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Snow mask inter-comparison

PT SAINT

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Inter-comparison of the snow mask generated by Snowpolino with those from other products.



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- **km-scale resolution** (20m to 4 km) snow masks for a spatial domain covering Switzerland over **winter 2018/2019**
- Qualitative comparison video of the snow cover evolution
- Quantitative comparison
 - evolution of the number of snow covered pixels
 - Contingency tables
 - Accuracy plot

Snow mask products

		Snowpolino	OSHD (SLF)	Exolab	COSMO-1 analysis
Base	d on	Snow- hydrological model	Snow-hydrological model + Data assimilation (from IMIS measuring network)	Polar orbiting satellites	Meteosat (geostationary satellites)
Resolution		1 km	1 km	20 m	4 km
Provided quantity		Snow depth (HS)	Snow depth (HS)	Snow cover probability (P) 0 = confidently snow free 255 = confidently snow covered	Snow depth (HS)
Snow mask	Snow	HS > 0	HS > 0	P > 127	HS > 0
	No snow	HS <=0	HS <=0	P <=127	HS <=0

Qualitative comparison - Video

2018-10-01















Measurement of the similarity between the snow masks generated by 2 different products.



Quantitative results Contingency tables

Measurement of the similarity between the snow masks generated by 2 different products.

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The higher the score in the diagonal cells, the greater the similarity between the snow masks.



Quantitative results Contingency tables

Measurement of the similarity between the snow masks generated by 2 different products.

Definition: Accuracy between 2 products

ota =	a+p+c+q			
Accura x 100 for i	cy = (a+d)/To ^{result} in %)	tal	Product 2	
			No Snow	Snow
	Dreduct 4	No Snow	а	b
	Product	Snow	С	d

Quantitative results Contingency tables

Measurement of the similarity between the snow masks generated by 2 different products.

Definition: **Accuracy** between 2 products

Total = a+0+0+dAccuracy = (a+d)/Total
(x 100 for result in %)Product 2Accuracy = 100 %No SnowSnowNo Snowa0Product 1No SnowaSnow0d

Contingency tables - averaged over winter 2018/2019



Score [%]





























• Promising results: quite good agreement especially with SLF's state-of-the-art model.

- Major issues:
 - Overestimation of the snow cover extent.
 - Too many snow covered pixels toward the end of the season.

Hypothese - extended shallow snowpack



Overestimation of the snow cover extent is due to a very thin layer of snow in low altitude regions

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to verify this assumption the **threshold for snow/no snow** classification to produce the snow mask from Snowpolino was **changed to 5 cm**



Evolution of the number of snow covered pixels

threshold = 0 *cm*





Evolution of the number of snow covered pixels

threshold = 5 cm





Evolution of the accuracy between the different snow masks

threshold = 0 cm



Evolution of the accuracy between the different snow masks

threshold = 5 cm











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Hopefully, the shallow snow cover issue will be solved once Snowpolino runs within COSMO as it will be coupled to the land surface model, TERRA. (ie. heat equation solved through the entire snow/soil column)





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- Results can be significantly improved if we managed to tune Snowpolino in such a way that it removes this layer of a couple of cm.
- Add snow/soil interaction in Snowpolino standalone version (coupling with TERRA standalone).