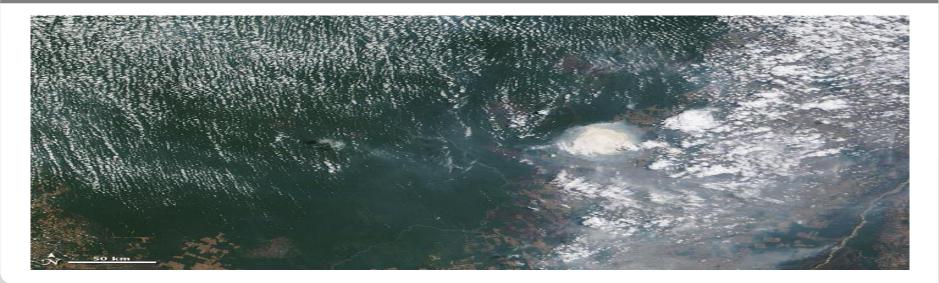


COSMO-ART

Status - Development - Application

Aerosols and Climate Processes, Institute for Meteorology and Climate Research - Troposphere



KIT – University of the State of Baden-Wuerttemberg and National Research Center of the Helmholtz Association

www.kit.edu

Why aerosols in operational forecasts?



Accidental releases

Health issues

Visibility

Flight safety (including icing)

Renewable energy (radiation and icing)

Hydrology and high impact weather





http://library.wmo.int/pmb_ged/wmo_1156_en.pdf



Symposium on

Coupled chemistrymeteorology/climate modelling:

Status and relevance for numerical weather prediction, air quality and climate research.

9-11 February 2015 at the World Meteorological Organization (WMO), Geneva, Switzerland

