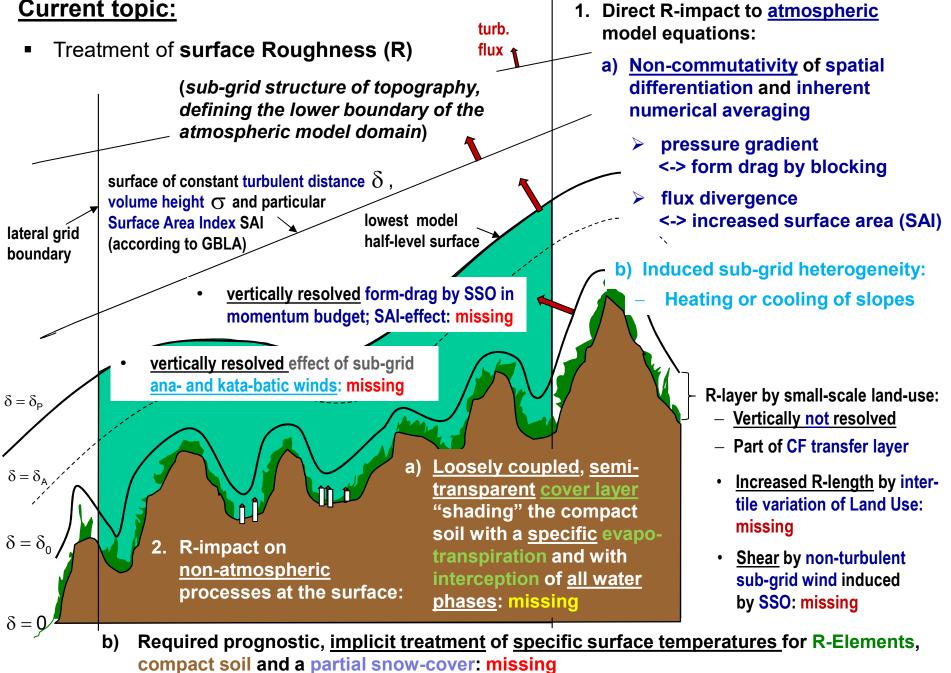
Daniel Reinert, an-Peter Schulz, Günther Zängl (DWD),

Contributors to the PP/PTs: CITTA, SAINT and VAINT, ...?

ICON-projects: ICON\_land/seamless/c?



