



Aspects concerning PP CORSO tasks 1 and 2

http://cosmo-model.org/content/tasks/priorityProjects/corso/default.htm http://cosmo-model.org/content/tasks/achievements/default.htm

G.Rivin, I. Rozinkina Hydrometeorological Research Center of Russia



COSMO Priority Project CORSO: Consolidation of Operation and Research results for the Sochi Olympic Games



PP CORSO is considered as COSMO contribution into WMO project FROST-2014 (Forecast and Research in the Olympic Sochi Testbed)

The main goal:

to enhance and demonstrate the capabilities of COSMObased systems of short-range numerical weather prediction in winter conditions for mountainous terrain and to assess the effect of practical use of this information during SOCHI-2014 Olympic Games

Participants: Germany, Italy, Switzerland, Greece and Russia.





MAIN DIFFICULTIES OF SOCHI METEOROLOGICAL SUPPORT and of PP CORSO

1. Complex geographical conditions

- (high mountains near the subtropical Black Sea coast):
- Strong temperature gradients and inhomogeneity
- Powerful influence of high mountains on synoptic processes
- Sport venues were close to the snow boundary
- The local weather on the venues was strongly governed by local orography Coastal cluster (Sochi) Mountain cluster (near Biathlon Stadium)



End of Jan 2013



2. Low observational network density.

12.10.2014



Timelines of PP CORSO



Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3		
2011 / 2012	2012 / 2013	2013 / 2014		
 Choice of strategy Proposals for development and modification of algorithms Preliminary tests 	 Tests Pre- operational running Feed-back from forecasters All algorithms must based the previous exponenties (incl. know-liforecasting) 	 Tuning implementation Operational runs Analysis of results 		



PP CORSO: EXPERT MEETINGS

Expert meetings were a very important part of PP CORSO!

ARPA-SIMC, 5-10 December 2011 Italy, Bologna

Tasks 1 and 3

Italy: T. Paccagnella, A.Montani, C.Marsigli, D.Cesari, M.-S.Tesini.

Russia: G.Rivin, E.Astakhova, A.Scherbakov.

DWD, 2-6 July 2012 Germany, Offenbach on Main

Task 1 Germany: D.Majewski, C.Schraff, J.Foerstner. Russia: G.Rivin, D.Blinov.

DWD, 5-10 December 2013 Germany, Offenbach on Main

Task 1 Germany: D.Majewski, J. Helmert. Russia: I.Rozinkina, M.Shatunova

MeteoSwiss: 12-16 December 2011 Switzerland, Zurich-Geneva - Planning and optimizing PP CORSO - Tasks 1 and 2 Switzerland: More than 15 participants, responsible: Ph. Steiner. M.Arpagaus, P. Eckert Russia: G.Rivin, I.Rozinkina

An example of the expert meeting agenda

Monda	y 12 December 2011, MeteoSwiss Zurich							
Time	Title	Who			Place			
09:00	COSMO-1: Numerics (Prototype configuration and Code-Improvements for stability)	Guy o Аграз	le Morsie jaus	er, Marco	507			
11:00	COSMO-1: Physics	Marco Arpagaus, Oliver 507 Fuhre Tuesday 13 December 2011, MeteoSwise Zurich						
12:30	Lunch		Time	Tite			Who	Place
13:30	COSMO-1: synchronization of the developments at Roshydromet and MeteoSwiss	Marci 09:00 CORSO project plan (2 ^{nt} part) Stein		Marco Arpagaus, Philippe Steiner	507			
			11:00	Postprocessing		Vanessa Stauch	Ackermannstrasse	
14:30	Snow map derived from satellites	Nand	Nand 12:00 Lunch					
		(even Better analy	13:00	Kalman Filter for COSMO (Kalman modul computing the coefficients / Fieldextra part applying them)		Vanessa Stauch	Ackermannstrasse	
16:30	CORSO project plan, mainly task 2	Marco Stein	14:00	Use of COSI	NO-ART		Philippe Steiner, Pirmin Kaufmann	507
18:30	End		15:00	Additional qu	estions of Roshydron	net	Marco Arpagaus, Philippe Steiner, ?	507