http://eumetchem.info/

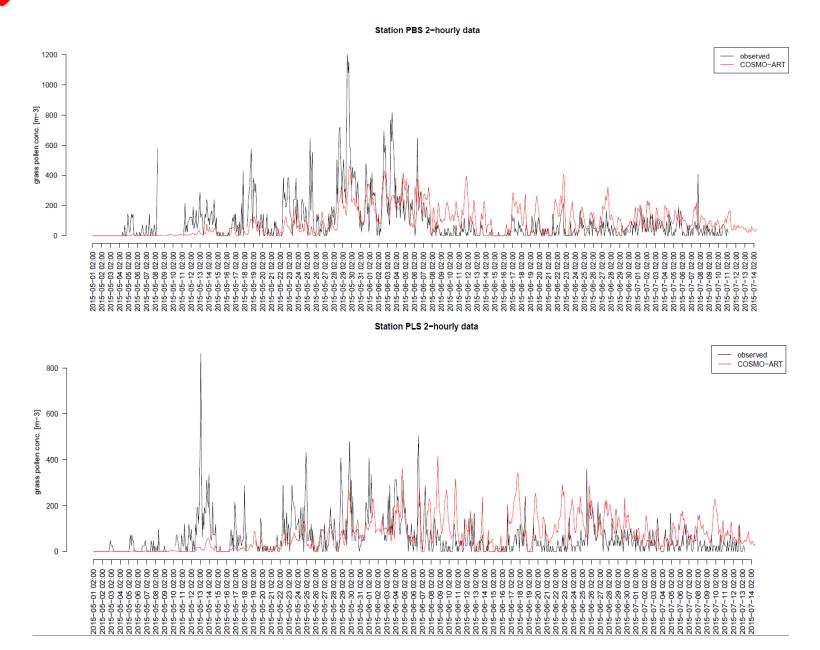


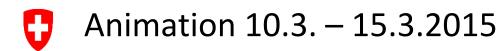


World Meteorological Organization

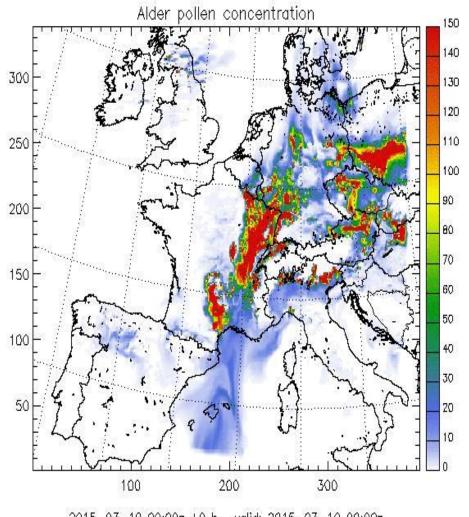
Gräserpollensaison 2015 (Basel, Lausanne)

A. Pauling





A. Pauling



2015-03-10 00:00z +0 h valid: 2015-03-10 00:00z









Investigation of direct radiative effects of aerosols due to changes in domestic heating fuel

Orestis Speyer, Eleni Athanasopoulou, Evangelos Gerasopoulos, **Dominik Brunner** Heike Vogel and Bernhard Vogel "Winter nighttime spikes of PM_{2.5} were up to **200-300 μg m⁻³**

Institute of Environmental Resea of Athens (IERSD/NOA), Greed Technology (EMPA), Switz Meteorolog

in Athens and Patras, Greece. Wood burning in fireplaces "Over the last 5years the increase on the price of fuel oil was ca. 40-60%" Sarigiannis et al., 2014

was responsible for these high levels by ca. 80-90%"

Greek Newspaper 'Ta Nea', 2014

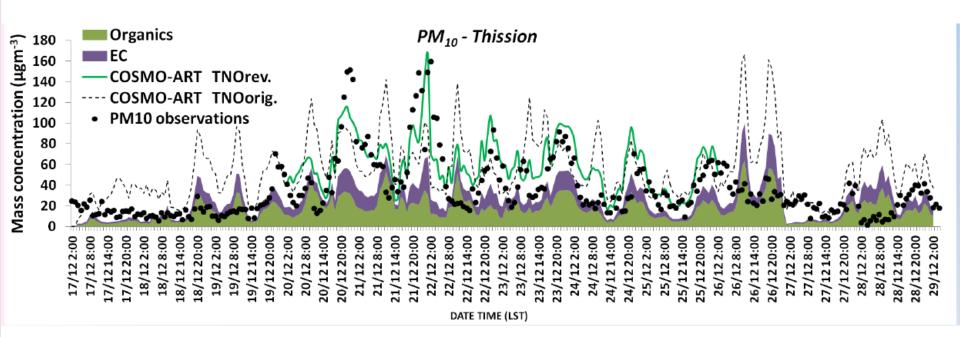
Residents in southern Europe started burning wood as a primary form of domestic heating. Borrego et al., 2010; Saffari et al., 2013; Paraskevopoulou et al., 2014

Geneva - February 23, 2015

COSMO-ART vs. measurements

http://apcg.meteo.noa.gr

APCG



Speyer: Investigation of direct radiative effects of aerosols due to changes in domestic heating fuel

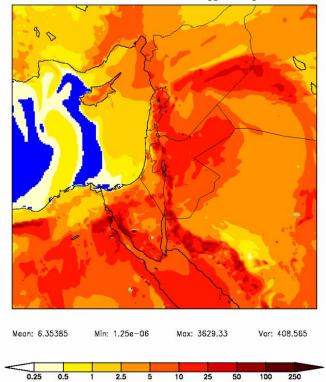
Dust obove Israel

J. Förstner

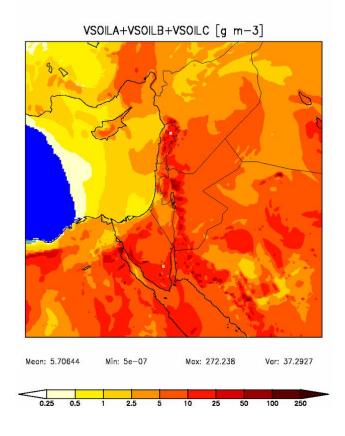


8 Sept. 2015, 12 UTC

VSOILA+VSOILB+VSOILC [g m-3]