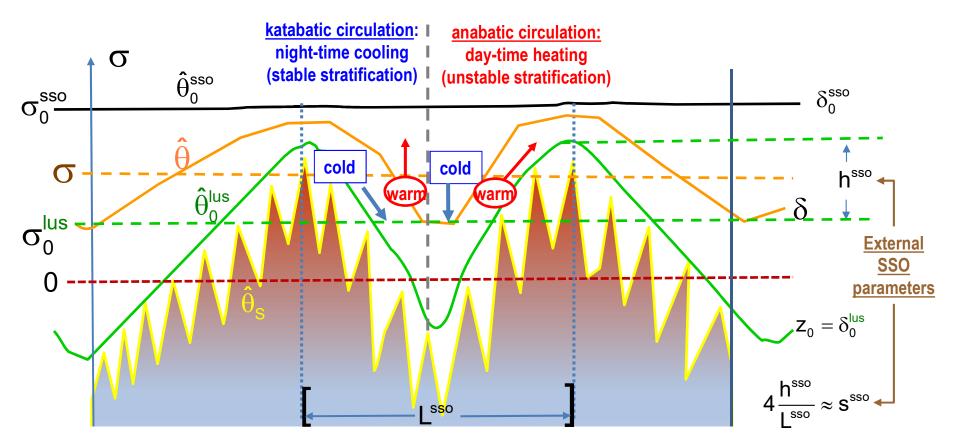
## **Current topic:**



- ConSAT-development distributed over 3 code "branches"
  - I. <u>In recent ICON-branch 'mrprep'</u> (focus of <u>current</u> activity):
    - So far mainly related to the atm. subdomain ('turbdiff', 'turbtran' and interfaces): <u>Issue 1</u>
      - Thermal SSO effects (<u>TSSO</u>): SGS kata/anabatic circulations considered; <u>substitutes</u> old "circulation term" [completely revised version]
      - Tile-Variation mode of Land-use Roughness (<u>TVLR</u>): Additional surface R by change of Land-Use from tile to tile [new issue]
      - Surface-Layer Shear-Amplification (SLSA): Additional wind-shear in surface layer due to the impact of Non-Turbulent Circulations (NTC) [new issue]
      - Dynamical Surface Smoothing by Snow (DSSS): Snow-sinking of Land-use R
      - Consolidation of water budget [new issue]:
        - <u>Deposition fluxes</u> of liq.-water and ice-particles considered in 'terra'
        - Unphysical <u>upward non-grad. surf.-flux</u> of liq.-water at diffusion mode in quasi-conserved scalar variables (lexpcor=T) no longer possible
      - Major optimization, correction and cleaning of entire turbulence code: All new development as <u>switchable options</u>; <u>speed-up</u> of about 7% with oper. config.
    - Quite large interconnected development; <u>recently merged</u> with current ICON-master
      - Is being <u>absorbing</u> all the <u>remaining development</u> of the <u>other 2 branches</u>

- II. <u>In older ICON-branch 'mrsurf</u>' (currently <u>in</u>active):
  - More related to the non-atm. subdomain ('terra', 'turbtran' and interfaces): <u>Issue 2b</u>
    - Major 'terra' revision (incl. interfaces) with implicit treatm. of surface temperatures (IST)
      > various necessary adaptations and corrections around surface processes
    - Includes heat-equation of a fully implicit coupled ml<->sl fractional snow-cover above soil
      - > Prepared for new ml snow-hydrology, e.g. from 'snowpolino'
    - Solves significant numerical problem with oscillating surface temperatures
      Necessary prep. for a conceptually and numerically clean R-Cover impl. (s. III.)
    - $\circ~$  Abstains from the introduction of major additional physical content
      - > This ought to be introduced by an extension towards an R-Cover impl. (s. III.)
- III. In old private COSMO development version (currently inactive): Issue 2a
  - More related to the non-atm. Subdomain (mainly 'terra'):
    - Prototype of a R-Cover scheme (canopy treatment)
      - still <u>without</u> IST-development and <u>ignoring</u> snow at all
    - Large impact on evapo-transpiration
      - ➤ significant improvement of T2m and Td2m daily cycle with test case

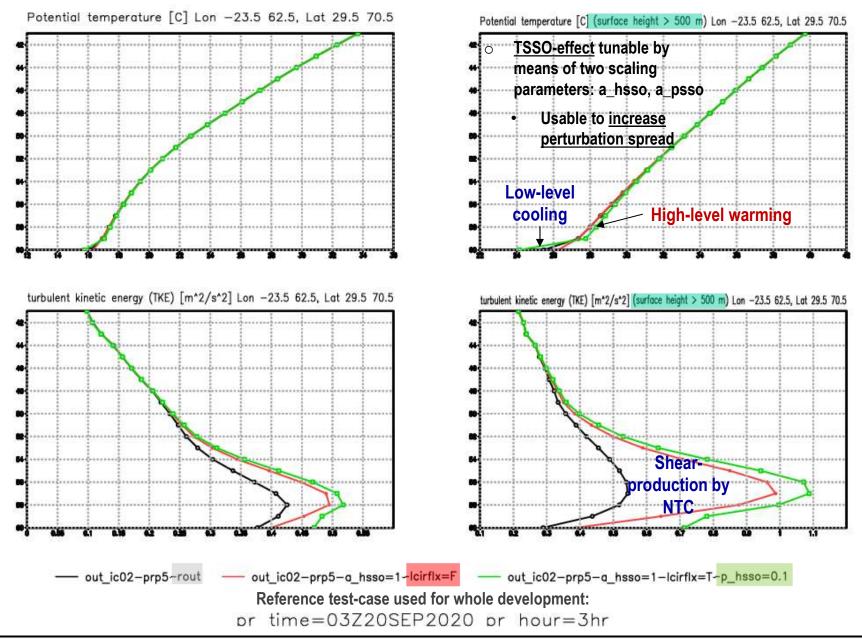
## About the Thermal effect of SSO (TSSO):