PP CORSO (Project Leaders: G.Rivin, I.Rozinkina (Roshydromet)

TASK 1. High resolution COSMO-modeling for mountainous regions (TL G. Rivin)

- 1.1. Improvement of modeling technology of deterministic forecasting of weather conditions with resolution 2.2.km for the North-Caucasian area (SOCHI-2014) (FDP)
- **1.2.** Development of COSMO-So-1km (RDP)

TASK 2. Downscaling / postprocessing for Sochi area and applications (TL I.Rozinkina)

2.1. Adapted down-scaling techniques for winter conditions in the mountains and IOC requirements (FDP)2.2. Determination of typical COSMO-model inaccuracies for typical synoptic situations (RDP)

TASK 3. Development and adaptation of COSMO EPSs for Sochi region TLs E. Astakhova, A. Montani

- **3.1.** Adaptation of COSMO LEPS 7 km to the Sochi region and to specific requirements of winter Olympics. Operational ensemble forecasts during the Trials and Olympics (FDP)
- 3.2. Development and verification of COSMO-RU-LEPS 2.2 km for the Sochi region (with ICs and BCs from SOCHMEL7) (RDP)



PP CORSO PARTICIPANTS

Task 1High resolution COSMO-modeling for mountainous regions
Russia:Russia:G. Rivin, Yu. Alferov, D. Blinov, M. Chumakov,
E. Kazakova, A. Kirsanov, M.Nikitin,
V. Perov, A. Revokatova,
I. Rozinkina, M. ShatunovaGermany:D. Majewski, J. Foersner, J. Helmert, M.Baldauf
Switzerland: G. de Morsier, M. Arpagaus, P. Steiner

Task 2Downscaling / postprocessing for Sochi area and applications
Russia:I. Rozinkina, D. Blinov, A. Bundel, E. Kazakova,
A. Kirsanov, V.Kopeikin, A. Muravev, G. Rivin,
M. ZaichenkoSwitzerland:P. Eckert, J-M. Bettems
Greece:Greece:E. Avgoustoglou, A. Voudouri

Task 3Development and adaptation of COSMO EPS for Sochi region
Russia:
Italy:E. Astakhova, D. Alferov, G. Rivin
A. Montani, C. Marsigli, T. Paccagnella





Task 1

High resolution COSMO-modeling for mountainous regions

2.5 FTE / Year

CORSO: WG4, Eretria, 8.09.2014





Improvement of technology of deterministic forecasting of weather conditions with resolution 2.2.km for the North-Caucasian area (SOCHI-2014), (including the operational support)" (1,5 FTE)

DAS – activities (0,8 FTE)

- The new version of COSMO-Ru7/2 operational technology including the nudgingassimilation was developed for Caucasian region. The analysis of skill of forecasts of T2m showed the essential improving of model's results for the first 3-6 hours for the version with nudging-assimilation and non efficient differences for other parameters in comparison with technology with starts from GME initial data.
- The realization of continuous model runs based on continuous assimilation cycles has allowed organizing the optimal time of starts of operational runs of COSMO-Ru1, nested into COSMO-Ru7/2, adapted to the timetable of work of Olympic Organizing Committee.
- RDP: The module of correction of initial values of T of the low model levels and of soil based on the T2m observations was realized and tested. After the coupling with COSMO-Ru domestic research version it was detected the more realistic results for the forecasts of vertical profiles of temperature during all period of short-range forecasts and the little decreasing of the model's precipitations. The module is ready for coupling with operational technology and for nudging-cycles, but needs the further testing for more large statistics of forecasts for different synoptic situations and seasons.