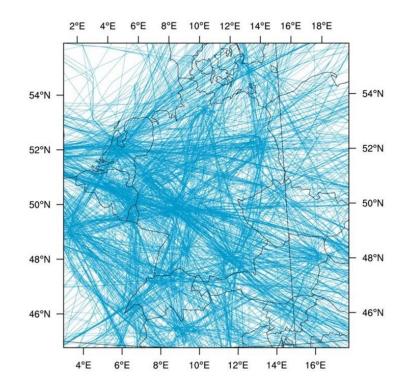
9 Sept. 2015, 12 UTC



Contrails

Flight tracks, 2013/12/03 08-16 UTC





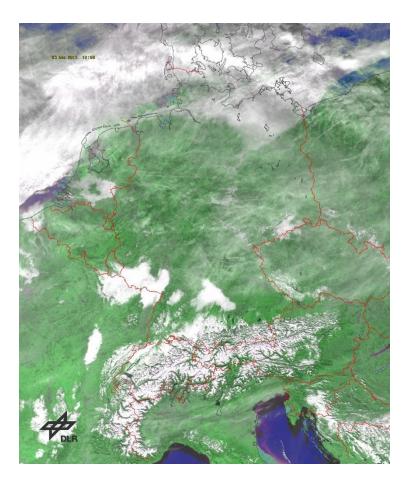


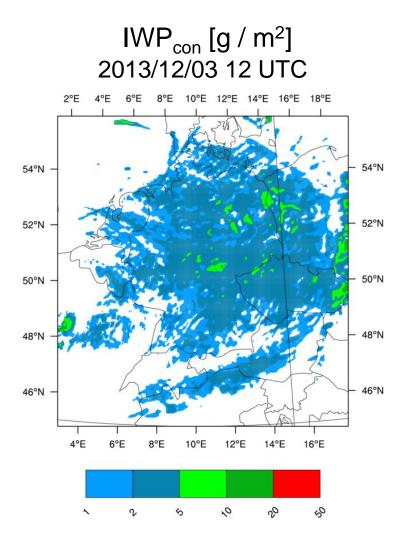
Helmholtz-Zentrum Geesthacht

SKIT

Contrails and Contrail-Cirrus

S. Gruber



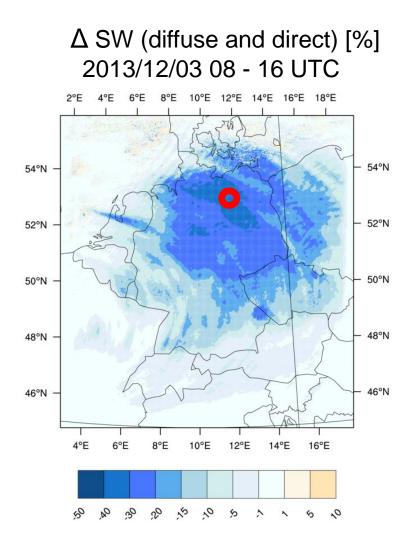




Helmholtz-Zentrum Geesthacht

T

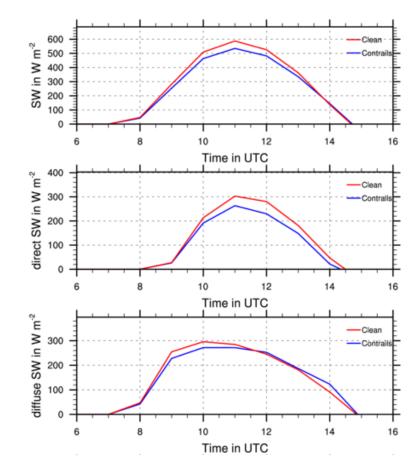
Changes of Incoming Solar Radiation, PV Power