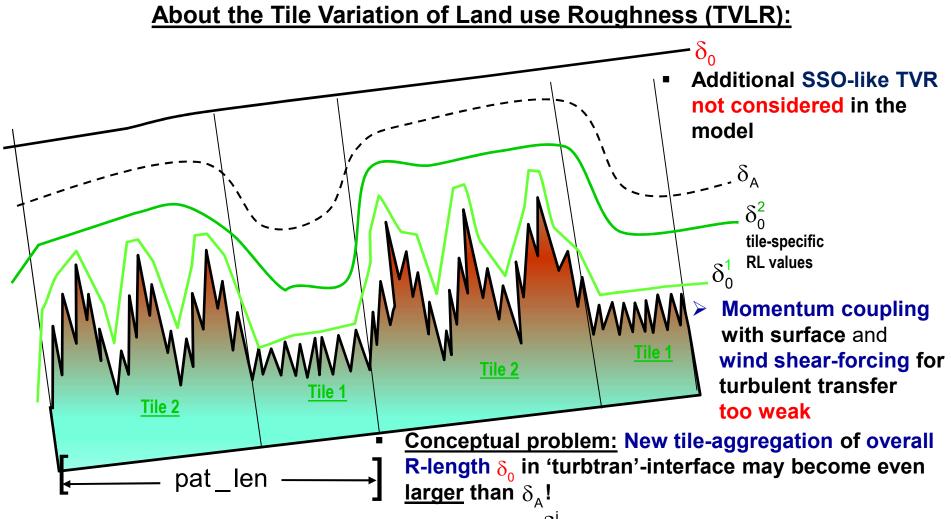


- STIC-approach for TKE-Production and the related <u>upward</u> heat flux by NTC:
  - Forcing L-scale pressure gradient based on estimated L-scale std. dev.  $|\Delta \theta_{v|_{L}}|$ along <u>horizontal</u> surfaces provides buoyant CKE-production, using h<sup>sso</sup> and s<sup>sso</sup>
    - > TKE-source by additional shear-forcing: increased <u>downward</u> turbulent heat flux

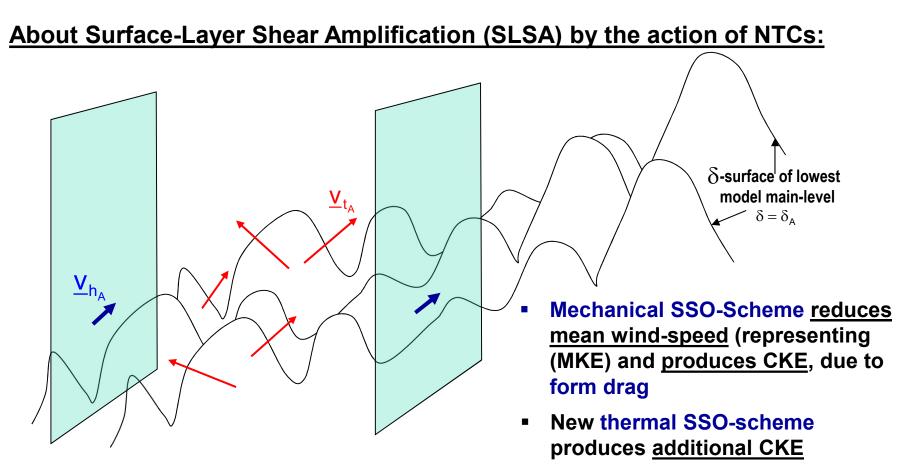
> Buoyant NTC heat-flux 
$$\overline{\rho}_{|_{L}} \hat{w}_{|_{L}}^{"} \hat{\theta}_{|_{L}}^{"}$$
: low-level cooling and high-level warming

#### Mean profiles with katabatic effect



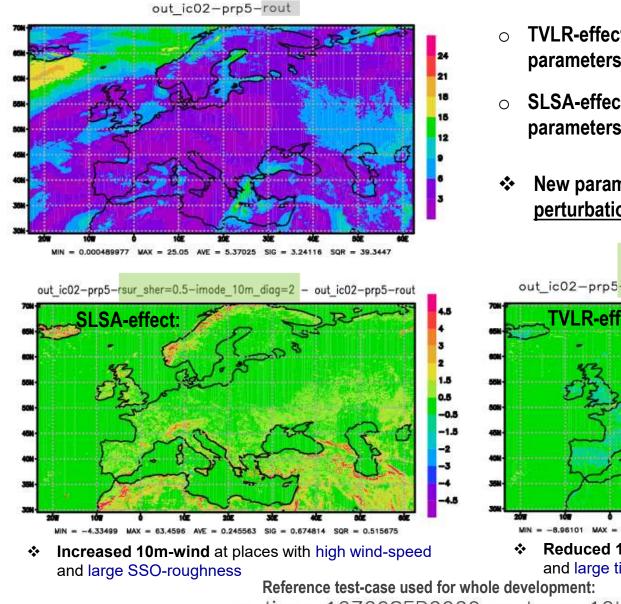


- > <u>Solution</u>: TMod in 'turbtran' <u>still applied at  $\delta_0^{l}$  for each tile i</u>, but with reduced transfer-resistance for momentum and accordingly more shear-forcing by applying <u>wind speed from an associated higher level</u>
- \* Required some substantial reformulation in ICON-turbtran