 12.10.2014
 CORSO: WG4, Eretria, 8.09.2014
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Improvement of technology of deterministic forecasting of weather conditions with resolution 2.2.km for the North-Caucasian area (SOCHI-2014), (including the operational support)" (1,5 FTE) Snow-activities (0,7 FTE)

- The calculations of accumulated snow WE by 1-D proposed modeling algorithms based the operational measurement data was realized for some stations of Sochi area. The results seem be realistic. However the hot weather during the largest part of Olympics provides to use the artificial snow on the venues and have reduced the relevance of results of these calculations for Olympics.
- The technology of modeling of accumulated snow WE for initial fields for COSMO-Ru was tested for the different weather conditions of Russia and showed that the coupling with operational technologies of COSMO is useful. This seems to be the main result of planned new PT SNOWE.
- The technology of initial fields of snow water equivalent and snow density for COSMO-Ru is still under development. Results for 2014 are presented in COSMO Newsletter (Kazakova E., Chumakov M., Rozinkina I. Initial fields of snow cover characteristics preparation for COSMO-Ru // COSMO Newsletter No.14, 2014, pp.37-42). 2 10 2014





Improvement of technology of deterministic forecasting of weather conditions with resolution 2.2.km for the North-Caucasian area (SOCHI-2014), (including the operational support)" (1,5 FTE)

Snow-activities (0,7 FTE) (end)

- RDP: The experiments with COSMO-Ru2 runs for Caucasian region have showed that the high- resolution correction of initial snow mask for the mountain area with use of satellite- data (250 m resolution) improve the T2m till 5-7°C for the free-snow valleys. The available data with resolution 4 km have not the so great effect.
- RDP: The TERRA codes were adapted with respect to partial snow cover. It was detected the stable improvement of forecasts of T2m in case of artificial model decreasing of snow covering. The some modifications were included in the domestic version COSMO-Ru. The preparing of final version of modifications needs more numerical experiments and additional tests.





Development of COSMO-So-1km" (1.0 FTE)

- Version of the COSMO model with horizontal resolution 1.1 km, named COSMO-Ru1, was installed on clusterbased architecture Tornado in Roshydromet.
- The experiments demonstrated also the capability COSMO-Ru1 to produce satisfactory forecast with leadtime till 36 hours.
- From January, 29, 2014 COSMO-Ru1 runs in operational mode 4 times per day.
- COSMO-Ru1 forecast were used by forecasters along with COSMO-Ru2 during SOCHI-2014 Olympic Games





Task 2

Downscaling / post-processing for Sochi area and applications

1.5 FTE / Year

CORSO: WG4, Eretria, 8.09.2014



Subtask 2.1



Adapted downscaling techniques for mountain winter conditions and IOC requirements (0.6 FTE)

- The calculations of fresh-snow depth were included in the operational technology and were available for forecasters from meteograms and form charts. The algorithm was included into FieldExtra
- The operational technology for down-scaling corrections of forecasts for points of venues based the forecasts of lapse rate + the KF statistics was realized. Results of tests for the forecasts archives was received
- In meteograms were included the new columns and lines: for fresh snow depth and for corrected T2m
- During the Olympics some in-situ trainings and Guidelinesrecommendations for forecasters for specifics of interpretation of mesoscale products were performed.



Subtask 2.2



Determination of typical COSMO-model inaccuracies for typical climatologic /synoptic situations (0.6 FTE)

- Traditional verification of COSMO-RU7, COSMO-RU2, and COSMO-RU1 was performed using VERSUS, FROST online verification tool, and internal software.
- Traditional scores show general prevalence of COSMO-RU2. However, analysis of case studies shows that COSMO-RU1 can predict better intense precipitation and relative humidity. Wind speed is also better predicted by COSMO-RU1.
- Weather type classification was developed for the Sochi region. However, it was found difficult to calibrate the model forecasts depending on weather types because of the lack of data (only two seasons of measurements).





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<u>THANKS!</u> QUISTIONS?

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