Helmholtz-Zentrum Geesthacht

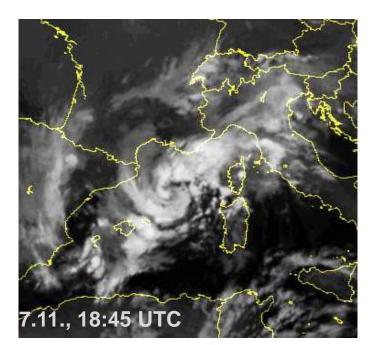
<u> N</u>KIT

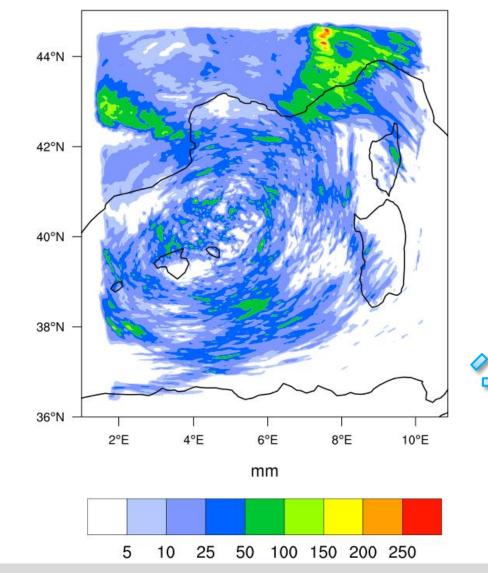




Feedback of a Medicane with sea salt





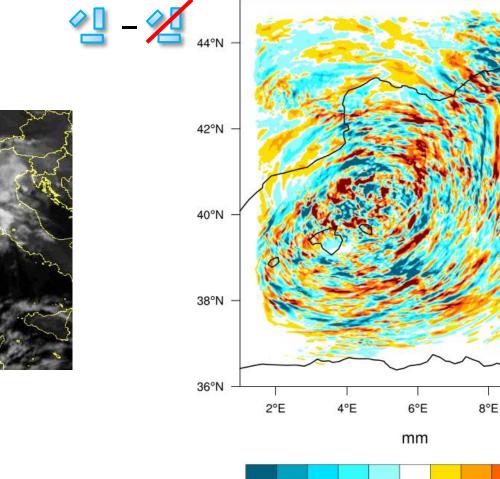


I. Kraut

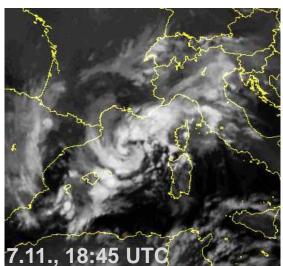
COSMO-ART

Aerosols and Climate Processes, Institute of Meteorology and Climate Research

Sea salt effect on precipitation (6.-7.11.11)