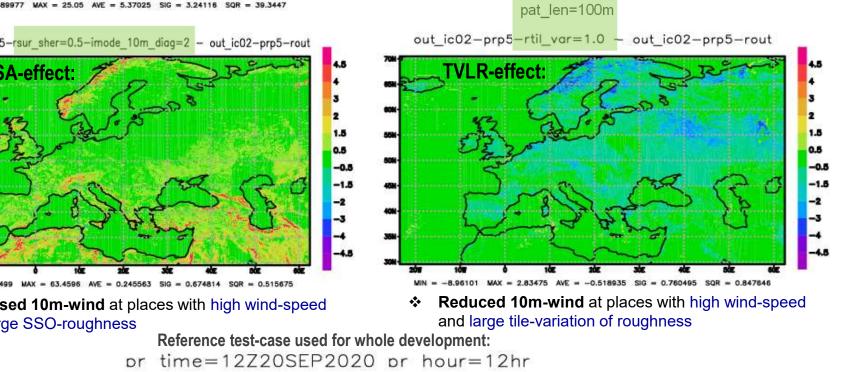


- ➤ Locally averaged, tangent non-turbulent wind-vector V<sub>t<sub>A</sub></sub> at the lowest model level (representing MKE + CKE) may be <u>much larger</u> than grid-scale averaged horizontal wind-vector V<sub>h<sub>A</sub></sub>.
  - > Driving wind shear for transfer scheme systematically underestimated!
- ★ SLSA-impact introduced into ICON-turbtran by estimation of  $v_{t_A} := |\underline{v}_{t_A}|$  and defining the transfer layer (between  $\delta = \delta_A$  and  $\delta = 0$ ) as a CFL for  $v_t$

# Horiz. wind speed at 10m [m/s]



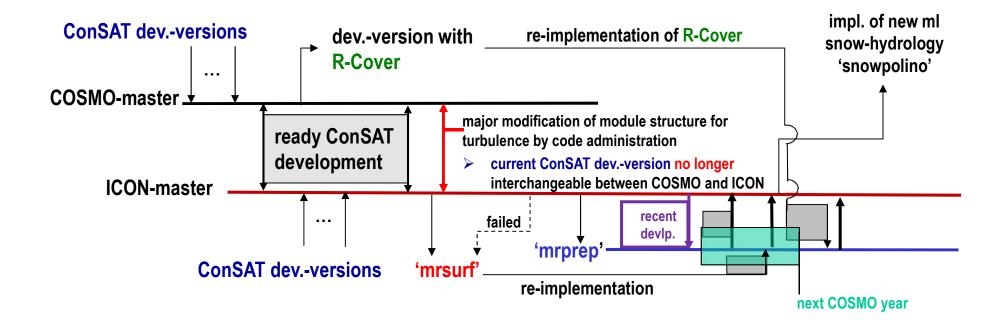
- TVLR-effect tunable by means of two scaling parameters: rtil var and pat len
- SLSA-effect tunable by means of the scaling parameters: rsur\_shr
- New parameters may be usable to increase perturbation spread!



## Next development steps:

- Extensive Testing and Tuning:
  - Buildbot-tests, adaptations after gate-keeper control, merge into 'master'
  - Getting 'mrprep' into 'master' as soon as possible
  - Estimation of optimal parameter configuration, verification and further revision
    - with particular consideration of new external SSO data
    - employing data from particular field experiments (TeamX)
- Some further related ConSAT development:
  - SAI-effect on turbulent fluxes (in 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> order eq.) for SSO-layer and grid-scale slopes
    - Sai-dep. closure parameters and turbulent distance  $\delta$  (as funct. of volume height  $\sigma$  )
    - Contribution to simulation at hector-metric resolution
  - $\circ~$  Consideration of full SGS diffusion by NTCs for all properties
  - 0 ...
- Related development (so far) apart from ConSAT:
  - Consideration of surface slopes by SSO or GS orography for radiation calculation

#### Previous and upcoming course of ConSAT-implementations:



And now, let's have a look at the anabatic winds in the Greek mountains!