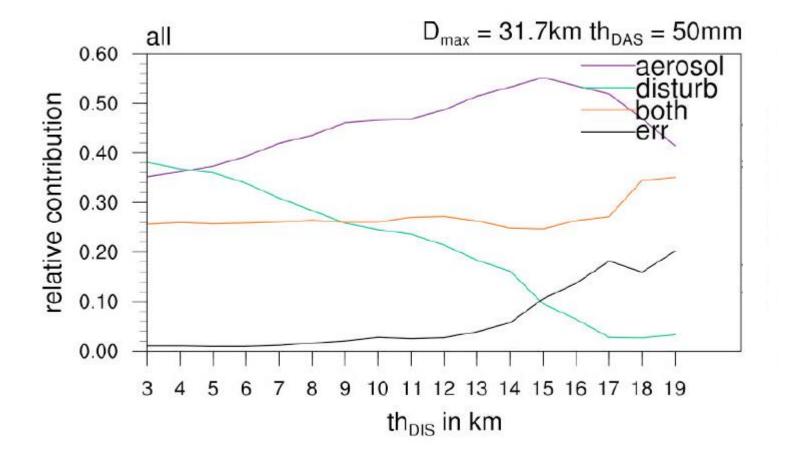


Aerosols and Climate Processes, Institute of Meteorology and Climate Research

10°E

Combination of DAS and factorial method



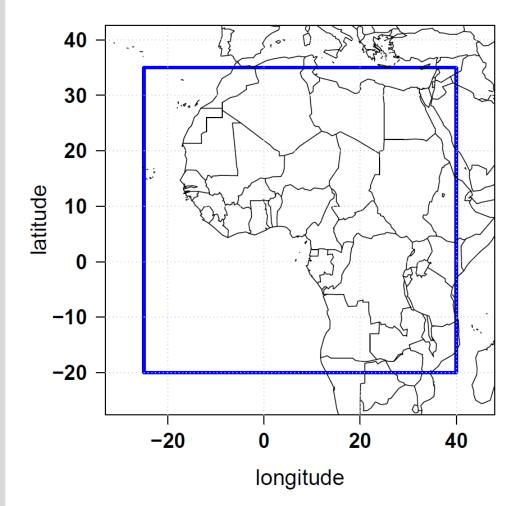


COSMO-ART

Aerosols and Climate Processes, Institute of Meteorology and Climate Research

Simulation setup





Grid mesh size: 0.25° (~28 km)

Forecast time: 57h

Met. boundary conditions: ICON DWD forecasts (R03B07)

Chemistry boundary conditions: MOZART-4/GEOS-5

Fire emissions: GFASv1.2 NRT

Anthropogenic emissions: EDGAR HTAP_V2 2010

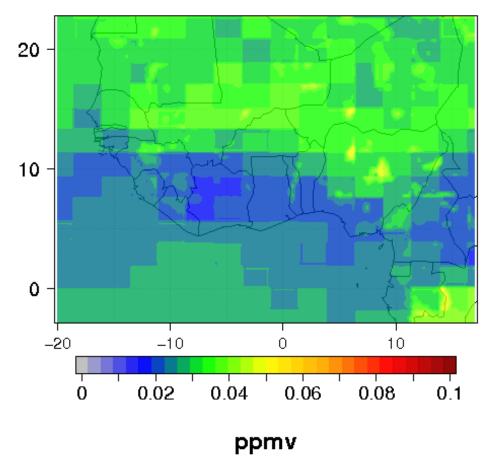
Chemistry/aerosol initialization: with COSMO-ART from previous simulation

Ozone (ppmv) in lowest model level



COSMO-ART simulation with 0.0446° (~5km) grid mesh size

OZONE - 01.06.2014 00 UTC



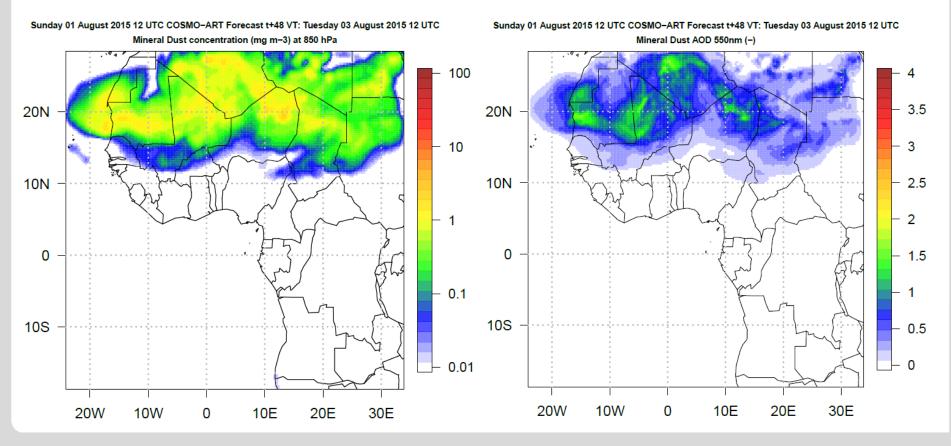
Forecast results: Mineral dust



Base time: Aug 1, 2015 (12 UTC), valid time: Aug 3, 2015 (12 UTC)

Mineral dust mass concentration (mg m⁻³) at 850 hPa

Mineral dust AOD 550nm

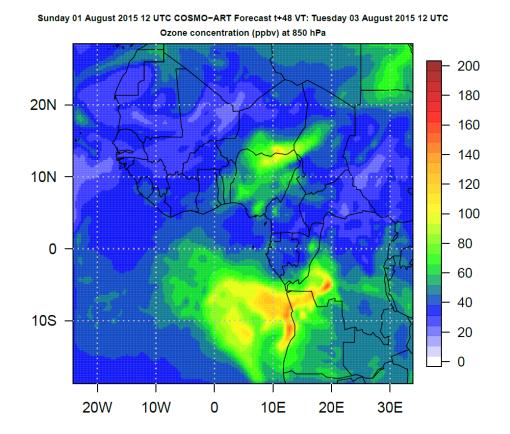


Forecast results: Ozone



Base time: Aug 1, 2015 (12 UTC), valid time: Aug 3, 2015 (12 UTC)

Ozone volume mixing ratio (ppbv) at 850 hPa

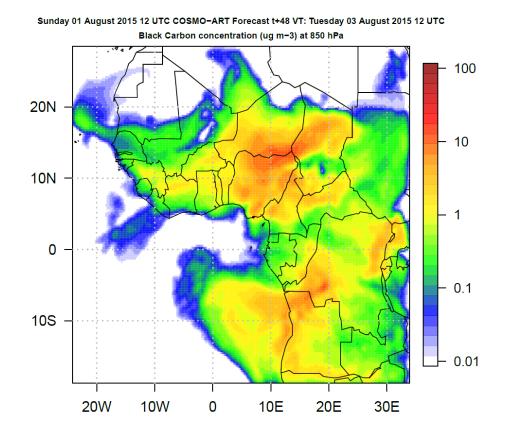


Forecast results: Black Carbon



Base time: Aug 1, 2015 (12 UTC), valid time: Aug 3, 2015 (12 UTC)

Black carbon mass concentration (µg m⁻³) at 850 hPa



Status of ICON-ART





ICON-ART Team: Bernhard Vogel¹ Ingeborg Bischoff-Gauss⁴ Philipp Gasch¹ Jochen Förstner³ Daniel Rieger¹ Roland Ruhnke² Jennifer Schröter² Christian Stassen² Heike Vogel¹ Carolin Walter¹ Michael Weimer²

> ¹IMK-TRO ²IMK-ASF ³DWD ⁴SCC



Geosci. Model Dev., 8, 1659–1676, 2015 www.geosci-model-dev.net/8/1659/2015/ doi:10.5194/gmd-8-1659-2015 © Author(s) 2015. CC Attribution 3.0 License.





ICON–ART 1.0 – a new online-coupled model system from the global to regional scale

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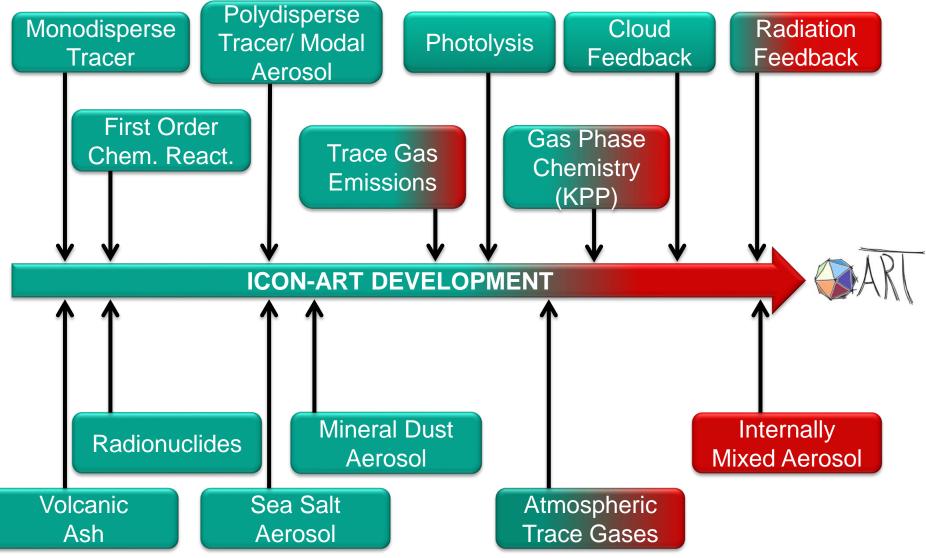
 ¹Institute of Meteorology and Climate Research, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Hermann-von-Helmholtz-Platz 1, 76344 Eggenstein-Leopoldshafen, Germany
²Deutscher Wetterdienst, Frankfurter Str. 135, 63067 Offenbach, Germany
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Received: 19 December 2014 – Published in Geosci. Model Dev. Discuss.: 27 January 2015 Revised: 21 April 2015 – Accepted: 7 May 2015 – Published: 4 June 2015

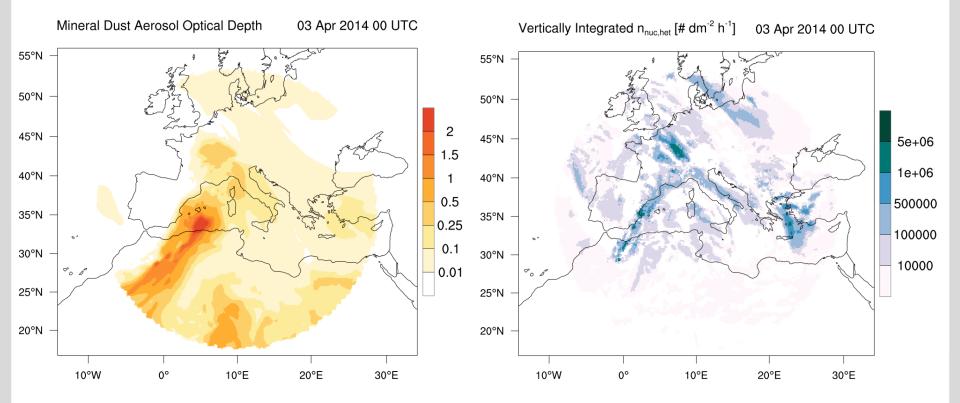
Development Status





Aerosol-Cloud-Interactions: First Tests





ICON-ART – Current Developments



Emission data from the MEGAN-Photolysis rates are calculated with Fast-JX (Bian and Prather, J. Atmos. MACC project distributed via the Emission database: ECCAD Chem., 2002) (Emissions of atmospheric **Compounds & Compilation of Ancillary** Data) Acetone tracer with biogenic emissions Photolysis rate of NO2 of the project MEGAN-MACC at model level 84 (~500 m above surface) model level 88 (~100 m above surface) 2012/01/19 00-00-00 2008-06-01T01.00.00 0.005 0.025 0.010.015 0.02M. Weimer. Master Thesis J. Schröter, Ph.D. Thesis

Aerosols in operational forecasts



Pollen grains:	health issues
Volcanic ash:	aviation
Mineral dust:	visibility
Vegetation fires:	health, aviation
Sea salt, mineral dust:	cloud formation
Primary and secondary aerosols:	
visibility, fog, icing, flooding, …	